KAILASH CHAND JAIN & CO. Chartered Accountants 819, Laxmi Deep Building, Laxmi Nagar District Center, New Delhi-110092. SCV & CO. LLP.
Chartered Accountants
B-41, Panchsheel Enclave,
New Delhi- 110017.

New Dell

Independent Auditor's Review Report on the Unaudited Standalone Financial Results for the quarter and half year ended 30th September 2024 of REC Limited pursuant to the Regulation 33 and Regulation 52 read with Regulation 63(2) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended.

The Board of Directors,
REC Limited
Core-IV, SCOPE Complex,
7, Lodi Road,
New Delhi – 110003

- We have reviewed the accompanying Statement of unaudited standalone financial results of REC Limited ("the Company") for the quarter and half year ended 30th September 2024 ("the Statement"), being submitted by the Company pursuant to the requirement of Regulation 33 and Regulation 52 read with Regulation 63(2) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended ("Listing Regulations").
- 2. This Statement, which is the responsibility of the Company's Management and approved by the Company's Board of Directors, has been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in the Indian Accounting Standard 34 'Interim Financial Reporting' ("Ind AS 34"), prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act") and read with relevant rules issued thereunder and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. Our responsibility is to issue a conclusion on the Statement based on our review.



- 3. We conducted our review of the Statement in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements (SRE) 2410 "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity", issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. This standard requires that we plan and perform the review to obtain moderate assurance as to whether the Statement is free of material misstatement. A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with standards on auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.
- 4. Based on our review conducted as stated in paragraph 3 above, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying Statement of unaudited standalone financial results, prepared in accordance with recognition and measurement principles laid down in the applicable Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') specified under Section 133 of the Act, as amended, read with relevant rules issued thereunder and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, has not disclosed the information required to be disclosed in terms of Regulation 33 and Regulation 52 read with Regulation 63(2) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended, including the manner in which it is to be disclosed, or that it contains any material misstatement.

Chand Jai

Delhi-92

red Acco

For M/s Kailash Chand Jain & Co.

Chartered Accountants,

ICAI Firm Registration: 112318W

For M/s SCV & Co. LLP.

Chartered Accountants,

ICAI Firm Registration:000235N/N500089

Name - Saurabh Chouhan

Designation: Partner

Membership Number: 167453 UDIN: 24167453BKBGEC1763 Name - Abhinav Khosla

Designation: Partner

Membership Number: 087010 UDIN: 24087010BKBOGV2276

Place: Delhi

Date: October 26, 2024

KAILASH CHAND JAIN & CO. Chartered Accountants 819, Laxmi Deep Building, Laxmi Nagar District Center, New Delhi-110092. SCV & CO. LLP.
Chartered Accountants
B-41, Panchsheel Enclave,
New Delhi- 110017.

Independent Auditor's Review Report on the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Results for the quarter and half year ended 30th September 2024 of REC Limited pursuant to the Regulation 33 and Regulation 52 read with Regulation 63(2) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended.

The Board of Directors,
REC Limited
Core-IV, SCOPE Complex,
7, Lodi Road,
New Delhi – 110003

- 1. We have reviewed the accompanying Statement of unaudited consolidated financial results of REC Limited ("the Parent Company") and its subsidiary (the parent company and its subsidiary together referred to as "the Group") for the quarter and half year ended 30th September 2024 ("the Statement"), being submitted by the Parent Company pursuant to the requirement of Regulation 33 and Regulation 52 read with Regulation 63(2) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended ("Listing Regulations").
- 2. This Statement, which is the responsibility of the Parent Company's Management and approved by the Parent Company's Board of Directors, has been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in the Indian Accounting Standard 34 'Interim Financial Reporting' ("Ind AS 34"), prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act") and read with relevant rules issued thereunder and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the statements based on our review.





3. We conducted our review of the Statement in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements (SRE) 2410 "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity", issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. This standard requires that we plan and perform the review to obtain moderate assurance as to whether the Statement is free of material misstatement. A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with standards on auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

We also performed procedures in accordance with the Circular No. CIR/CFD/CMD1/44/2019 dated March 29, 2019 issued by the SEBI under Regulation 33(8) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015, as amended, to the extent applicable.

- 4. The statement includes result of following entities:
 - 1. Parent Company:

REC Limited

2. Subsidiary:

REC Power Development and Consultancy Limited

5. Based on our review conducted and procedures performed as stated in paragraph 3 above and based on the consideration of the review report of other auditor referred to in Paragraph 6 below, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying Statement of unaudited consolidated financial results, prepared in accordance with recognition and measurement principles laid down in the applicable Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') specified under Section 133 of the Act, as amended, read with relevant rules issued thereunder and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, has not disclosed the information required to be disclosed in terms of Regulation 33 and Regulation 52 read with Regulation 63(2) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended, including the manner in which it is to be disclosed, or that it contains any material misstatement.



Other matters

6. We did not review the interim financial results of the subsidiary included in the consolidated unaudited financial results, whose interim financial results reflect total assets of ₹886.52 crores and cash inflows(net) of ₹16.39 crores for the half year ended 30th September 2024, total revenue of ₹163.19 Crore and 219.72 crores, total net profit after tax of ₹83.22 crores & ₹100.96 crores and total comprehensive income of ₹83.22 crores & ₹100.96 crores for the quarter ended 30th September 2024 and half year ended 30th September 2024 respectively, as considered in the consolidated unaudited financial results. These interim financial results have been reviewed by other auditor whose Report has been furnished to us by the Management and our conclusion on the Statement, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of the subsidiary is based solely on the Report of the other auditor and the procedures performed by us as stated in paragraph 3 above.

Our conclusion on the statement is not modified in respect of this matter.

Chand Ja

Delhi-92

ered Accou

For M/s Kailash Chand Jain & Co.

Chartered Accountants,

ICAI Firm Registration: 112318W

For M/s SCV & Co. LLP.

Chartered Accountants,

ICAI Firm Registration:000235N/N500089

CO

New Dell

Name - Saurabh Chouhan

Designation: Partner

Membership Number: 167453

UDIN: 24167453BKBGED5354

Name - Abhinav Khosla

Designation: Partner

Membership Number: 087010 UDIN: 24087010BKBOGW6063

Place: Delhi

Date: October 26, 2024

REC Limited
Registered Office - Core-4, SCOPE Complex, 7, Lodhi Road, New Delhi - 110003, CIN: L40101DL1969G01005095 Statement of Unaudited Standalone Financial Results for the quarter and half year ended 30-09-2024

No.	Particulars		Quarter Ended		Period E	nded	(₹ in Cro Year Ended
		30-09-2024	30-06-2024	30-09-2023	30-09-2024	30-09-2023	31-03-2024
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
1	Income						
7	Interest income						
	i) Interest income on loan assets	13,186.89	12,500.37	11,213.22	25,687.26	21,678.26	45,658
	ii Other interest income	287.47	189.98	179.78	477.45	404.23	751
	Sub-total (A) - Interest Income	13,474.36	12,690.35	11,393.00	26,164.71	22,082.49	46,410
1	. 1	0.000,000		7.35.08.09.0	77.040.77.77.7	2-51-1-21-1-2	
6	Control of the Contro	51.50		24.21	51.50	24 21	29
6		48.26	46.91	54.64	95.17	90.53	2.16
(ii		(2.94)	286.05	104.09	283.11	354.28	474
	Sub-total (B) - Other Operating Income	96.82	332.96	182.94	429.78	469.02	736
(13,571.18	13,023.31	11,575.94	26,594.49		
		7727 7329		1714111111111111	45000000	22,551.51	47,146
t		24.52	13.75	14.22	38.27	19.28	67
-	Total income (C+D)	13,595.70	13,037.06	11,590.16	26,632.76	22,570.79	47,214
2	Expenses						
1		8,506.54	8,021.17	7,350.04	16,527.71	14,399.88	29,949
I		40.76	60.95	80.99	101.71	130.53	166
(The same statement of the same	4.41	4.73	6.29	9.14	9.27	24
1	Impairment on financial instruments	(144.10)	472.57	(760.38)	328.47	(702.37)	(1, 158
1	Employee benefits expenses	59.22	56.64	42.61	115.86	90.91	213
1	Depreviation and amortization	5.90	5.85	6.07	11.75	11.85	2.5
	Corporate social responsibility expenses	31.98	50.52	17.26	82.50	44.86	249
11	Other expenses	51.37	38.81	40.61	90.18	66.74	164
	Total expenses (A to H)	8,556.08	8,711.24	6,783.49	17,267.32	14,052.17	29,433
3	Profit before tax (1-2)	5,039.62	4,325.82	4,806.67	9,365.44	8,518.62	17,780
4	Tay expense	2,000,000		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	3,000.73	14,710.112	1.7,7500
, ,	Current tax						
	Current year	1,031.66	951.37	741.36	1,983.03	1,531.52	1.404
	TATALAN CARACTERS	1,051.00	931.37	741.50	1,963.03	1,331.32	1,293
	Earlier years	2.40	44 ans	202.44	WEEK	200	2.0
11	4 M 10 M 1	2.49	(68.00)	292.44	(65.51)	253.50	466
	Total tax expense (A+B)	1,034.15	883.37	1,033.80	1,917.52	1,785.02	3,761
5	Net profit for the period (3-4)	4,005.47	3,442.45	3,772.87	7,447.92	6,733.60	14,019
b	Other comprehensive Income/(Loss)						
(i)	[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[100000	23000000	7.000			
(4)		2.22	(0.39)	1.05	1.83	1.05	(0)
	Liv impact on above	(0.56)	0.10	(0.26)	(0.46)	(0.26)	0.
(b)	Changes in Fair Value of Equity Instruments measured at Fair Value	(2.21)	28.04	6.77	24.73	24.50	2400
	through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI)	(3.31)	20.04	0.77	24.73	34.5N	****
	Tay impact on above	0.27	(0.85)	(0.28)	(0.58)	(0.42)	(4)
	Sub-total (i)	(1.38)	26.90	7.28	25.52	34.95	90.7
(41)	Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss	(4.000.250	1175700000	100000	27250501	70000	.27402
(a)	[] 영향 경우 16 (14 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10						
,,,,,		(1,491.81)	2,770.14	(146.06)	1,278.33	1.09	(4,269.9
	hedges						
	Tax impact on above	375.46	(697.19)	(37.30)	(321.73)	(74.13)	822.9
(b)		(179.29)	(2,695.75)	830.54	(2,875.04)	890.22	4,544.1
	Tax impact on above	45.12	678.47	(239.07)	723.59	(254.09)	(1,143)
	Sub-total (ii)	(1,250.52)	55.67	408.11	(1,194.85)	562.89	953.5
	()ther comprehensive Income/(Loss) for the period (i+ii)	(1,251.90)	82.57	415.39	(1,169.33)	597.84	1,014
	Total comprehensive income for the period (5+6)	2,753.57	3,525.02	4,188.26	6,278.59	7,331.44	15,063.6
	l'aid up equity share capital (Face Value ₹10 per share)	2,633.22	2,633.22	2,633.22	2,633.22	2,633.22	2,633.2
	Other equity (as per audited balance sheet as at 31st March)						66,149
1	Basic & Diluted earnings per equity share of ₹ 10 each (in ₹)*						
A	For continuing operations (in ₹)	15.21	13.07	14.33	28.28	25.57	53.1
11	For discontinued operations (in ₹)				* 4		14,414
C	For continuing and discontinued operations (in ₹)	15.21	13.07	14.33	28.28	25.57	53.1







Notes to the Standalone financial results:

- 1 The above financial results of the Company were reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved and taken on record by the Board of Directors at their respective meetings held on 26th October, 2024. These results have been subject to limited review by the Statutory Auditors of the Company.
- 2 The financial results have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in Indian Accounting Standard (Ind-AS) 34 Interim Financial Reporting', notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended from time to time, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India.
- 3. Provisioning on loan assets is based on "Expected Credit Loss (ECL) methodology" under Ind-A5 norms, duly approved by the Board of Directors of the Company and upon the report provided by an independent agency appointed by the Company, which inter alia also considers ratings as issued/updated by Ministry of Power for Distribution Companies (DISCOMs). This is further reviewed by management overlavs in certain accounts wherever necessary considering the different factors. Details are as follows:

S. No.	Particulars As at 30.09.2024 As at 31.03.2024						(7 in Crores)
	Parameter Company	Stage 1 & 2	Stage 3	Total	Stage 1 & 2	Stage 3	Total
1.	Loan assets	5,32,292.86	13,824.10	5,46,116.96	4,95,560.62	13,810.33	5.09.370.95
2.	Impairment loss allowance (net of movements)*	3,705.47	9,002.53	12,708.00	2,926.72	9,453.80	12,380.52
	Provisioning Coverage (%) (2/1)	0.70%	65.12%	2.33%	0.59%	68.45%	2.43%

In addition, ₹ 24.03 crores as at 30th Sep 2024 (₹ 32.02 crores as at 31st March 2024) is maintained towards impairment allowance on Letter of Comfort.

- 4 The Company's operation comprise of only one business segment lending to power, logistic and infrastructure sector. Hence, there is no other reportable segment in terms of Indian. A counting Standard (Ind-AS) 108 "Operating Segments".
- 5 During the quarter, the Company has declared an interim dividend of ₹ 4 per equity share (on face value of ₹ 10/- each) and 08th November, 2024 has been fixed as Record Date for payment of Interim Dividend and the same will be paid on or before 22nd November, 2024.
- 6 The Company has not issued any redeemable preference shares till date.
- 7 The additional information as required under Regulation 52(4) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 is annexed as Annexure -A.
- 8 Pursuant to Regulation 54 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the secured listed non-convertible debt securities issued by the Company and Outstanding as at 30th September, 2024 are fully secured (1.35 times), sufficient to discharge the principal amount and the interest thereon at all times, by way of mortgage on certain immovable properties and/or charge on the loan assets of the Company, in terms of respective offer document/ information memorandum and/ or Debenture Trust Deed. Further, security cover for secured non-convertible debt securities (listed and unilsted) issued by the Company is 1.47 times as at 30th September, 2024. The Security Cover in the prescribed format has been annexed as Annexure-B.
- 9 The Company raises funds in different currencies through a mix of term loans from banks/ financial institutions/ Government agencies and issuance of non-convertible securities of different tenors through private placement. The issue proceeds have been fully utilized and there are no material deviation(s) from the stated objects in the offer document/ information memorandum of such non-convertible securities. The statement as prescribed under Regulation 52(7) & 52(7A) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 has been annexed as Annexure-C. Further, there has been no default as on 30th September, 2024 in the repayment of debt securities, borrowings and subordinated liabilities and the Company has met all its debt servicing obligations, whether principal or interest, during the period.
- 10 There are no cases of loans transferred/ acquired during the quarter ended 30th September, 2024 (previous quarter Nil) under Master Direction Reserve Bank of India (Transfer of Loan Exposures) Directions, 2021 dated 24th September 2021.
- 11 The disclosure in respect of related party transactions for the half year ended 30th September 2024 has been arrayed as Annexure-D.
- 12 The figures for the quarter ended 30th September 2024 and 30th September 2023 have been derived by deducting the year to date unaudited published figures for the period ended 30th June 2024 and 30th September 2023 respectively.
- 13 Previous period/ years' figures have been regrouped/ reclassified, wherever necessary, in order to make them comparable.

Place Delhi Date: 26th October 2024



For REC Limited

(Vivek Kumar Diwangan)

Chairman & Managing Director

DIN - 01377212



REC Limited
Registered Office - Core-4, SCOPE Complex, 7, Lodhi Road, New Delhi - 110003, CIN: L40101DL1969G01005095 Statement of Unaudited Consolidated Financial Results for the quarter and half year ended 30-09-2024

No.	Particulars		Quarter Ended		Period I	nded	Year Ended	
		30-09-2024	30-06-2024	30-09-2023	30-09-2024	30-09-2021	31-03-202	
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	
É	Income						1.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	
Λ	Interest Income	- 1		- 1				
(i	Interest income on loan assets	13,186.89	12,500.37	11,213.22	25,687.26	21,678.26	45.6	
(ii	Other interest income	297.93	195.12	186.17	493.05	413.05	7	
	Sub-total (A) - Interest Income	13,484.82	12,695.49	11,399.39	26,180.31	22,091.31	46,4	
H	Other Operating Income							
ti		0.52		0.81	0.52	0.81		
Gii	Fees and commission income	48.26	46.91	54.64	95.17	90.5.1	2	
	i) Net gam/ (loss) on fair value changes	(2.94)	286.05	104.09	283.11	354.28	- 1	
Giv		151.77	50.21	112.94	201.98	238.87	9	
	Sub-total (B) - Other Operating Income	197.61	383.17	272.48	580.78	684.49	1,0	
C		13,682.43	13,078.66	11,671.87	26,761.09	22,775.80	47,5	
D		23.88	13.78	13.02	37.66	17.23	****	
	Total income (C+D)	13,706.31	13,092.44	11,684.89	26,798.75	22,793.03	47,5	
	Expenses	15,700.51	15,072.33	11,001.03	20,730.73	22,743.03	47,5	
Α	- 1970 Physics and 1970 - 1970	8,505.61	8,020.25	7,349.77	16,525.86	14,398.44	29,9	
н	Net translation/ transaction exchange loss/ (gain)	40.76	60.95	80.99	101.71	130.53	29,9	
	Free and commission expense	4.41	4.73	6.29	9.14	9.77	1	
D		(138.24)	466.76	(767.40)	328.52	(702.36)		
	Cost of services rendered	39.75	30.80	63.54	70.55	[69.93	0.	
F	Employee benefits expenses	65.47	62.33	48.51	127.80	102.53	1	
G		5.98	5.92		11.90	11.00	12	
	Depreciation and amortization	PR.000.0	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	6.14	1000	11.92		
11		32.00	50.71	17.75	82.71	45.15	2	
	Other expenses	53.18	40.77	41.69	93.95	68.10		
	Total Expenses (A to I)	8,608.92	8,743.22	6,847.28	17,352.14	14,234.26	29,6	
	Profit before Tax (1-2)	5,097.39	4,349.23	4,837.61	9,446.61	8,558.77	17,9	
	Tax Expense							
Λ.	Current Tax	50,625,000	000-01	207722	2022004	0.5256-390		
	Current Year	1,058.66	955.74	746.05	2,014.40	1,546.73	1,1	
	- Earlier Years			0.09	0.00	0.09		
В	Deferred Tax	1.01	(66.70)	301.57	(65.69)	254.00	-4	
	Total Tax Expense (A+B)	1,059.67	889.04	1,047.71	1,948.71	1,800.82	3,8	
	Net profit for the period (3-4)	4,037.72	3,460.19	3,789.90	7,497.90	6,757.95	14,1	
	Other comprehensive Income/(Loss)							
(i)	Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss							
(a)	Re-measurement gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans	2.22	(0.39)	1.05	1.83	1.05		
	- Lax impact on above	(0.56)	0.10	(0.26)	(0.46)	(0.26)		
(b)	Changes in Fair Value of Equity Instruments measured at Fair Value	(3.31)	28.04	6.77	24.73			
(10)	through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI)	(3.31)	20.04	0.77	24.73	14.58		
- 1	Lax impact on above	0.27	(0.85)	(0.28)	(0.58)	(0.42)		
	Sub-total (i)	(1.38)	26.90	7.28	25.52	34.95		
(iii)	Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss							
(a)	Effective portion of gains and loss on hedging instruments in cash flow	41 101 011	2 222 14	0.000	1 270 22			
	hedges	(1,491.81)	2,770.14	(146.06)	1,278.33	1.09	(3,26	
	- Lax impact on above	375.46	(697.19)	(37.30)	(321.73)	(24.33)	82	
(15)	Cost of hedging reserve	(179.29)	(2,695.75)	830.54	(2,875.04)	890 22	4,51	
1000	Tay impact on above	45.12	678.47	(239.07)	723.59	(254.09)	(1.14	
	Sub-total (ii)	(1,250.52)	55.67	408.11	(1,194.85)	562 89	95	
	Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the period (i + ii)	(1,251.90)	82.57	415.39	(1,169.33)	597.84	1,04	
	Total comprehensive Income for the period (5+6)	2,785.82	3,542.76	4,205.29	6,328.57	7,355.79	15,18	
	Paid up Equity Share Capital (Face Value ₹10 per share)	2,633.22	2,633.22	2,633.22	2,633.22	2,631.22	2,61	
	Other Equity (as per audited balance sheet as at 31st March)	2,000.22	april 1	40000	- Contraction	4947,7(1)4,4(66,71	
	Basic & Diluted earnings per equity share of ₹ 10 each (in ₹)*						110,71	
	For continuing operations (in ₹)	15.33	13.14	14.39	28.47	25.66	5	
В	For discontinued operations (in ₹)	40.00	15.14	34.37	20.47	23.00	3	
-	For continuing and discontinued operations (in ₹)	15.33	13.14	14.39	28.47	25.66	5	

C For continuing and discontinued operations (in ₹)
*Earning Per State (FPS) is not annualised for the quarters and period orded.







Notes to the Consolidated financial results:

- 1 The above consolidated financial results of the Company were reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved and taken on record by the Board of Directors at their respective meetings held on 26th October, 2024. These results have been subject to limited review by the Statutory Auditors of the Company.
- 2 The consolidated financial results have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in Indian Accounting Standard (Ind-AS) 34 "Interim Financial Reporting", notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended from time to time, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India.
- 3 The limited reviewed accounts of the subsidiary company REC Power Development and Consultancy Limited has been consolidated in accordance with the Indian Accounting. Standard 110 Tornolidated Financial Statements*.
- 4 Programmy, on loan assets is based on "Expected Credit Loss (ECL) methodology" under Ind-AS norms, duly approved by the Board of Directors of the Company and upon—the report proceded by an independent agency appointed by the Company, which inter alia also considers ratings as issued/updated by Ministry of Power for Distribution Companies (DISCOMs). This is further reviewed by management overlays in certain accounts wherever necessary considering the different factors. Details are as follows:

(2 In Change

S. No.	Particulars		As at 30.09.2024				
		Stage 1 & 2	Stage 3	Total	Stage 1 & 2	Stage 3	Total
1.	Loan assets	5,32,292.86	13,824.10	5,46,116.96	4,95,560.62	13,810.31	5,09,370.95
2	Impairment loss allowance (net of movements)*	3,705.47	9,002.53	12,708.00	2,926.72	9,453.80	12,380.52
3	Provisioning Coverage (%) (2/1)	0.70%	65.12%	2.33%	0.59%	68.45%	2.435

In addition, ₹ 24.03 crores as at 30th Sep 2024 (₹ 32.02 crores as at 31st March 2024) is maintained towards impairment allowance on Letter of Comfort.

- 5 The Company's operation comprise of only one business segment lending to power, logistic and infrastructure sector. Hence, there is no other reportable segment in terms of Inclian Accounting Standard (Ind-AS) 108 "Operating Segments".
- 6 During the quarter, the Company has declared an interim dividend of ₹ 1 per equity share (on face value of ₹ 10/- each) and 08th November, 2024 has been fixed as Record Date for payment of Interim Divisional and the same will be paid on or before 22nd November, 2024.
- 7 The Company has not issued any redeemable preference shares till date.
- 8 The additional information as required under Regulation 52(4) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 is annexed as Annexure -A.
- There are no cases of loans transferred/ acquired during the quarter ended 30th September, 2024 (previous quarter Nil) under Master Direction Reserve Bank of India (Transfer of Loan Exposures)
 Directions, 2021 dated 24th September 2021.
- 10 The figures for the quarter ended 30th September 2024 and 30th September 2023 have been derived by deducting the year to date unaudited figures for the period ended 30th June 2024 and 30th September 2023 respectively.

ew Delh

11 Previous period/years' figures have been regrouped/reclassified, wherever necessary, in order to make them comparable LIM/

For REC Limited

(Vivek Kumar Dewangan) Chairman & Managing Director DIN - 01377212

Place:Delhi Date: 26th October 2024





Statement of Assets and Liabilities

S. No.	Particulars	Standa	lone	Consolidated		
		As at 30-09-2024	As at 31-03-2024	As at 30-09-2024	As at 31-03-2024	
		(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	
	ASSETS					
(1)	Financial Assets		10000	1.788.77		
(a)	Cash and cash equivalents	4,442.56	46.26	4,675.44	262.7	
(b)	Bank balances other than (a) above	727.80	2,452.44	1,018.49	2,699.7	
(c)	Derivative financial instruments	17,845.39	12,482.02	17,845.39	12,482.0	
(d)	Receivables					
	-Trade Receivables	3	- 2	211.91	153.8	
	-Other Receivables	3.68	2200	3.68	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	
(e)	Loans	5,36,147.46	4,99,192.05	5,36,147.46	4,99,192.0	
(f)	Investments	6,757.50	5,320.31	6,790.40	5,352.33	
(g)	Other financial assets	24,549.82	24,424.52	24,563.64	24,445.42	
190	Total - Financial Assets (1)	5,90,474.21	5,43,917.60	5,91,256.41	5,44,588.13	
(2)	Non-Financial Assets		CANADA	Lane and the second		
(a)	Current tax assets (net)	216.91	294.42	229.32	309.68	
(b)	Deferred tax assets (net)	2,952.25	2,485.46	2,967.93	2,500.96	
(c)	Property, Plant & Equipment	620.86	630.21	621.61	630.98	
(d)	Capital Work-in-Progress	48.79	23.59	48.79	23.59	
(e)	Other Intangible Assets	0.38	0.52	0.38	0.53	
(0)	Other non-financial assets	81.11	88.54	96.14	117.03	
10	Total - Non-Financial Assets (2)	3,920.30	3,522.74	3,964.17	3,582.76	
(3)	Assets classified as held for sale	0.01	0.05	6.59	20.20	
	Total ASSETS (1+2+3)	5,94,394.52	5,47,440.39	5,95,227.17	5,48,191.09	
	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				7-3-10	
	LIABILITIES					
(1)	Financial liabilities					
(a)	Derivative financial instruments	2,945.31	759.70	2,945.31	759.70	
(b)	Trade payables		5.60,902	79.75.75.4	72240	
(6)	-Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	0.11	45	0.11		
	-Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	5.54		126.78	90.51	
		3.54		120.76	90.51	
- 1	Other payables	101		1.04		
	-Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	1.84		1.84	3	
	-Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	5.21		5.21		
(c)	Debt securities	2,88,024.29	2,66,109.92	2,87,975.76	2,66,063:24	
(d)	Borrowings (other than debt securities)	1,88,269.01	1,72,092.05	1,88,269.01	1,72,092.05	
(e)	Subordinated liabilities	7,372.56	7,412.21	7,372.56	7,412.21	
(f)	Other financial liabilities	34,095.60	31,840.66	34,230.78	31,959.49	
1700	Total - Financial Liabilities (1)	5,20,719.47	4,78,214.54	5,20,927.36	4,78,377.20	
(2)	Non-Financial Liabilities					
(a)	Current tax liabilities (net)	296.22	66.51	296.22	66.51	
	Provisions	123.13	136.57	123.90	137.34	
(b)	Other non-financial liabilities	362.67	239.62	369.59	259.79	
(c)	Total - Non-Financial Liabilities (2)	782.02	442.70	789.71	463.64	
(3)	Equity					
	Equity Share Capital	2,633.22	2,633.22	2,633.22	2,633.22	
(a)		558.40	558.40	558.40	558.40	
(b)	Instruments Entirely Equity In Nature	69,701.41	65,591.53	70,318.48		
(c)	Other equity				66,158.63	
	Total - Equity (3)	72,893.03	68,783.15	73,510.10	69,350.25	
	Total - LIABILITIES AND EQUITY (1+2+3)	5,94,394.52	5,47,440.39	5,95,227.17	5,48,191.09	







Statement of Cash Flows for the half-year ended 30th September 2024

S. No.	Particulars-	Standa	lone	Consolidated		
3.110.		Period e	nded	Period ended		
		30-09-2024	30-09-2023	30-09-2024	30-09-2023	
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	
Α.	Cash Flow from Operating Activities :					
	Net Profit before tax	9,365.44	8,518.62	9,446.61	8,558.7	
	Adjustments for:			140000000		
1	Loss/ (Gain) on derecognition of Property, Plant and Equipment (net)	3.26	1.89	3.27	1.89	
2	Loss/ (Catin) on derecognition of Assets held for sale (net)	(6.03)	(1.32)	(6.03)	(1.3	
3	Depreciation & Amortization	11.75	11.85	11.89	11.9	
4	Impairment allowance on Assets Classified as Held for Sale				(0.0)	
5	Impairment losses on Financial Instruments	328.47	(702.37)	328.52	(702.3	
6	Level (Cain) on Fair Value Changes (net)	(281.19)	(352.38)	(281.19)	(352.3)	
7	Effective Interest Rate in respect of Loan Assets and Borrowings	154.54	(153.71)	154.54	(153.7)	
8	Interest on Commercial Paper		43.95		43.95	
9	Unrealised Foreign Exchange Translation Loss/ (Gain)	(1,044.39)	(306.93)	(1,044.39)	(306.9	
10	Liabilities no longer required written back			(0.20)	(0.24	
11	Interest expense on other financial liabilities measured at amortized cost	+	9	0619505	0.00	
12	Intenst on Investments & others	(28.77)	(11.00)	(45.92)	(11.00	
	Operating profit before Changes in Operating Assets & Liabilities	8,503.08	7,048.60	8,567.10	7,088.55	
	Inflow / (Outflow) on account of:			3.000000000		
1	Lian Assets	(36,746.01)	(39,263.07)	(36,746.01)	(39,263.07	
2	Derivatives.	(465.68)	(745.06)	(465.68)	(745.0)	
3	Other Financial and Non-Financial Assets	980.37	189.71	916.29	48.14	
4	Other Financial and Non-Financial Liabilities & Provisions	2,299.95	3,482.41	2,333.96	1,511.95	
	Cash flow from Operations	(25,428.29)	(29,287.41)	(25,394.33)	(29,337.59	
1	Income Tax Paid (including TDS)	(1,676.15)	(1,359.34)	(1,704.73)	(1,375.25	
	Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities	(27,104.44)	(30,646.75)	(27,099.07)	(30,712.83	
B.	Cash Flow from Investing Activities					
1	Sale of Property, Plant & Equipment	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.03	
2	Sale of assets held for sale	6.07	1.61	6.07	1.61	
.1	Investment in Property, Plant & Equipment (incl. CWIP & Capital Advances)	(29.43)	(11.99)	(29.56)	(12.50	
4	Investment in Intangible Assets (including intangible assets under development & Capital Advances)	(0.02)	0.01	(0.02)	0.01	
5	Finance Costs Capitalised	(1.13)	(0.20)	(1.13)	(0.20)	
6	Sale/ (Investment) in Equity Shares	-	3.34		1.14	
7	Redemption/ (Investment) in High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLAs) (net)	(1,437.65)	(49.98)	(1,432.65)	(49.98)	
8	Redemption/ (Investment) in Debt Securities other than HQLAs (net)	350.08	11.61	350.08	11.61	
49	Sale/(Investment) of/in shares of associate companies (Net)			13.56	(102	
10	Interest Income from investments			17.15	0.00	
11	Maturity/(Investment) of Corporate and Term deposits	-		(19.58)	60.92	
	Net Cash Flow from Investing Activities	(1,112.06)	(45.58)	(1,101.05)	11.83	
C.	Cash Flow from Financing Activities					
1	Issue/ (Restemption) of Rupee Debt Securities (net)	22,702.07	5,455.34	22,702.07	5,455.34	
2	Issue/ (Redemption) of Commercial Paper (net)		3,054.89	A PARTIE AND A PAR	3,054.89	
3	Raising/ (Repayments) of Rupee Term Loans/ WCDL from Banks/ FIs (net.)	(8,030.67)	4,759.22	(8,030.67)	4,759.22	
1	Raising/ (Repayments) of Foreign Currency Debt Securities and Borrowings (net)	20,447.08	24,807.54	20,447.08	24,802.51	
5	Raising/ (Redemption) of Subordinated Liabilities (net)	1	590.00	1 SCHOOL PRODU	590.00	
5	Payment of Dividend on Equity Shares	(2,238.24)	(1,935.42)	(2,2.14.24)	(1.912.02)	
7	Repayment towards Lease Liability	137441430730	(0.01)		(0.01)	
	Net Cash flow from Financing Activities	32,880.24	36,731.56	32,880.24	36,754.96	
	Net Increase/Decrease in Cash & Cash Equivalents	4,663.74	6,039.23	4,680.13	6,053.95	
- 1	Cash & Cash Equivalents as at the beginning of the period	(221.18)	(48.59)	(4.68)	(38.89)	
- 1	Cash & Cash Equivalents as at the end of the period	4,442.56	5,990.62	4,675.44	6,015.03	







Disclosure in compliance with Regulation 52(4) of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

As at/ For the quarter/ period ended 30th September 2024

			Stand	alone	Consol	idated		
S. No.	The state of the s		As at/ For the quarter ended 30.09.2024	As at/ For the period ended 30.09.2024	As at/ For the quarter ended 30.09.2024	As at/ For the period ended 30.09.2024		
1	Debt Equity Ratio ³	times		6.47		6.4		
2	Chitstanding Redeemable preference shares	₹ in Crores	Nii		Nil		N	
3	Debenture Redemption Reserve	₹ in Crores	Nil					
4	Net Worth ²	₹ in Crores	72,893.03		73			
5	Total debts to total assets ³	times	0.80					
6	Operating Margin ⁴	%	36.95	35.07	37.08	.35.1		
7	Net profit Margin ⁵	%	29.46	27.97	29.46	27.9		
8	Sector specific equivalent ratios							
(a)	CRAR ⁶	%	25.31		25.31			
(b)	Gross Credit Impaired Assets Ratio	%	2.53		2.53			
(c)	Net Credit Impaired Assets Ratio ⁸	%	0.88			0.88		

As at/ For the quarter/ period ended 30th September 2023

			Standa	alone	Consol	idated		
5. No.	. Particulars Unit		As at/ For the quarter ended 30.09.2023	As at/ For the period ended 30.09.2023	As at/ For the quarter ended 30.09.2023	As at/ For the period ended 30.09,2023		
1	Debt Equity Ratio ¹	times	6.46		6.46			
2.	Outstanding Redeemable preference shares	₹ in Crores	Nil		Nil		Ni	
3	Debenture Redemption Reserve	₹ in Crores	Nil		1			
4	Net Worth ²	₹ in Crores	63,117.32		6.1			
5	Total debts to total assets ³	times		0.81		0.81		
6	Operating Margin ⁴	%	41.40	37.69	41.28	,17.50		
7	Net profit Margin ⁵	W	% 32.55 29.8		32.39	29.65		
8	Sector specific equivalent ratios							
(a)	CRAR ⁶	9/1	28.53		28.53		28	
(b)	Ciross Credit Impaired Assets Ratio ⁷	1/0	3.14		3.14			
(c)	Net Credit Impaired Assets Ratio ⁸	%		0.96		0.96		

Notes

- 1 Debt/Equity Ratio = Net Debt / Net Worth (Net debt represents principal outstanding less cash and cash equivalents available.)
- 2 Net Worth is calculated as defined in section 2(57) of Companies Act, 2013.
- .t Total debts to total assets = Total Debt / Total Assets.
- 4 Operating Margin = Net Operating Profit Before Tax / Total Revenue from Operation.
- Net Profit Margin = Net Profit after Tax / Total Income.
- 6 CRAR = Adjusted Net worth/ Risk weighted assets, calculated as per applicable RBI guidelines.
- 7 Gross Credit Impaired Asset Ratio = Gross Credit Impaired Assets / Gross Loan Assets.
- 8 Net Credit Impaired Asset Ratio = Net Credit Impaired Assets / Gross Loan Assets.
- Debt Service Coverage Ratio, Interest Service Coverage Ratio, Current Ratio, Current Liability Ratio, Long Term Debt to Working Capital, Debtors Turnover, Inventory Turnover and Bad Debts to Accounts Receivable Ratio are not applicable to the company.







Annexura 8 7 in Crores Column P

Column N Column D

Related to only those

1010 10 010

Column 1
Debts not beaked by any
assets offered as
recurb(depirable only for C
liability side)

Assets not offered as Security

Pari-Passu Charge

Part-Passu Charge

Far-Passu Charge

Exclusive Charge

adustive Charge

articulars

Total Value(L+M

Carrying value/book value
for pari passu charge
assets where market value
is not ascertainable
N
or applicable

Market Value for for Pari passu a charge Assets is

Carrying /book value for exclusive charge assets where market value is Most ascertainable or in applicable (For Eg. Bank, charget value is not applicable)

Market Value for Assets charged on Exclusive basis

debt amount considered more than once (due to exclusive plus pari passu charge)

Other assets on which there is pari-Passu charge [excluding items covered in column f)

Assets shared by pari passu ois debt holder (includes debt for inwhich this certificate is issued (6 & other debt with paripassu in charge)

Debt for which this certificate being issued

Other Secured

Debt for which this certificate being issued

Description of asset for which this certificate relate

Book Value

Book Value

No Y

Book Value

Book Value

13.54

12,759.70

13.54

727.80

45,649.17

9,423.70 44,263.26

9,423.70 44,263.26

Yes

b. Other debt sharing pari-passu charge with above debt

Unsecured debt securities

a. Other Debt b. Subordinated debt Other Borrowings

Others borrowing Trade payables Lease Liabilities

Liabilities Secured debt securities a.Debt securities to which

this certificate pertains

Bank balances other than Cash and Cash Equivalants

Trade Receivables Cash and Cash Equivalants

Investments Loans (book debts)

Not to be filled

4,442.56

6,757.50

0.38

48.79

2.28

Yes

Land and Building

Equipment Capital work in progress

verty, Plant and

Intangible Assets Intangible Assets under

evelopment

4,442.56 727.80 45,649.17

12,759.70

	S * Charles * Ch
bit securities for the purposes as specified in the disclosure documents of the Non-convertible debt securities. rodara) and 25 April 2022(chemal)	* CLIMITS *
1. We confirm that the Company has compiled with the coverants and has utilited the proceeds raised from above mentioned debt securities for the purposes as specified in the disclosure documents of the 2. The market value of Rs. 13.54 crore of the immorable property is on the basis of certified valuation done on 20 April, 2022/valodara) and 25 April 2022/chemnal).	Kallesin Chand Jens P. C. Delhi-92 P

123.13 37,706.85 4,29,978.90 5,21,501,49

123.13 37,706.85 37,835.63

53,686.96

1.35

Pari-Passu Security Cover Ratio

Exclusive Security Cover Ratio

Total Cover on Book Value Cover on Market Value

53,641.78 1,34,627.23 5.65

1,34,627,23 7,372.56

2,34,337,33

1
/





Co. * Ship

N

Aselie * Cug

Disclosure in compliance with Regulation 52(7) & 52(7A) of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 for the quarter ended 30th September, 2024

A. Statement of utilization of issue proceeds:

₹ in Crores

Name of the Issuer	ISIN	Mode of Fund Raising (Public issues/ Private placement)	Type of instru	Date of raising funds	Amount Raised	. Funds utilized	Any deviation (Yes/ No)	If 8 is Yes, then specify the purpose of for which the funds were utilized	Remarks, if any
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
REC Limited	INE020B08FG9	Private Placement	NCD	18-07-2024	3,000.00	3,000.00	NO	NA	
REC Limited	INE020B08FF1	Private Placement	NCD	18-07-2024	3,000.00	3,000.00	NO	NA	
REC Limited	INE020B08FH7	Private Placement	NCD	09-08-2024	2,000.00	2,000.00	NO	NA	
REC Limited	INE020B08FA2	Private Placement	NCD	27-08-2024	2,675.00	2,675.00	NO	NA	
REC Limited	INE020B08FI5	Private Placement	NCD	27-08-2024	2,145.00	2,145.00	NO	NA	
				Total	12,820.00	12,820.00			

B. Statement of deviation/variation in use of Issue proceeds:

Particulars	Remarks
Name of listed entity	REC LIMITED
Mode of fund raising	Public issue/ Private placement
Type of instrument Chang Jan	Non-convertible Securities & CO.

Particulars	Remarks
Date of raising funds	Please refer Col. 5 above table
Amount raised	₹ 12,820.00 crores
Report filed for quarter ended	30-09-2024
Is there a deviation/ variation in use of funds raised?	No
Whether any approval is required to vary the objects of the issue stated in the prospectus/ offer document?	
If yes, details of the approval so required?	
Date of approval	N.A
Explanation for the deviation/ variation	
Comments of the audit committee after review	
Comments of the auditors, if any	

Objects for which funds have been raised and where there has been a deviation/ variation, in the following table:

Original object	Modified object, if any	Original allocation	Modified allocation, if any	Funds utilised	Amount of deviation/ variation for the quarter according to applicable object (₹ in Crores and in %)	Remarks, if any
				NA -		

Deviation could mean:

- a. Deviation in the objects or purposes for which the funds have been raised.
- b. Deviation in the amount of funds actually utilized as against what was originally disclosed.







Dierlinuer of related party teansactions for the half-year ended 30th September 2024

Relationship of the rewells spartly with the fitted entity are its exhibitidary. Literate Holding Company	Value	_		either party as a moult of the transaction		the case are financial indepletements in incarred to make or give loans, inter- corporate deposits, albanics or investments	n. nier.	Details of	Ne is and	recognisate depa	In case any featured indebindents in charmed in make or got least, airr- respects deposits, absence or respects deposits, absence or involutionals
Ultraste Bolding Company	Type of related party to party	redated Value of Value of Party francaction party francaction during the appearance by the reporting the audit enumaistee perroal		Opening Cher	Nature of indebteds Creeing Indebteds Nature (Nature Instructure Indebted Nature (Nature of Indebted Nature (Nature (N	3	Traum	Nature Illuna advancer I intercarpur ale depositi investment	Rate To	Tenure sinceured	Purpose for which the funds will be tallined by the ultimate or expirent all funds (end-out.got)
	Presidend	,	1,177.99						\dagger	1	
Ultimate 3 Linking Company	Apperhonment of Bapwines		2.0%	150	1.65				-		
Ultimate Holding Company	Director Sitting for		10.0						Ī		
REC Fower Development and Consultanty Lamited Subsidiary Company: Application of the Consultanty Lamited and Consultanty Lamited and Consultanty Lamited Consultanty L	Appearingment of Employee Benefit and Other Administrative Expenses		K.53						_		
REC Fower Development and Concultancy Lamined Subsidiary Company 3	Finance Cash - Interest Paid		1.46						-		
REC Free or Development and Consultancy Lamited Subsidiary Company	Physician		16.05						-		
REC Power Development and Concultancy Laminol Subsidiary Company	Remtal, Cither Income		EF1						_		
REC Power Development and Consultancy Limited Subsidiary Company Reden	Restemption of the bonds of Company			48.H	#8#						
REC Power Development and Consultancy Lamited Subsaliany Company	Interest accross on bonds of the Company			72	3.09						
REC Power Development and Consultancy Lonning Subsidiary Company (Other	Other Financial Acoets of the Company			0.40	5.26						
	Other Financial Labilities of the Comment			1.36	6.19						
	Contributions made by the Company		3.26								
	Contributions made by the Company										
	Cuntrobutions, enade by the Company		cas								
	Subcrytten to bends of the Company		数数								
	Contributions made by the Contipany		W.13								
	Finance Casts - Interest Paul		V. 0								
	Finance Costs - Interest Paul		1.1								
	Peter Securities of the Company			430	4700						
	Debt Securities of the Company			31.00	31.00						
Employment Penetis Trass/Fund of the Company	Pawinisms			61.0	2.56						
Employment Neuritt Trust Fund of the Company	Other Financial Assets of the Company			2156	39.35						
nd is exercised	Payment towards Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Experies		atric	123	130						
_	Setting Pops		6.05								
Key Manageral Personnel Independent Director of the Company	Sating Fee-		5070								
Key Manageral Petranad-Independent Discensed the Company	Sering Fero		580								
Key Manageral Personnel-Independent Director of the Company	Setting Fees		6.03								
Key Managerial Prevainted: Independent Director of the Company	Satting Fore-		10:00							_	







2	Details of the party ilisted entity/ subsidiary) entering into the transaction	Details of the counterparty	· var				fit case manies are dase to rither party as a result of the transaction		Additional an abstract of related party trans to ease any financial indebtedness in incurred to make or give launt, inter- corporate degrees, abstract or intercitorally	nancial indeb ake or give la represent, althe	ednevs is me, inter-	Technica application	· applicable only as case Details of the leave, when	ave the related	party frams deposits, as	Additional distances of related party transactions - applicable only is case the related party transaction relates to learn, inter- the sase any fearacial indebtetions in interest to make or give learn, inter- sequently to make or give learn, inter- sequently absorbes also meeting to the learn, interestingness deposits, advances or investments amendment absorbes or investments.
	J	J	Relationship of the crossiterparty with the fisted entity or its valueding	Type of related Party transaction	related party transaction as approved by the audit committee.	person Bujanda Bujanda septranan septranan	Optraing	Chraing Malance	Nature of indebtedness flean invasors of debt any other etc.)	Cest	Tenure	Nature (float) ofterace ofterace ate deposit	Rate 724	Traser series	Secured	Purpue for which the feach will be sufficed by the utilizate recipient of fants
	REC Limited	3b, Vorch Kumar Denangan	Key Managerial Personnel, CMD of the Company	Neground them		23								+	+	
	M.C. Limited	Shri. Harsh Banepa	key Manageral Personnel-Director of the Company	Memuneralism		0.51									H	
	AUC Limited	Sh. V. A. Singh	Key Managerial Personnel: Director of the Company	Remuneration		1,35								H	H	
	RIG Lemaned	5h, 15. Amtable	Key Managerial Personnel-Company Societary of the Company	Remarker aftern		[40]									-	
	RFC Landed	Str. J.S. Amitable	Key Managerial Tenumnel: Company Secretary of the Company	Selected Income int Staff Learns		10/0							Г	-		
	RFC Limited	Sh. V. K. Smith	Key Managerial Personnel-Company Secretary of the Company	Interest Income on Staff Loans		0.00										
	MFc. Limited	sh, Hach Barras	Key Managerial Personnel: Company Secretary of the Company	Interest become on Maff Loans-		1000										
	RFC Limited	M. Bach Bauca	Kay Managersal Personnel: Director of the Company	Repayment of Staff Louin & Advances		enc	6798	0.00								
	KFC Limited	Sh. V. K. Songh	Key Managerial Personnel: Director of the Company	Repayment of Staff Looms & Advances		20.0	10.0	10.0								
	NPC Limited	Sh. J.S. Amitabh	Key Managerial Personnel-Company Secretary of the Company	Repayment of Staff Loans & Advances		80'0	6.24	0.20								
	RFC Lamated	Sh. Us. Amazabh	Key Managerial Pyromosel: Company Secretary of the Company	Debt Securities of the Company			9000	0.85								
	MSC Limited	Sast. Parminder Chapta	Key Managerial Personnel of Ultimate Hidding Company	Finance Costs - Inherest Paul on Debt Securities of the Company			0.13	0.15								
	NFC Limited	Sh. Manish Kumar Appanyal	Key Managerial Personnel of Ultimate Holding Company	Finance Costs. Interest Paid on Debt Securities of the Company				197(0								
				Seather of Loan by RRC in ACPL with Ultimate benforaey being REC Power Development and Gonothany Limited		1.81										
	RFc Limited	NEC Power Development and Consultane Limited through ANVIL Cables Droate Limited (ACFL).	Sub-relaty Company	Dichimorment of Loan by REG, to ACPL to the Ultimate bendiciary bring RFC Power Development and Corvollatory Lamited	12911	40.04										
				Repayment of hour by ACPL to REC with Ultimate benditiary being ME. Fower Development and Consultancy Limited		E.										
				Sention of Lian by REG to RSEPT, with Ultradate benfearty bring REG. Tweet Development and Consilhancy Limited		# 55										
	Mr. Laural	REC Precer Poorlegment and Connellatory Limited through RS Into Proper Percent Limited (INSEP).	Sub-sideary Company.	Polyue-corent of Luan by M.S. to RSIPT: with Ultimate both carry being REC Power Development and Consultancy Lumbed	# CA	28.82										
				Repayment of Joan by ISAPT, to REC with Liturals bentierry being REG. Prace Floorly generat and Convoltancy Limited	7	74.80										







The continue of the continue										Additional disclos	are of related	party fransac	tions - applica	able only in	ase the relate	d party tran	Additional disclovure of related party transactions - applicable unly in case the related party transaction relates to loass, inter-
15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	1	tubridary; entering tubridary; entering into the franciston	Details of the event	, services of the services of				In care manies other party as a transact	ers duse to recent of the	In case any lin interpret to ma emperate de	neial indebte te se give last porte, abun estimato	decess in A. inter- ers or	Details a	The lease.	ž	dynd,	an criting
March Part		Name	Name	Relationship of the counterparty with the lated metity or the subsidiary			period	Opening balance	Closing	Nature of indebtedoers (loan) issuance of debt/ any other etc.)	Cest						Purpose for which the funds will be utilized y the utilizate recipient of funds tend-assget
No. Prince Prince and an inchange Season Active Prince and and an inchange Season Active Prince and an inchange Season Active Season A		MSC Limited	REC Power Everlopment and Consultancy Limited theough Techno Electric & Englineering Company Landed (TEECL)		Sarction of Loan by RE, to TEEL, with Ultimate benfinany being R& Doner Development and Grosultany Lamited	98.06	48.06									-	
No. Prince University of Controllary C		NKC Lambal	AEC Pen er Pevskyennel and Consultancy Limited through Laprace Industries Limited (LE)		Sarction of Loan by REs, in Lil, with Ultimate benforce; being REs, Power Development and Carvallany Leminol	38.U	7.50										
Note 100 Not		KFC Limited	\$15, Peror Development and Consultancy Londed through Transcal Lighting London (TLL)		Satisfast of Loan by REG to TLL with Ultimate benferacy being REC I've or Development and Consultance Lamited	Stan	Stall										
Schools 10 The common of Londs					Interest income		0.003				T			T	t	t	
Clouds, INC Print, Turnessee, Listed					Consultancy Lee		17.78							T	t	t	
Standard Wit News Teammand Lindon Standard Wit News Teammand L	2	K. Power Development and	Klowta IVC Poter Transmisson Lumbel	Surface Control Assessment of Sufficient Control	Reimbutsement/ expenses reimbutsement		0.49							T	+	+	
Shared PV There Tenemone Lender Sept.		Conventancy Lamines			Hermyable/ (Payable) from associates			0.41							t		
About 10 12 Point Transmission Limited Subsidiary Company of S					Sale of mentiments		0.05				l				+		.,
Marcia N Li Perer Transmental Landon Subabbary America of Subabbary					Investment Outstanding			50.0							H	t	
Sharida N 12 Pears Transmission Landed Schalaber Cimposity Pears Transmission Landed Sch		7/4			Interest income		100								t	H	
Maria N 12 Pears' Faminism Linichal Subsidiary Power Faminism Linichal Subsidiary Linichal Subsidiary Linichal Subsidiary Linichal Subsidiary Linic	-				Consultatoy Fee		7.00							Г		t	
Principle of Shipshilary Company Percentage Page P	ž.	Consultance Landball	Kharda IV 12 Power Transmion Limited	Subsidiary! Associate of Subsidiary Company			10.34								H	H	
Montant IVA Flower Team measure Lambed Address between Consistence of Sphelduary Consistency Consi					Sale et merstments		6.05								-		
Khacki VA New Yasemesee Inness Subsidiary Associated Solikulary Company Term Consideration Consideration 0.53 Consideration Rate days Transmission Lennical Subsidiary Associated Solikulary Company Terminal Solikulary Compa					Investment Outstanting			0.03	-							H	
Name of Yan France Transmission Function Consultancy Free 1770 Resemble VA News Transmission Emitted Name of Subsidiary Company Resemble Physical Free Emitted Subsidiary Company Resemble Physical Free Emitted Subsidiary Company Resemble From Subsidiary Company Resemble Free Emitted Subsidiary Company<					Interest income		0.413									H	
Khitach IVA Four Transmissan Limited Subsidiary Assessed of Spheiduan Company Recented of Spheiduan Company Recented of Spheiduan Company Recented of Spheiduan Company Residence of Spheiduan Company					Consultancy Fee		17.78								H		
Resention IVA News Teatremoving Limited Resention IVA News Teatremoving Limited Resention Outstanding Resenting Resenting	26	IC Power Pevelopment and	Khareda IVA Forces Transmission Limited	Southern Consession of States and second	Rembusement/ expenses reinituriement		T)								1	H	
State of inventment		Consultancy Limited			Receivable/ (Payable) from associates			150							H	H	
Retents from the property of					Sale of investments		6.05								H	-	
Resentism IVA Theory Teath-removing Lamited Sold-sideary Assessation of Sold-sideary A					Investment Outstanding			600									
Resentish IVA Newer Transmission Lambal Soldsoldany, Assessible of Soldsold					Interest income		ens								H	H	
Resention IVA Nover Tean-mission Lamited Subsidiary! Assessable of Subsidiary. Company Remittermental representations company Subsidiary! Assessable of Subsidiary Company Subsidiary Company International Internat					Conultanty fee		117.78								H	H	
State of investment of expenses remburatement (A) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1	14	IX Tower Development and	Rosethan IVA Pheer Tean-mean Lamba		Receivable/ (Payable) from avanciates			0.41						Г		t	
State of treestiments 0.033 Investment Outstanding Investment Outst		Consultancy Limited			Rembursement/ experses reimbursement		10,00									H	
Investment Outstanding Report Process Report					Sale of investments		0.03								-	_	
Start crows					Investment Ovisianding			603								-	
					Market receive	1	070								-	-	





ew Dein

The control of the co	Defaits at the party United entity subsidiary; entering into the transaction												
			desparety		1	In case munic nither parts as a transact	are due to revult at the	In case any Chancial incurred to make or conported deposits	indebtednav in give laans, inter- s, advances er eets	Dresh		oter-corporate des	outh, advances or en extensible
Control Cont	Name	Name	Retainmably of the ensolver party with the firsted entity or its subsidiary			Opening	Clesing			Nature (Baan) advance) intercorpus intercorpus de depositi investment	External Parts of Table 1972		
We continue to the continue				Consultancy Fee	107.78								
Contribution of the cont	NK. Passer Development and	100		Receivable (Payable) from associates		87.0							
The continuence of the continu	Consultancy Limited	i i	because of Subsidiary Company	Reimbursement/ expensiv rembursement	0.00								
Note the following state Applicate A				Sale of investments	6.03								
Not four thickness and stands of the stand				Investment Outstanding		511.0							
No. Principle and an analysis of the contract through through the contract through through the contract through through the contract through through the contract through through the contract through thr				Interest training	10.04								
No. Friend Friend and American Continued and American Continued				Consultancy Fee	67.79								
Contribute Early Contribute Early Contribute Early Contribute Early Contribute Early Contribute Early Early Contribute Early E	M.C. Poster Development and	1. The state of th	The state of the s	Bernvalde/(Payable) from anamates.		16.50	ē1						
St. Pare Principate and Containing St. Pare Principate St. Pare Principate and Containing Principate and Containing St. Pare Principate and Containing Principate and Containing St. Pare Principate and Containing Principate and	Consultancy Lambed	Kayathan IV 111 I waver I rationismont Latraced	Sufficiency Assessant of Sufficients Company	Reinburgment/ expenses comburgment	0.30								
				Sale of investments	0.03								
No. Four Principane and State Control and Application of State C				Investment Orbitanding		Sittle	1						
Note Productional of Supplies Productional				avacant income	8118								
St. Pare Pare decisions Lands Pare				Consultanty Fee	12,76								
Extract Transmission Limited Libraria V. Perer Transmission Limited Saladaria V. Perer Transmission Limited Saladari	KIC Pears Development and			vable? (Payable) from		0.78	+						
Natural VA Natural Vacantination of Landschieft of Challedory Company Protection of Challedory	Consistance London	Rajathan WE Notee Hathornson Limited	Subsidiary: Assectate of Subsidiary Company	henduriement/ expenses reinburiement	0.38								
Name Transmission Lambed Substitute Company Prescrice (both date Company Prescric				Sale of inventments	0.03								
Shared VA Vace Transmission Lanced Company				Investment Dublanding		16.0	œ						
Shields VA Place Transmission Landed Shields VA				Interest intollie	0.03								
State And France Learning	REC Pawer Development and			Reinbussement/ expenses reinfursement	0.40								
NUMBER Proceedings and Computation of Submitters Com	Consultance Limited	March VA Power Transmission Linuary	Submitted V. Assectable of Submitted Acutipana	Receivable (Payable) from associates		27'0	0.85						
SMX bases Development and Considerated and Considerated Substitution C				1		66.0	202						
FIRST NATAR Power Tetraminous Limited Sub-influent Avocation of Sub-influent Companies Sub-influent Avocation of Sub-influent Companies Nation Investment Limited National Lange of Companies and Companies Companies and Compa				Interest intume	0.02								
Nills I Decer Tone mirror a Lambed Nills I Decer Transmission Limited Nills I Decer Transmission Lim				Reindumernent/ expenses i runbu sement	0.44								
NEW 2 Pence Transmission Limited NEW 2 And 2 An	REC Power Development and Crossistancy Lambel		Subsahars/ Associate of Subsahary Company	1 8		0.05	0.51						
All Chart Perciponent and NIRC I Perce Tenentrian Limited Subsidiary Company Percentage (Subsidiary Company Percentage) (Appendix Non-Company				Poer, franch made	80.0								
NIRE, I have Transmission Limited NIRE, I have Transmission Limited Subsidiary Assemble of Subsidiary Longuing Personal renderment and the state of containing free containi				Investment Outstaining.			0.05						
Natical Denser Transmission United Subsidiary Company Company Company Personal Transmission of Subsidiary Company Company Personal Transmission of Subsidiary Company Company Personal Transmission of Subsidiary Company Personal Transmission of				Interest income	0.00								
NIRE, I have Transmission Limited Subsidiary Longium Receivable (Payable) from sociale Subsidiary Longium Receivable (Payable) from subsidiary Longium Receivable (Payable) f				Consultainty fee	35%								
Nilit of Process Canonination Linearing Accounts on Supplication (Payable) from associates Supplication (Supplication Continued on Supplication Continued Con	REC Power Perelopment and			Remburament/ expenses remburament	70.00								
Chand Jay 192 00 september 6 which is not the formal proper for some of the formal proper for so	Comultancy Lennics	NIRGH INNOCE FEBRUARY	Socializ (6 Suffs	Receivable/ (Payable) from associates		0.35							
Chand Jan State CLIMA 25 CO CONTROL STATE CO				See of meetinents	1								
September of September 1 Septe		Chand Ja		- MECLINI	1	3						//	
Second and A Second Sec		100								L		100	134
Section 19 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	Kail On No.		they succeeded								1/5/	la!
	0	* The state of the	White head to the transfer and the	mater House, for economic			El .					A NG	* 5
		Sur								-		120	NEW SO

							Addition	disclosure of n	lated party tran	sidde - subjec	able unly an ca	e the related part	Additional disclinure of related party franzactions - applicable only in case the related party franzaction relates to loans, inter-
Details of the party (listed entity) subsidiary) entering sets the transaction	Driate of the rematerparty	recommends.				In case manies are due to either parts as a result of the transaction		In case any financial indeptedence in incurred to make ur give listor, inter- entyristic disposets, advantes at smentionals	ule bledness is e baans, inter- advantes at ts		I the least, in	bresspazale dep	Death of the team, wherestpeaks departs, advance or investments.
Name	, ke	Relationship of the equatoryaxiv with the fitted entity or its entiting or	Type of related pure stransferon	Transdom John Same Same Same Same Same Same Same Same		Opening (Nature of indebtedness Chesing (haas) halance issuance of debt any other etc.)	3 2 2 2	Tenure	Nature (loan) advance) interceptor ate deposit/ investment	Rate 72	Scurd interard	Propose for which the fands will be utilized for the utilized of the utilizate recipient of funds (enduage)
			Sourcement such Landing				590				T	-	
			Interest income		10'3								
			Reinflussement/ expenses minibus errent		12.1								
KBS: Power Development and Concollance Limited	Behaver & Forcer Teammonen Lendal	Subsultary/ Associate of Subsultary Company	Recesable/ [Payable] from anomales				80						
			hweytreed made		10.0								
			Investment autstanding			v	50.0						
			Interest intollie		11.00								
			Peintharsement/ expenses reinbarsement		6.30								
REC Preser Development and Consultancy Lamind	Raportian IV 4A Power Transmission Limited	Subsidiary/ Associate of Subsidiary Company	Receivable/ (Payable) from expociates				Ą						
			Investment made		100								
			English (single-sens)			0	0.00						
			Interest income		000								
			Reinbursement/ ergentes reindursement		0.16								
RRC Power Development and Consultancy Lamited	Rajacthus IV 48 Naver Transmission Limited	Subsidiary? Assectate of Subsidiary Company	Receiveable/ (Payable) Term associates				0.19						
			Buen, Street Warder		970								
			Suppression on the suppression of the supersion of the suppression of the supersion of th			7)	ous						
			Interest anciene		10.0								
			Consistenty Fee		5.90								
REC Power Development and			Rembusement/expenses rembusement		0.46								
Consultancy Limited	Shada III Never Ferentianen Littined	Surveyor Assentitive Surveyory	brestmeet made		0.03								
			Sale of awardments.		0.83								
			Inspirant Outstanding			50.0	-2						
			Receivable/ (Payable) from associates			16.41							
Tower Development and			Reminarament/ expenses combustoment		nro.								
Consultancy Lambod	A Alem A Legion Lamping	Submitters (Newstate of Submitters Company)	Investment Danslanding			689	10.0						
			Sale of investments		50.0								







	Details of the party (inted entity) unbindary; entering into the framaction	Details of the count											
			speda				nies are due to se a result of the narison	In case any financial incurrent to make org empasate depositi	indebtedness is jive lases, inter- , advances or mis		The lease, or	kridarparate dep	an extra
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Name	Name	Relationship of the counterparty with the fixthed entity or its orbisidary					Nature of indebthedness thank incention of debth any other etc.)		Vature (band advanced intercupes ate deposite investment			
Not contributed a				Receivable? (Payable) from associates		4.0					T		
With the between the control of th	RIX. Power Development and Convoltancy Lambed	contract of	Assessate of Subsidiary Company	lembusement/ expenses reinflursement		0.00							
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10				Investment Guistanding									
We for the Production of the Control of Authority C				sablef (Payattia) from associa		Nr.o							
18 Executiva 18	MAC Parest Perelopment and Consultancy Limited	ENGINA	Subsidiary Assessate of Subsidiary Company	tembursement/ expenses resubsciences		0.00							
No. 20 and 20				Investment Outstanding.									
No. 7 to 10 to 1				800		8.0							
	REC Traver Development and Consultancy Laminot	1	Subsidiary Associate of Subsidiary Company	1 2		0.100							
No. 7 to the Principle and Company Linearized Com				Investment Cuthlanding			,						
With the Principant and Containing Linear Cont				Receivable/ [Payable] from associates		4.4							
State Continued and State Continued an	REC Pass or Development and Consultant's Lambed	O'S	Subsidiary: Associate of Subsidiary Company	Nemburgment/ expenses remburament		0.00							
17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17				Investment Outstanding			10						
St. Piere benichenies and benichenies St. Piere benichenies benichenies St. Piere				Interest thickness		0.0s							
Str. From The circle and Annual Contact of the circle and Annual	REC Proces Perchapment and	a title between The accompany of account.	substituted by contract of talk of two Common	Remburament/ expense reinburschent		9.25							
St. Free Undergood and St. Free Undergood a	Consiltancy Limited	A.A. W. Pringer - A commission Authority	THE PARTY AND THE PARTY OF THE	Receivable/(Payable) from assesses		TI.							
St. Prior Development and Consistency Lineary Contracts State				Investment Dubstanding		ro.							
No. State Designation April 10 care Teamers and 1 care April 10 ca				Receivable/1Payable) from associates		TI.	99						
The continue of trained	MK Pawer Development and	1	Colombiant Assessed at Sale all and Comment	and a		10:01							
The contract product of the behalon Company (special relations) The contract product of the behalon Company (special relations) The contract product of the behalon Company (special relations) The contract product of the behalon Company (special relations) The contract product of the behalon Company (special relations) The contract product of the behalon Company (special relations) The contract product of the behalon Company (special relations) The contract product of the behalon Company (special relations) The contract product of the behalon Company (special relations) The contract product of the behalon Company (special relations) The contract product of the behalon Company (special relations) The contract product of the behalon Company (special relations) The contract product of the behalon Company (special relations) The contract product of the behalon Company (special relations) The contract product of the behalon Company (special relations) The contract product of the behalon Company (special relations) The contract product of the behalon Company (special relations) The contract product of the behalon Company (special relations) The contract product of the behalon Company (special relations) The contract product product of the behalon Company (special relations) The contract product	Consultancy Lamited			Investment Cluthlanding		0	102						
REC Proc 1 Production of August SAT Proc 1 Transcripted Subplication Company Supplication of August SAT Proc 2 Transcripted Subplication Company Supplication of August SAT Proc 2 Transcripted Subplication Company Supplication of August SAT Proc 2 Transcripted Subplication Control and Augus				Sale of unventments		0.00							
THE Pare i Protegorant and Constituent Language Company (Accounted of Subsidiary) Processive of Subsidiary) Processive of Subsidiary (Accounted of Subsidiary) Processive of Subsidiary) Processive of Subsidiary (Accounted of Subsidiary) Accounted of Subsidiary (Accounted of Subsidiary				Interest income		0.02							
NECE Force Productions All A				Consultainty Fees		5.90							
All There Trends and Annual Control and Annual Cont			hother than the common of truth of one of	Rembursement/ expenses reimbursement		0.37							
No. Princip Princip growth and Considered the Considered State of Schoolstery Compare the Considered State of	_		SHERRING A CONCOUNT OF DIFFERENCE CONTINUES.	Ancewable/(Payable) from accociates		g.							
Six Parer Perchaperate and Lighers believe Transverses in Learning Computer and State of Subsidiary Computer State of Subsidiary				Investment Outstanding		a	58				1		
Site Twee Track-growth and Consultance Latered Co						50.0							
SEX Prese Tevel-general and John a skillam Prese Targerovae a Learnal Scalabolary Associated Scalabolary Company Described from source and Scalabolary Company Described from the Compa				Rembursement/ expenses rembursement		10.01							
Size free Treatment Learning States S	-			Recessable [Payatis] from associates		6	38						
SECTION CANADA SECTION OF SECTION		Japan a Schaus Peters Transmissers functed	halhadiary: Associate of Subsidiary Compaint	Investment Outstanding		0	.03						
SE Tree Control Jaji Chand C				Sale of eventments		0.03							
RECTION CONTROL OF STATE OF ST				WIN THINK	1	250			-				
SECTION Conditions Library Schools of School	eng.	Ind Ja		S. S		×)		//
Delhi-92 0 * North Annual * North An	Alfa Freest Desido	900		Amburanet; exeme importment		200					1	TY CO	
Herman Call Call	Constant	Co	Manager Contrast of Schoolster, Language	Secrett Auto Syn standing	*		B				611	Y	E V
The Delli	* 1	0. × ZR-IL		- total	//	183					× C	A CA	k S
		188		Men nell		100	77				par	,	1381

o No				12				2				*					a		
	Details of the party listed entity: subsidistyl entering into the Transaction.	Name		ABS. Power Development and Consultancy Lamined			Milk Theory Development and	Consultancy lamited			RIS: Pawer Development and	Consultance Landed				SEC Project Development and	Consultancy London		
	Details at the essentizeparty	Name		Kadan Powri Transmismos Lawford				Katations Pat 1 Power a tartement America			The second secon	Shongong Profes, Lemanaren Lan					Lamagie II, Allas, Paper, Landridensen Lefferto		
	unterparty	Relationship of the constraintly with the listed entity or its otherdiary		Subsidiary? Assectate of Subsidiary Company				Sufficiently Coststate of Sufficients Company				Sufferdiaty) Associate of Sufferdiaty Company					Marchite Assessment of Surveyor Assessment		
	,	frye and better friend grant g	Besthanement/ expenses insubstrument	Receivable/ (Payable) from astociates	Investment Outstanding	Interest incidite	Buildusterrent/ espeints reinfartement	flecewable/ (Payable) from anoxistes	Investment Outstanding	interest extreme	Beinburcenens/ expenses reunbursement	Breavable/ (Payable) from associates	Investment Outstanding	Interest excens	Consitenty fee	Beimbursement/ expenses similaritement	Secondite! (Payable) from exocutes	Sale of enventments	Investment Outstanding
_	Value of the Value	1 41																	
			10.0	-		0.03	180			10.0	4.34			0.02	5.40	62.0		0.05	
	In case munics are due to either party as a result of the transaction	Opening		00'0	50.0			79'0	5870			5 =	10.00				R. S.		6.05
Ad		Closing and Malance in the Control of the Control o		1011	50.0			27	5070			564	8008						2
fillonal disclinum	In case any financial indebedness in incurred to make or give leans, infer- ivepurate dependit, advances or executancial.	Nature of indebtedness (finant invantor of debt' any other etc.)																	
of related pa	financial indeletedm make or give lname, deposits, advanter investments	Z Contraction																	
ty transaction	n in in the second seco	Tenure inte	-																
- applicable	Details of th	Sahare (haan) advance tot advance tot deposit investment																	
only an case t	c leam, inter-	Interest Tenure	-	-	-		-				-		-						
he related part	casparate depo	Scored																	
Additional discinuars of related party transactions - applicable only in case the related party transaction relates to huans, inter-	Deside of the foats, inter-corporate deposits, advances or investments	Purpuse for which the funds will be addiced by the administer exciperant of fernéauxies																	

Note: ₹ 0.00 crows denotes amount less than ₹ fifty thousan



Me Deln



KAILASH CHAND JAIN & CO. Chartered Accountants 819, Laxmi Deep Building, Laxmi Nagar District Center, New Delhi-110092. SCV & CO. LLP.
Chartered Accountants
B-41, Panchsheel En clave,
New Delhi- 110017.

Review Report on Special Purpose Standalone Interim Financial Statements for the period 1st April 2024 to 30th September 2024 of REC Limited.

To,
The Board of Directors,
REC Limited
Core-IV, SCOPE Complex,
7, Lodi Road,
New Delhi – 110003

We have reviewed the accompanying Special Purpose Standalone Interim Financial Statements of **REC Limited** ('the Company') which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 30th September 2024, and the related Statement of Profit and Loss (including the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the half year ended 30th September 204 and a summary of material accounting policies (together hereinafter referred as "Special Purpose Standalone Interim Financial Statements") as required by Indian Accounting Standard 34 'Interim Financial Reporting' ("Ind AS 34").

Management's Responsibility for the Special Purpose Standalone Interim Financial Statements.

These Special Purpose Standalone Interim Financial Statements, which is the responsibility of the Company's Management and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company, has been prepared in all material respects, in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles of Indian Accounting Standard-34 'Interim Financial Reporting' ("Ind AS 34") prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with relevant rules issued thereunder and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. These Special Purpose Standalone Interim Financial Statements have been prepared solely for the purpose of inclusion of financial information in respect of fund raising programmes of the Company and its Holding Company ("Power Finance Corporation Limited").

Scope of review

We conducted our review of the Special Purpose Standalone Interim Financial Statements in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements (SRE) 2410 "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. This standard requires that we plan and perform the review to obtain moderate assurance as to whether the Special Purpose Standalone Financial Statements are free of material misstatement. A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would be come aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would be come aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit.

xpress an audit opinion.

Delhi-92

Conclusion

Based on our review conducted as above, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying Special Purpose Standalone Interim Financial Statements are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles of Indian Accounting Standard 34 'Interim Financial Reporting' ("Ind AS 34") prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with relevant rules issued thereunder and other accounting principles generally accepted in India.

This report is intended solely for the use of the Company for the purpose of inclusion of financial information in respect of fund raising programmes of the Company and its Holding Company thereto and should not be used by any other person or for any other purpose. We do not accept or assume any liability or duty of care for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

chand Ja

Delhi-92

red Acco

For M/s Kailash Chand Jain & Co. Chartered Accountants,

ICAI Firm Registration: 112318W

For M/s SCV & Co. LLP.
Chartered Accountants,

ICAI Firm Registration:000235N/N500089

Name - Saurabh Chouhan

Designation: Partner

Membership Number: 167453

UDIN: 24167453BKBGEE8997

Date: October 26, 2024

Place: Delhi

Name - Abhinav Khosla

Designation: Partner

Membership Number: 087010

UDIN:24087010BKBOGX3279

Registered Office - Core-4, SCOPE Complex, 7, Lodhi Road, New Delhi - 110003, CIN: L40101DL1969GOI005095

Balance Sheet as at 30th September 2024

(? in Crores)

S.	Particulars	Note	As at	Asat
No.	rarticulars	No.	30-09-2024	31-0.3-2024
101	ASSETS			
(1)	Financial Assets			
(a)	Cash and cash equivalents	6	4,442.56	46.2
(b)	Bank balances other than (a) above	7	727.80	2,452.4
(c)	Derivative financial instruments	8	17,845.39	12,482.0
(d)	Receivables			
	-Trade Receivables	9	5.00	93
	-Other Receivables		3.68	-1
(e)	Loans	10	5,36,147.46	4,99,192.0
(f)	Investments	11	6,757.50	5,320.3
(g)	Other financial assets Total - Financial Assets (1)	12	24,549.82 5,90,474.21	24,424.5 5,43,917.6
(2)	Non-Financial Assets			
(a)	Current tax assets (net)	13	216.91	294.4
b)	Deferred tax assets (net)	14	2,952.25	2,485.4
c)	Property, Plant & Equipment	15	620.86	630.2
d)	Capital Work-in-Progress	15	48.79	23.50
e)	Other Intangible Assets	15	0.38	0.5
1)	Other non-financial assets	16	81.11	88.5
	Total - Non-Financial Assets (2)		3,920.30	3,522.74
3)	Assets classified as held for sale	17	0.01	0.05
	Total ASSETS (1+2+3)		5,94,394.52	5,47,440.39
Т	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
	LIABILITIES			
1)	Financial Liabilities			
a)	Derivative financial instruments	8	2,945.31	759.70
o)	Payables	18		
	Trade payables			
	-Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		0.11	7
	-Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises		5.54	-
	and small enterprises	- 1		
	Other payables		-	
	-Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		1.84	+
	-Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises		5.21	
	and small enterprises	The state of the s		
()	Debt Securities	19	2,88,024.29	2,66,109.92
1)	Borrowings (other than debt securities)	20	1,88,269.01	1,72,092.05
()	Subordinated Liabilities	21	7,372.56	7,412.21
)	Other financial liabilities	22	34,095.60	31,840.66
	Total - Financial Liabilities (1)		5,20,719.47	4,78,214.54
2)	Non-Financial Liabilities		5.0 AP	
()	Current tax liabilities (net)	23	296.22	66.51
)	Provisions	24	123.13	136.57
)	Other non-financial liabilities	25	362.67	239.62
	Total - Non-Financial Liabilities (2)		782,02	442.70
)	EQUITY			
)	Equity Share Capital	26	2,633.22	2,633.22
)	Instruments Entirely Equity In Nature	27	558.40	558.40
	Other equity	28	69,701.41	65,591.53
1	Total - Equity (3)		72,893.03	68,783.15
	Total - LIABILITIES AND EQUITY (1+2+3)		5,94,394.52	

Place:Delhi Date: 26th October 2024



Vivek Kumar Dewangan hairman & Managing Director DIN - 01377212

Vew Dell



Registered Office - Core-4, SCOPE Complex, 7, Lodhi Road, New Delhi - 110003, CIN: L40101DL1969GOI005095

Statement of Profit and Loss for the period ended 30th September 2024

€ in Crores

_				(₹ in Crore
S. No.	Particulars	Note No.	Period ended 30-09-2024	Period ended 30-09-2023
NO.	Revenue from Operations	NO.	30-03-2024	30-09-2023
(i)	Interest Income	29	26,164.71	22,082:4
(ii)	Dividend Income	30	51.50	24.2
(111)	Fees and Commission Income	31	95.17	90.5
(iv)	Net gain/ (loss) on fair value changes	36	283.11	354.2
I.	Total Revenue from Operations (i to iv)	"	26,594.49	22,551.5
11.	Other Income	32	38.27	19.28
ш.	Total Income (I+II)		26,632.76	22,570.79
	Expenses	l t		(1-40) Calo (10)
(i)	Finance Costs	33	16,527.71	14,399.88
(ii)	Net translation/ transaction exchange loss	34	101.71	130.53
(iii)	Fees and commission Expense	35	9.14	9.77
(iv)	Impairment on financial instruments	37	328.47	(702.37
(v)	Employee Benefits Expenses	38	115.86	90.91
(vi)	Depreciation and amortization	39	11.75	11.85
(vii)	Corporate Social Responsibility Expenses	40	82.50	44.86
(viii)	Other Expenses	41	90.18	66.74
IV.	Total Expenses (i to viii)	" -	17,267.32	14,052.17
v.	Profit before Tax (III-IV)	l 1	9,365.44	8,518.62
VI.	Tax Expense	42	7,505.44	0,310.02
	Current Tax	"-		
(i)	- Current Year		1,983.03	1,531.52
	- Earlier Years		1,700.00	1,551.54
m	Deferred Tax		(65.51)	253.50
(ii)		l	1,917.52	
VII.	Total Tax Expense (i+ii)	H	7,447.92	1,785.02
VII.	•		7,447.52	6,733.60
(1)	Other comprehensive Income/(Loss)			
(i)	Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		1.83	1.05
(a)	Re-measurement gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans	1	A11255	1.05
(L)	- Tax impact on above		(0.46)	(0.26)
(b)	Changes in Fair Value of Equity Instruments measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI)		24.73	34.58
			(0.58)	(0.12)
	- Tax impact on above Sub-Total (i)		25.52	(0.42)
(ii)	Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		20.02	34.33
(a)	Effective portion of gains and loss on hedging instruments in cash flow hedges		1,278.33	1.09
83	- Tax impact on above		(321.73)	(74.33)
(b)	Cost of hedging reserve		(2,875.04)	890.22
10.7	- Tax impact on above		723.59	(254.09)
	Sub-Total (ii)		(1,194.85)	562.89
III.	Other comprehensive Income/(Loss) for the period (i+ii)		(1,169.33)	597.84
IX.	Total comprehensive Income for the period (VII+VIII)		6,278.59	7,331.44
X.	Basic & Diluted Earnings per Equity Share of ₹ 10 each (in ₹)	43	0,270,33	7,331.44
(1)	For continuing operations		28.28	25.57
			20.20	25.57
(2)	For discontinued operations For continuing and discontinued operations		28.28	25.57
(3)	Company Overview and Material Accounting Policies	1 to 5	20,20	45.57

Place:Delhi Date: 26th October 2024



* New Delhi

Vivek Kumar Dewangan Chairman & Managing Director DIN - 01377212



Registered Office - Core-4, SCOPE Complex, 7, Lodhi Road, New Delhi - 110003, CIN: L40101DL1969GOI005095 Statement of Cash Flows for the period ended 30th Sep 2024

(₹ in Crores

Particulars	Period ended	30-09-2024	Period ended	30-09-2023
A. Cash Flow from Operating Activities :				
Net Profit before Tax	9,365.44		8,518.62	
Adjustments for:				
1. Loss/ (Gain) on derecognition of Property, Plant and Equipment (net)	3.26		1.89	
2. Loss/ (Gain) on derecognition of Assets held for sale (net)	(6.03)		(1.32)	
3. Depreciation & Amortization	11.75		11.85	
4. Impairment losses on Financial Instruments	328.47	- 1	(702.37)	
5. Loss/ (Gain) on Fair Value Changes (net)	(281.19)		(352.38)	
6. Effective Interest Rate (EIR) in respect of Loan Assets and Borrowings	154.54		(153.71)	
7. Interest on Commercial Paper	-	- 1	43,95	
8. Unrealised Foreign Exchange Translation Loss/ (Gain)	(1,044.39)		(306.93)	
9. Interest on Investments	(28.77)	- 1	(11.00)	
Operating Profit/ (Loss) before Changes in Operating Assets & Liabilities	8,503.08		7,048.60	
Inflow / (Outflow) on account of :				
1. Loan Assets	(36,746.01)		(39,263.07)	
2. Derivatives	(465.68)	- 1	(745.06)	
3. Other Financial and Non-Financial Assets	980.37	- 1	189.71	
4. Other Financial and Non- Financial Liabilities & Provisions	2,299.95	- 1	3,482.41	
Cash flow from Operations	(25,428.29)	- 1	(29,287.41)	
1. Income Tax Paid (including TDS)	(1,676.15)	- 1	(1,359.34)	
Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities		(27,104.44)		(30,646.75
B. Cash Flow from Investing Activities				
1. Sale of Property, Plant & Equipment	0.02	- 1	0.01	
2. Sale of assets held for sale	6.07	- 1	1.61	
3. Investment in Property, Plant & Equipment (incl. CWIP & Capital Advances)	(29.43)		(11.99)	
4. Investment in Intangible Assets (including intangible assets under development &	(0.02)			
Capital Advances)	(0.02)			
5. Finance Costs Capitalised	(1.13)		(0.20)	
6. Sale/ (Investment) in Equity Shares	-	- 1	3.34	
7. Redemption/ (Investment) in High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLAs) (net)	(1,437.65)		(49.98)	
8. Redemption/ (Investment) in Debt Securities other than HQLAs (net)	350.08		11.61	
Net Cash Flow from Investing Activities		(1,112.06)		(45.60)
C. Cash Flow from Financing Activities				
1. Issue/ (Redemption) of Rupee Debt Securities (net)	22,702.07		5,455.34	
2. Issue/ (Redemption) of Commercial Paper (net)			3,054.89	
3. Raising/ (Repayments) of Rupee Term Loans/ WCDL from Banks/ FIs (net)	(8,030.67)		4,759.22	
Raising/ (Repayments) of Foreign Currency Debt Securities and Borrowings (net)	20,447.08		24,807.54	
5. Raising/ (Redemption) of Subordinated Liabilities (net)	-		590.00	
6. Payment of Dividend on Equity Shares	(2,238.24)		(1,935.42)	
. Repayment towards Lease Liability	-		(0.01)	
let Cash flow from Financing Activities		32,880.24		36,731.56
let Increase/ (Decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalents		4,663.74		6,039.21
ash & Cash Equivalents as at the beginning of the period		(221.18)		(48.59)
ash & Cash Equivalents as at the end of the period		4,442.56		5,990.62

Place:Delhi Date: 26th October 2024



Vivek Kumar Dewangan Chairman & Managing Director DIN - 01377212

ew Del



Registered Office - Core-4, SCOPE Complex, 7, Lodhi Road, New Delhi - 110003, CIN: L40101DL1969GO1005095 Statement of Changes in Equity for the period ended 30th September 2024

A Equity share capital

Particulars

As at 30-09-2024

Balance at the beginning of the period

Changes in equity share capital during the period*

Balance at the end of the period

2,633.22

Changes in equity share capital during the period*

2,633.22

2,633.22

2,633.22

B Instruments entirely equity in nature

Particulars	As at 30-09-2024	As at 31-03-2024
Balance at the beginning of the period	558.40	558.40
Changes in instruments entirely equity in nature during the period		
Balance at the end of the period	558.40	558.40

C Other Equity

Particulars			Reserv	es & Surplus				FVOCI-	Effective Portion	Costs of	Total
	Special Reserve created u/s 36(1) (viii) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	Reserve for Bad and doubtful debts u/s 36(1)(viia) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	Statutory Reserve u/s 45-IC of Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934	Securities Premium Account	Foreign Currency Monetary Item Translation Difference Account	General Reserve	Retained Earnings	Equity Instruments	of Cash Flow Hedges	Hedging reserve	
Balance as at 31st March 2023	24,977.89		8,025.15	1,577.53	(790.44)	11,978.44	9,930.77	(101.47)	600.05	(1,709.87)	54,488.05
Profit for the period							6,733.60				6,733.60
Remeasurement of Defined Benefit Plans (net of taxes)					1		0.79				0.79
Recognition through Other Comprehensive Income (net of taxes)					1			34.16	(73.24)	636.13	597.05
Total Comprehensive Income for the period	1.0	-	-				6,734.39	34.16	(73.24)	636.13	7,331.44
Transferred to/ (from) Retained Earnings	1,444.07		1,346.72				(2,790.79)				
Transferred to General Reserve		321.60				321.60					
Reclassification of gain/ (loss) on sale/ extinguishment of							3.23	(3.23)			
FVOCI equity instrument (net of taxes)					A 2000 0000				10		
Foreign Currency Translation gain/ (loss) on long term monetary items during the period					(56.82)						(56.82
Amortisation during the period					98.45						98.45
Coupon payment on Instrument Entirely Equity in Nature	4.						2:				
(Perpetual Debt Instruments) (Net of Taxes)											
Sub-total	1,444.07	321.60	1,346.72	-	41.63	(321.60)	(2,787.56)	(3.23	-		41.63
Dividends							(1,935.42)				(1,935.42
Sub-total- Transaction with owners			*	1.00			(1,935.42)		1.0		(1,935.42
Balance as at 30th September 2023	26,421.96	321.60	9,371.87	1,577.53	(748.81)	11,656.84	11,942.18	(70.54	526.81	(1,073.74)	59,925.70



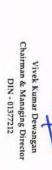




Particulars	Special		Reser	1 %				FVOCI-	Effective Portion	Costs of	Total
	Special Reserve created u/s 36(1) (viii) of the Income	Reserve for Bad and doubtful debts u/s 36(1)(viia) of	Statutory Reserve u/s 45-IC of Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934	P mium	Foreign Currency Monetary Item Translation	General Reserve	Retained Earnings	Equity Instruments	of Cash Flow Hedges	Hedging reserve	
	Tax Act, 1961	the Income Tax Act, 1961			Difference Account						
Balance as at 31st March 2024	28,044.83	687.76	10,828.99	1,577.53	(675.14)	11,978.44	13,363.40	(57.99)	(1,846.93)	1,690.64	65,591.53
Profit for the period Remeasurement of Defined Benefit Plans (net of taxes)							7,447.92 1.37	- Xxii			
Recognition through Other Comprehensive Income (net of taxes)							2003	24.15	956.60	(2,151.45)	
Total Comprehensive Income for the period	,		,	,			7,449.29			(2,151.45)	
Transferred to/ (from) Retained Earnings	1,767.58	417.50	1,489.58			300.00	(3,974.66)			1000	
Transferred to General Reserve	4										
Reclassification of gain/ (loss) on sale/ extinguishment of FVOCI equity instrument (net of taxes)								6	4		
Foreign Currency Translation gain/ (loss) on long term monetary items during the period					(4.06)						
Amortisation during the period Coupon payment on Instrument Entirely Equity in Nature					73.59						
Sub-total Dividends	1,767.58	417.50	1,489.58		69.53	300.00	(3,974.66)		•		
Sub-total- Transaction with owners				×			(2,238.24)			,	
Balance as at 30th September 2024	29,812.41	1,105.26	12,318.57	1,577.53	(605.61)	12,278,44	14,599,79	(33.84)	(890.33)	(460.81)	

Place:Delhi Date: 26th October 2024







Registered Office - Core-4, SCOPE Complex, 7, Lodhi Road, New Delhi – 110003 CIN: L40101DL1969GOI005095

Notes to Accounts

1. Company Overview

REC Limited ("REC" or the "Company") was incorporated in the year 1969. The Company is domiciled in India and is limited by shares, having its registered office and principal place of business at Core-4, SCOPE Complex, 7, Lodhi Road, New Delhi-110003, India. The books of accounts are main tained at the Corporate Office situated at Plot no. I-4, Sector-29, Gurugram, Haryana, in addition to the registered office of the Company. The Company has offices spread across the country, mainly in the State Capitals and one training center at Hyderabad.

The Company is a Government of India Enterprise engaged in extending financial assistance across the power sector value chain and is a Systemically Important (Non-Deposit Accepting or Holding) Non-Banking Finance Company (NBFC) registered with Reserve Bank of India (RBI). Being an NBFC, the company is regulated by Reserve Bank of India.

The company has been accorded with the status of a 'Maharatna' Central Public Sector Enterprise by the Department of Public Enterprises, under the Ministry of Finance.

REC is a leading Infrastructure Finance Company in India and the principal products of REC are interest-bearing loans to State Electricity Boards, State Power utilities/State Power Departments and Private sector for all segments of Power infrastructure. During FY 2022-23, REC has also diversified into the Non-Power Infrastructure sector comprising Roads & Expressways, Metro Rail, Airports, IT Communication, Social and Commercial Infrastructure (Educational Institution, Hospitals), Ports and Electro-Mechanical (E&M) works in respect of various other sectors like Steel, Refinery, etc.

The shares of the Company are listed on National Stock Exchange of India Limited and BSE Limited. Further, various debt securities of the Company are also listed on the Stock Exchanges

2. Basis of Preparation

These Special Purpose Standalone Financial Statements have been prepared for the purpose of inclusion of financial information in respect of fund raising programmes of the Company and its Holding Company and complies with the measurement principles laid down under Ind AS notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended), applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable regulatory norms / guidelines including those issued by RBI. These financial statements for the period ended 30th September 2024 were authorized and approved by the Board of Directors on 26th October 2024.







Material Accounting Policies 3.

The material accounting policies applied in preparation of the financial statements are as given below:

3.1 Basis of Preparation and Measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on going concern basis following accrual system of accounting on historical cost basis except for certain financial assets and financial liabilities which are measured at fair values as explained in relevant accounting policies. These policies have been applied consistently for all the periods presented in the financial statements.

Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupee ('INR') which is also the functional currency of the Company.

Income recognition 3.2

Interest income

Unless otherwise specified, the recoveries from the borrowers are appropriated in the order of (i) costs and expenses of REC (ii) delayed and penal interest including interest tax, if any (iii) overdue interest including interest tax, if any and (iv) repayment of principal; the oldest being adjusted first, except for credit impaired loans and recalled loans, where principal amount is appropriated only after the complete recovery of other costs, expenses, delayed and penal interest and overdue interest including interest tax, if any. The recoveries under One Time Settlement (OTS)/ Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code (IBC) proceedings are appropriated first towards the principal outstanding and remaining recovery thereafter, towards interest and other charges, if any.

For financial assets measured at amortized cost, interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR), i.e. the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the net carrying amount of the financial assets.

Interest on financial assets subsequently measured at fair value through profit and loss is recognized on an accrual basis in accordance with the terms of the respective contract and is disclosed separately under the head interest income.

As a matter of prudence, income on credit impaired loan assets is recognised as and when received or on accrual basis when expected realisation is higher than the loan amount outstanding.

Rebate on account of timely payment of interest by borrowers is recognized on receipt of entire interest amount due in time, in accordance with the terms of the respective contract and is netted against the corresponding interest income.

Income from Government schemes

Income of agency fee on Government schemes is recognized on the basis of the services rendered and amount of fee sanctioned by the Ministry of Power. CO

LIMIT

ew Dell



Dividend income

Income from dividend on shares of corporate bodies and units of mutual funds is taken into account on accrual basis when right to receive payment is established.

Provided that in case of final dividend, the right to receive payment shall be considered as established only upon approval of the dividend by the shareholders in the Annual General Meeting.

Dividend on financial assets subsequently measured at fair value through profit and loss is recognised separately under the head 'Dividend Income'.

Other services

Fees/ charges on loan assets, other than those considered an adjustment to EIR, are accounted for on accrual basis. Pre-payment premium is accounted for by the Company in the year of receipt.

3.3 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that the Company incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition and/ or construction of a qualifying asset, till the time such qualifying asset becomes ready for its intended use, are capitalized. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes a substantial period to get ready for its intended use.

All other borrowing costs are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss on an accrual basis as per the effective interest rate method.

Earnings per share 3.4

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

To calculate diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

3.5 Foreign Currency Translation

Foreign currency transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency of the Company using the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and the remeasurement of monetary items denominated in foreign currency at period-end exchange rates are recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss. However, for the long-term monetary items recognized in the financial statements before 1 April 2018, such gains and losses are accumulated in a "Foreign Currency Monetary Item Translation Difference Account" and amortized over the balance period of such long term monetary item, by recognition as income of expense in each of such periods. Chand Jain

ew Del

& CO

Non-monetary items are not retranslated at period-end and are measured at historical cost (translated using the exchange rates at the transaction date).

3.6 Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE)

Recognition and initial measurement

Land

Land held for use is initially recognized at cost. For land, as no finite useful life can be determined, related carrying amounts are not amortized.

Land also includes land treated as a Right of Use asset under lease agreement earlier classified as finance lease and is amortized over the lease term.

Other Tangible assets

PPE other than land is initially recognized at acquisition cost or construction cost, including any costs directly attributable to bringing the assets to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the Company's management.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company beyond one year. Maintenance or servicing costs of PPE are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss as incurred.

Subsequent measurement (depreciation method, useful lives, residual value, and impairment)

PPE are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Depreciation on PPE is provided on the straight-line method over the useful life of the assets as prescribed under Part 'C' of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

Depreciation on assets purchased/sold during the year is charged for the full month if the asset is in use for more than 15 days. Depreciation on assets purchased during the year up to Rs. 5,000/- is provided @ 100%.

The residual values, useful lives, and method of depreciation are reviewed at the end of each financial year. PPE other than land is tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

De-recognition

An item of PPE and any significant part initially recognized is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of an item of PPE is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Capital Work-in-Progress

The cost of PPE under construction at the reporting date is disclosed as 'Capital work-in-progress.' The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing cost if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discount and rebates

ew Dell

are deducted in arriving at the purchase price. Advances paid for the acquisition/ construction of PPE which are outstanding at the balance sheet date are classified under 'Capital Advances.'

3.7 Intangible assets

Recognition and initial measurement

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. Such assets are recognized where it is probable that the future economic benefits attributable to the assets will flow to the company.

Subsequent measurement (amortization method, useful lives and residual value)

All intangible assets with finite useful life are amortized on a straight line basis over the estimated useful lives, and a possible impairment is assessed if there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. Residual values and useful lives for all intangible assets are reviewed at each reporting date. Changes, if any, are accounted for as changes in accounting estimates. Management estimates the useful life of intangible assets to be five years.

Intangible Assets under Development

Expenditure incurred which are eligible for capitalization under intangible assets is carried as 'Intangible assets under development' till they are ready for their intended use. Advances paid for the acquisition/ development of intangible assets which are outstanding at the balance sheet date are classified under 'Capital Advances'.

Derecognition of Intangible Assets

Delhi-92

An intangible asset is derecognized on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognized.

3.8 Lease accounting:

Right-of-use asset and related lease liability in connection with all former operating leases are recognised except for those identified as short-term or low-value lease.

An assessment at contract inception is made whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A lease is defined as 'a contract, or part of a contract, that conveys the right to use an asset (the underlying asset) for a period of time in exchange for consideration'.

To apply this definition, the contract is assessed for three key evaluations which are whether:

- the contract contains an identified asset, which is either explicitly identified in the contract or implicitly specified by being identified at the time the asset is made available
- right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the identified asset throughout the period of use, considering its rights within the defined scope of the contract
- right to direct the use of the identified asset throughout the period of use and right to direct 'how and for what purpose' the asset is used throughout the period of use.

At lease commencement date, a right-of-use asset and a lease liability is recognized on the balance sheet. The right-of-use asset is measured at cost, which is made up of the initial measurement of the lease liability, any similar direct costs incurred, an estimate of any costs to dismantle and remove the

New Delhi

asset at the end of the lease, and any lease payments made in advance of the lease commencement date (net of any incentives received).

The right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis from the lease commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The right-of-use asset is also assessed for impairment when such indicators exist.

At the commencement date, the lease liability is measured at the present value of the lease payments unpaid at that date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease if that rate is readily available or the Company's incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are made up of fixed payments (including in substance fixed), variable payments based on an index or rate, amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee and payments arising from options reasonably certain to be exercised.

Subsequent to initial measurement, the liability will be reduced for payments made and increased for interest. It is remeasured to reflect any reassessment or modification, or if there are changes in insubstance fixed payments.

When the lease liability is remeasured, the corresponding adjustment is reflected in the right-of-use asset, or profit and loss if the right-of-use asset is already reduced to zero.

3.9 Assets held for sale

Assets are classified as Held for Sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use and the sale is highly probable. A sale is considered as highly probable when such assets have been decided to be sold by the Company; are available for immediate sale in their present condition; are being actively marketed for sale at a price and the sale has been agreed or is expected to be concluded within one year of the date of classification. Such assets are measured at lower of carrying amount or fair value less selling costs.

Assets held for sale are presented separately from other assets in the Balance Sheet and are not depreciated or amortised while they are classified as held for sale.

3.10 Financial Instruments

A Financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument and are measured initially at fair value adjusted by transactions costs, except for those carried at fair value through profit or loss which are measured initially at fair value. Subsequent measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities is described below.

ew Dell

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial as



For the purpose of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified into the following categories upon initial recognition:

- Amortized cost
- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)
- Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)
- Investments in equity shares of subsidiaries and joint ventures (carried at cost in accordance with Ind AS 27)

All financial assets except for those at FVTPL or at FVOCI are subject to review for impairment at least at each reporting date to identify whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. Different criteria to determine impairment are applied to each category of financial assets, which are described below.

Amortized cost

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost using Effective Interest Rate (EIR) if both of the following conditions are met:

- a) the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- b) the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Impairment allowance (expected credit loss) is recognized on financial assets carried at amortized cost.

Modification of cash flows

When the contractual cash flows of a financial asset are renegotiated or otherwise modified, and the renegotiation or modification does not result in derecognition of that financial asset, the Company recalculates the gross carrying amount of the financial asset and recognizes a modification gain or loss in profit or loss. The gross carrying amount of the financial asset shall be recalculated as the present value of the renegotiated or modified contractual cash flows that are discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. Any costs or fees incurred adjust the carrying amount of the modified financial asset and are amortized over the remaining term of the modified financial asset.

Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets at FVTPL include financial assets that either do not meet the criteria for amortized cost classification or are equity instruments held for trading or that meet certain conditions and are designated at FVTPL upon initial recognition. All derivative financial instruments also fall into this category, except for those designated and effective as hedging instruments, for which the hedge accounting requirements may apply. Assets in this category are measured at fair value with gains or losses recognized in profit or loss. The fair values of financial assets in this category are determined by reference to active market transactions or using a valuation technique where no active market exists.

Embedded derivatives

An embedded derivative is a component of a hybrid instrument that also includes a non-derivative host contract with the effect that some of the cash flows of the combined instrument vary in a way similar to a stand-alone derivative. An embedded derivative causes some or all of the cash flows that otherwise would be required by the contract to be modified according to a specified interest rate, foreign

ow Dell

exchange rate, or other variable, provided that, in the case of a non-financial variable, it is not specific to a party to the contract.

Derivatives embedded in all host contracts are accounted for as separate derivatives and recorded at fair value if their economic characteristics and risks are not closely related to those of the host contracts or if the embedded derivative feature leverages the exposure and the host contracts are not held for trading or designated at fair value though profit or loss. These embedded derivatives are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss, unless designated as effective hedging instruments.

Financial assets at FVOCI

FVOCI financial assets comprise of equity instruments measured at fair value. An equity investment classified as FVOCI is initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. Gains and losses are recognized in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) and reported within the FVOCI reserve within equity, except for dividend income, which is recognized in profit or loss. There is no recycling of such gains and losses from OCI to Statement of Profit & Loss, even on the derecognition of the investment. However, the Company may transfer the same within equity.

De-recognition of financial assets

De-recognition of financial assets due to a substantial modification of terms and conditions

The Company derecognizes a financial asset, such as a loan to a customer, when the terms and conditions have been renegotiated to the extent that, substantially, it becomes a new loan, with the difference recognized as a derecognition gain or loss, to the extent that an impairment loss has not already been recorded.

De-recognition of financial assets other than due to substantial modification

Financial assets (or where applicable, a part of financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) are derecognized (i.e. removed from the Company's balance sheet) when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset have expired, or when the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards are transferred. The Company also derecognizes the financial asset if it has both transferred the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition.

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are measured subsequently at amortized cost using the effective interest method, except for financial liabilities held for trading or designated at FVTPL, that are carried subsequently at fair value with gains or losses recognized in profit or loss. All host contracts which are in nature of a financial liability and separated from embedded derivative are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or canceled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the statement of profit chand Ja

ew Dell

or loss.

Hedge accounting

To qualify for hedge accounting, the hedging relationship must meet all of the following requirements:

- there is an economic relationship between the hedged item and the hedging instrument
- the effect of credit risk does not dominate the value changes that result from that economic relationship
- the hedge ratio of the hedging relationship is the same as that resulting from the quantity of the hedged item that the Company actually hedges and the quantity of the hedging instrument that the Company actually uses to hedge that quantity of hedged item.

All derivative financial instruments designated under hedge accounting are recognised initially at fair value and reported subsequently at fair value at each reporting date. To the extent that the hedge is effective, changes in the fair value of derivatives designated as hedging instruments in cash flow hedges are recognised in other comprehensive income and included within the cash flow hedge reserve in equity. Any ineffectiveness in the hedge relationship is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

At the time the hedged item affects profit or loss, any gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and presented as a reclassification adjustment within other comprehensive income.

At the inception of each hedging relationship, the Company formally designates and documents the hedge relationship, in accordance with the Company's risk management objective and strategies. The documentation includes identification of the hedged item, hedging instrument, the nature of risk(s) being hedged, the hedge ratio and how the hedging relationship meets the hedging effectiveness requirements.

Fair Value Hedges

In line with the recognition of change in the fair value of the hedging instruments in the Statement of Profit & Loss, the change in the fair value of the hedged item attributable to the risk hedged is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Such changes are made to the carrying amount of the hedged item and are adjusted in Effective Interest Rate in the period when the hedging instrument ceases to exit. If the hedged item is derecognised, the unamortised fair value is recognised immediately in Statement of Profit and Loss.

3.11 Impairment of financial assets

Loan assets

The Company follows a 'three-stage' model for impairment in the form of Expected Credit Loss (ECL) based on changes in credit quality since initial recognition as summarised below:

- Stage 1 includes loan assets that have not had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or that have low credit risk at the reporting date.
- Stage 2 includes loan assets that have had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition but that do not have objective evidence of impairment.
- Stage 3 includes loan assets that have objective evidence of impairment at the reporting date.

The Expected Credit Loss (ECL) is measured at 12-month ECL for Stage 1 loan assets and lifetime ECL for Stage 2 and Stage 3 loan assets. ECL is the product of the Probability of Default, Exposure at Default and Loss Given Default, defined as follows:

ew Dell

New/Delhi

Probability of Default (PD) - The PD represents the likelihood of the borrower defaulting on its obligation either over next 12 months or over the remaining lifetime of the instrument.

Loss Given Default (LGD) – LGD represents the Company's expectation of loss given that a default occurs. LGD is expressed in percentage and it shows the proportion of the amount that will actually be lost post recoveries in case of a default.

Exposure at Default (EAD) – EAD represents the amounts, including the principal outstanding, interest accrued and outstanding Letters of Comfort that the Company expects to be owed at the time of default.

Forward-looking economic information is included in determining the 12-month and lifetime PD, EAD and LGD. The assumptions underlying the expected credit loss are monitored and reviewed on an ongoing basis.

Financial assets other than Loans

In respect of its other financial assets, the Company assesses if the credit risk on those financial assets has increased significantly since initial recognition. If the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses, else at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses.

To make that assessment, the Company compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the balance sheet date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the date of initial recognition. The Company also considers reasonable and supportable information, that is available without undue cost or effort that is indicative of significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition. The Company assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the financial asset is determined to have low credit risk at the balance sheet date.

Write-offs

Financial assets are written off either partially or in their entirety only when the Company has stopped pursuing the recovery or as directed by the order of the Judicial Authority.

3.12 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, together with other short-term, highly liquid investments (original maturity less than three months) that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

3.13 Dividend and Other Payments to holders of Instruments classified as Equity

Proposed dividends and interim dividends payable to the shareholders are recognized as changes in equity in the period in which they are approved by the shareholders and the Board of Directors respectively. Liability for the payments to the holders of instruments classified as equity are recognized in the period when such payments are authorized for payment by the Company.

3.14 Material prior period errors

Material prior period errors are corrected retrospectively by restating the comparative amounts for the prior periods presented in which the error occurred. If the error occurred before the earliest period

presented, the opening balances of assets, liabilities and equity for the earliest period presented, are restated.

3.15 Prepaid Expenses

A prepaid expense up to Rs. 1,00,000/- is recognized as expense upon initial recognition.

3.16 Taxation

Tax expense recognized in profit or loss comprises the sum of deferred tax and current tax. It is recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss, except when it relates to an item that is recognised in OCI or directly in equity, in which case, the tax is also recognised in OCI or directly in equity.

Current tax is determined as the tax payable in respect of taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted and as applicable at the reporting date, and any adjustments to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable income. Deferred tax on temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and joint ventures is not provided if reversal of these temporary differences can be controlled by the Company and it is probable that reversal will not occur in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated, without discounting, at tax rates that are expected to apply to their respective period of realization, provided those rates are enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.

Deferred tax liability is recognized for all taxable temporary differences. A deferred tax asset is recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

Changes in deferred tax assets or liabilities are recognized as a component of tax income or expense in profit or loss, except where they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the related deferred tax is also recognized in other comprehensive income or equity, respectively.

3.17 Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits including salaries, short term compensated absences (such as a paid annual leave) where the absences are expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service, profit sharing and bonuses payable within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related services and non-monetary benefits for current employees are estimated and measured on an undiscounted basis.







Post-employment benefit plans are classified into defined benefits plans and defined contribution plans as under:

Defined contribution plan

A defined contribution plan is a plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions in respect of the employees into a separate fund. The Company has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions after its payment of the fixed contribution. The contributions made by the Company towards defined contribution plans are charged to the profit or loss in the period to which the contributions relate.

Defined benefit plan

The Company has an obligation towards gratuity, Post Retirement Medical Facility (PRMF), Provident Fund (PF) and Other Defined Retirement Benefit (ODRB) which are being considered as defined benefit plans covering eligible employees. Under the defined benefit plans, the amount that an employee will receive on retirement is defined by reference to the employee's length of service, final salary, and other defined parameters. The legal obligation for any benefits remains with the Company, even if plan assets for funding the defined benefit plan have been set aside.

The Company's obligation towards defined benefit plans is determined using the projected unit credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at the end of each annual reporting period. The liability recognized in the statement of financial position for defined benefit plans is the present value of the Defined Benefit Obligation (DBO) at the reporting date less the fair value of plan assets. Management estimates the DBO annually with the assistance of independent actuaries.

Actuarial gains/losses resulting from re-measurements of the liability/asset are included in Other Comprehensive Income.

Other long-term employee benefits:

Liability in respect of compensated absences becoming due or expected to be availed more than oneyear after the balance sheet date is estimated on the basis of actuarial valuation performed by an independent actuary using the projected unit credit method.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from past experience and changes in actuarial assumptions are charged to statement of profit and loss in the period in which such gains or losses are determined.

Loan to employees at concessional rate

Delhi-92

Loans given to employees at concessional rate are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost. The difference between the initial fair value of such loans and transaction value is recognised as deferred employee benefits, which is amortised on a straight-line basis over the expected remaining period of the Loan. In case of change in expected remaining period of the Loan, the unamortised deferred employee benefits on the date of change is amortised over the updated expected remaining period of the loan on a prospective basis.

3.18 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities, and Contingent Assets

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event; it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required from the Company and amounts can be estimated reliably. Timing out amounts of the outflow may still be uncertain.

Provisions are measured at the estimated expenditure trequired to settle the present obligation, based on the most reliable evidence available at the reporting date, including the risks and uncertainties associated with the present obligation. Provisions are discounted to their present values, where the time value of money is material.

A contingent liability is disclosed for:

- Possible obligations which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Company or
- Present obligations arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources
 will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot
 be made.

In those cases, where the outflow of economic resources as a result of present obligations is considered improbable or remote, no liability is recognized or disclosure is made.

Any reimbursement that the Company can be virtually certain to collect from a third party concerning the obligation (such as from insurance) is recognized as a separate asset. However, this asset may not exceed the amount of the related provision.

Contingent assets are not recognized. However, when the inflow of economic benefits is **probable**, the related asset is disclosed.

3.19 Fair value measurement

The Company measures financial instruments, such as derivatives at fair value at each reporting date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- · In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risk, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is material to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is material to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is material to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements regularly, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is material to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

3.20 Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

3.21 Business Combination under Common Control

A business combination, if any, involving entities or businesses under common control is a business combination in which all of the combining entities or businesses are ultimately controlled by the same party or parties both before and after the business combination and that control is not transitory.

Business combinations involving entities or businesses under common control are accounted for using the pooling of interest method as follows:

- The assets and liabilities of the combining entities are reflected at their carrying amounts.
- No adjustments are made to reflect fair values, or recognize new assets or liabilities.
 Adjustments are made only to harmonise material accounting policies.
- The financial information in the financial statements in respect of prior periods is restated as if
 the business combination has occurred from the beginning of the preceding period in the
 financial statements, irrespective of the actual date of the combination

The balance of the retained earnings appearing in the financial statements of the transferor is aggregated with the corresponding balance appearing in the financial statements of the transferee. The identity of the reserves is preserved and the reserves of the transferor become the reserves of the transferee

The difference, if any, between the amounts recorded as share capital issued plus any additional consideration in the form of cash or other assets and the amount of share capital of the transferor is transferred to capital reserve and is presented separately from other capital reserves.

3.22 Expenditure on issue of shares

Expenditure on issue of shares, if any, is charged to the securities premium account

4. Implementation of New/ Modified Standards

During the year, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has issued amendments to certain Ind-AS. The Company has analysed the impact of these amendments which is not material to the Company. Further, MCA has not issued any new Ind-AS applicable to the company.

ew Dell

5. Material management judgment in applying accounting policies and estimation of uncertainty

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates, and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the related disclosures. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historical experience & other relevant factors and are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Changes in accounting estimates- Such changes, if any, are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision & future periods if it affects both current & future periods.

Material management judgments

Recognition of deferred tax assets/ liability – The extent to which deferred tax assets can be recognized is based on an assessment of the probability of the future taxable income against which the deferred tax assets can be utilized. Further, the Company Management has no intention to make withdrawal from the Special Reserve created and maintained under section 36(1)(viii) of the Income tax Act, 1961 and thus, the special reserve created and maintained is not capable of being reversed. Hence, the company does not create any deferred tax liability on the said reserve.

Evaluation of indicators for impairment of assets – The evaluation of the applicability of indicators of impairment of assets requires assessment of several external and internal factors which could result in deterioration of recoverable amount of the assets.

Non recognition of Interest Income on Credit Impaired Loans - As a matter of prudence, income on credit impaired loan assets is recognised as and when received or on accrual basis when expected realisation is higher than the loan amount outstanding.

Material estimates

Useful lives of depreciable/amortizable assets – Management reviews its estimate of the useful lives of depreciable/amortizable assets at each reporting date, based on the expected utility of the assets. Uncertainties in these estimates relate to technical and economic obsolescence that may change the utility of assets.

Defined benefit obligation (DBO) – Management's estimate of the DBO is based on a number of underlying assumptions such as standard rates of inflation, mortality, discount rate and anticipation of future salary increases. Variation in these assumptions may materially impact the DBO amount and the annual defined benefit expenses.

Fair value measurements – Management applies valuation techniques to determine the fair value of financial instruments (where active market quotes are not available). This involves developing estimates and assumptions consistent with how market participants would price the instrument. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses market-observable data to the extent it is available. In case of non-availability of market-observable data, Level 2 & Level 3 hierarchy is used for fair valuation.

Income Taxes – Material estimates are involved in determining the provision for income taxes, including amount expected to be paid/recovered for uncertain tax positions and also in respect of expected future profitability to assess deferred tax asset.

ew Dell

Expected Credit Loss ('ECL') – The measurement of an expected credit loss allowance for financial assets measured at amortized cost requires the use of complex models and significant assumptions about future economic conditions and credit behavior (e.g., likelihood of customers defaulting and resulting losses). The Company makes significant judgments about the following while assessing expected credit loss to estimate ECL:

- · Determining criteria for a significant increase in credit risk;
- Establishing the number and relative weightings of forward-looking scenarios for each type of product/ market and the associated ECL; and
- Establishing groups of similar financial assets to measure ECL.
- Estimating the probability of default and loss given default (estimates of recoverable amounts in case of default)







6 Cash and Cash Equivalents

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars	As at 30-09-2024	As at 31-03-2024
- Cash on Hand (including imprest) - Balances with Banks	0.08	0.02
- in current accounts	728.96	46.24
- deposits with original maturity of 3 months or less	3,713.52	
Total	4,442.56	46.26

7 Bank Balances (other than Cash and Cash Equivalents)

Particulars	As at 30-09-2024	As at 31-03-2024
- Earmarked Balances with Banks		
- For unpaid dividends	148.76	1,192.72
- For Government funds for onward disbursement as grant	8.63	13.64
- Earmarked Term Deposits		
- Deposits in Compliance of Court Order	0.69	0.67
- Balances with banks not available for use pending	559.50	1,245.41
allotment of 54EC Capital Gain Tax Exemption Bonds		
Deposits with original maturity greater than 3 months	10.22	
Total	727.80	2,452.44







8 Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company enters into derivatives for hedging foreign exchange risks and interest rate risks. Derivatives held for risk management purposes include hedges that are either designated as effective hedges under the hedge accounting requirements or hedges that are economic hedges. The table below shows the fair values of derivative financial instruments recorded as assets or liabilities together with their notional amounts.

Part I

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars		As at 30-09-202	4		As at 31-03-202	4
	Notional Amounts	Fair Value - Assets	Fair Value - Liabilities	Notional Amounts	Fair Value -	Fair Value - Liabilities
Currency Derivatives						
- Currency swaps	3,142.08	409.65	251.16	3,126.52	43.34	38.13
- Others						
- Seagull Options	1,45,337.90	16,913.96	1,907.33	1,21,107.24	11,070.97	411.82
Sub-total (i)	1,48,479.98	17,323.61	2,158.49	1,24,233.76	11,114.31	449.95
Interest Rate Derivatives						
- Forward Rate Agreements and Interest Rate Swaps	94,910.08	521.78	786.82	72,128.13	1,367.71	309.75
Sub-total (ii)	94,910.08	521.78	786.82	72,128.13	1,367.71	309.75
Other derivatives						
- Reverse cross currency swaps		-	353	-		=
Total - Derivative Financial Instruments (i+ii+iii)	2,43,390.06	17,845.39	2,945.31	1,96,361.89	12,482.02	759.70

Part II
Included in Part I are derivatives held for hedging and risk management purposes as below:

Particulars		As at 30-09-202	4		As at 31-03-202	4
	Notional Amounts	Fair Value - Assets	Fair Value - Liabilities	Notional Amounts	Fair Value - Assets	Fair Value - Liabilities
Fair Value Hedging						
- Interest Rate Derivatives						
- Forward Rate Agreements and Interest Rate Swaps	13,995.70	61.09	133.78	15,950.70	2	297.73
Sub-total (i)	13,995.70	61.09	133.78	15,950.70		297.73
Cash Flow Hedging						
- Currency Derivatives						
- Currency Swaps	3,142.08	409.65	251.16	3,126.52	43.34	38.13
- Others						
- Seagull Options	1,45,337.90	16,913.96	1,907.33	1,21,107.24	11,070.96	411.82
- Interest Rate Derivatives				71 Feb 757 711 1 100 Feb		
- Forward Rate Agreements and Interest Rate Swaps	74,214.38	112.18	653.04	49,477.43	905.30	12.02
Sub-total (ii)	2,22,694.36	17,435.79	2,811.53	1,73,711.19	12,019.60	461.97
Undesignated Derivatives	6,700.00	348.51	-	6,700.00	462.42	
Total - Derivative Financial Instruments (i+ii+iii)	2,43,390.06	17,845.39	2,945.31	1,96,361.89	12,482.02	759.70







9 Receivables

The Company has categorised all receivables at Amortised Cost in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 109.

Particulars		As at 30-09-2024	As at 31-03-2024
Trade Receivables			
Credit impaired receivables		26.94	
Less: Allowance for Expected Credit Loss		(26.94)	
	8		
	Sub-Total-I		
Other Receivables	· ·		
Unsecured, Considered good		3.68	
Less: Allowance for Expected Credit Loss			
		3.68	
19	Sub-Total-II	3.68	
	Total Receivables (I+II)	3.68	







Loans
The Company has categorised all loans at Amortised Cost in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 109.

	Particulars		As at 30	-09-2024	As at 31	-03-2024
			Principal O/s	Amortised Cost	Principal O/s	Amortised Cos
A)	Loans					
i)	Term Loans	1	4,88,664.25	4,91,059.07	4,62,090.27	4,63,975.6
i)	Working Capital Term Loans		57,452.71	57,796.39	47,280.68	47,596.9
		Total (A) - Gross Loans	5,46,116.96	5,48,855.46	5,09,370.95	5,11,572.5
	Less: Impairment loss allowance		(12,708.00)	(12,708.00)	(12,380.52)	(12,380.52
		Total (A) - Net Loans	5,33,408.96	5,36,147.46	4,96,990.43	4,99,192.0
3)	Security Details					
(i)	Secured by tangible assets		2,60,080.99	2,60,805.57	2,47,650.53	2,48,205.9
i)	Covered by Government Guarantees		2,40,096.78	2,41,883.02	2,24,500.49	2,25,967.8
i)	Unsecured		45,939.19	46,166.87	37,219.92	37,398.7
		Total (B) - Gross Loans	5,46,116.96	5,48,855.46	5,09,370.95	5,11,572.5
	Less: Impairment loss allowance		(12,708.00)	(12,708.00)	(12,380.52)	(12,380.52
		Total (B) - Net Loans	5,33,408.96	5,36,147.46	4,96,990.43	4,99,192.0
(I)	Loans in India					
)	Public Sector		4,80,818.20	4,83,626.21	4,54,647.08	4,56,894.28
)	Private Sector		65,298.76	65,229.25	54,723.87	54,678.29
		Total (C)(I) - Gross Loans	5,46,116.96	5,48,855.46	5,09,370.95	5,11,572.57
- 1	Less: Impairment loss allowance		(12,708.00)	(12,708.00)	(12,380.52)	(12,380.52
-		Total (C)(I) - Net Loans	5,33,408.96	5,36,147.46	4,96,990.43	4,99,192.05
II)	Loans outside India		-	-		
- 1	Less: Impairment loss allowance		-	*		:-
		Total (C)(II) - Net Loans	-	; • ·	-	
		Total (C)(I) and (C)(II)	5,33,408.96	5,36,147.46	4,96,990.43	4,99,192.05







11 Investments

Particulars	Amortised		At fair value		Sub-total	Others	Total
	Cost	Through Other Comprehensive Income	Through profit or loss	Designated at fair value through profit or loss		(At Cost)	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5= 1+2+3+4)	(6)	(7= 5+6)
As at 30th September, 2024							
Government Securities	1,622.92	-		: 17	1,622.92		1,622.92
Debt Securities	3,585.54		971.93	\@*	4,557.47	-	4,557.47
Equity Instruments	-	435.38	141.63		577.01	0.10	577.11
Preference Shares	28.72	-	-	-	28.72		28.72
Others	-	2	-		-		-
Total - Gross (A)	5,237.18	435.38	1,113.56		6,786.12	0.10	6,786.22
Investments outside India	-	-	-		-	.50	
Investments in India	5,237.18	435.38	1,113.56	-	6,786.12	0.10	6,786.22
Total - Gross (B)	5,237.18	435.38			6,786.12	0.10	6,786.22
Total Investments	5,237.18	435.38	1,113.56		6,786.12	0.10	6,786.22
Less: impairment loss allowance (C)	(28.72)	-	-	-	(28.72)	140	(28.72)
Total - Net (D=A-C)	5,208.46	435.38	1,113.56	*	6,757.40	0.10	6,757.50
As at 31st March, 2024							
Government Securities	1,624.08	-			1,624.08		1,624.08
Debt Securities	2,144.09	440.64	1,065.03	-	3,209.12	0.10	3,209.12
Equity Instruments		410.64	76.37		487.01	0.10	487.11
Preference Shares	28.72		*		28.72	-	28.72
Others				*	-	-	
Total - Gross (A)	3,796.89	410.64	1,141.40	•	5,348.93	0.10	5,349.03
Investments outside India							E 240.02
Investments in India	3,796.89	410.64			5,348.93	0.10	5,349.03
Total - Gross (B)	3,796.89	410.64			5,348.93	0.10	5,349.03
Total Investments	3,796.89	5.0007.8907.11	1,141.40	-	5,348.93	0.10	5,349.03
Less: impairment loss allowance (C)	(28.72)		4 444 40		(28.72)	0.10	(28.72
Total - Net (D=A-C)	3,768.17	410.64	1,141.40		5,320.21	0.10	5,320.31







12 Other financial assets

The Company has categorised all the components under 'Other Financial Assets' at Amortised Cost in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 109.

(₹ in Crores)

	Particulars	As at 30-09-2024	As at 31-03-2024
(A)	Loans to Employees	67.63	57.99
(B)	Advances to Employees	1.55	0.89
(C)	Recoverable from Holding Company	1.85	0.51
(D)	Recoverable from Subsidiary Company	5.26	6.96
(E)	Security Deposits	1.77	1.44
(F)	Advance paid towards variation margin	117.18	
(G)	Recoverable from Government of India - Towards GoI Fully Serviced Bonds	24,317.88	24,319.40
(H)	Other amounts recoverable	86.04	104.63
	Less: Impairment Loss allowance	(49.34)	(67.30)
	Other Amounts Recoverable (Net)	36.70	37.33
	Tota	al (A to H) 24,549.82	24,424.52

13 Current tax assets (net)

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars	As at 30-09-2024	As at 31-03-2024
Advance Income-tax & TDS	211.96	289,47
Provision for Income Tax		:e:
Sub-Total	211.96	289.47
Tax Deposited on income tax demands under contest	5.20	5.20
Provision for income tax for demand under contest	(0.25)	(0.25)
Sub-Total	4.95	4.95
Current tax assets (Net)	216.91	294.42

14 Deferred tax assets (net)

Particulars	As at 30-09-2024	As at 31-03-2024
Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	2,952.25	2,485.46







155619		
ole A		
1201	0	
ING		
oue :		
nen		
e		
dinb		
oc Eduipi		
lant & Edulpr		
TTV, Flant & Equipr		
roperty, Flant & Edulpr		

Particulars				Proper	Property, Plant & Equipment	ment				Capital Work-in- Progress	Intangible Assets under Development	Other Intangible Assets
	Freehold Land	Right-of-Use Land	Buildings	Plant & equipment	Furniture & Fixtures	EDP Equipments	Office Equipments	Vehicles	Total	Immovable Property	Computer Software	Computer Software
Gross carrying value												
As at 31.03.2023	110.39	1.59	456.90	20.06	67,35	23.98	24.79	0.54	202.60	2.72	٠	14.66
Additions	+	Ţ	•	0.35	1.02	4.62	2.66	0.13	8.78	3.71	i	*
Borrowings Cost Capitalised										0.20		
Disposals	٠	¥	6	•	69.0	16.0	222	0.01	3.83	.*	1	
As at 30.09.2023	110.39	1.59	456.90	20.41	67.68	27.69	25.23	99.0	710.55	6.63		14.66
As at 31,03,2024	110.39	1.59	456.90	20.45	66.99	29.62	26.16	0.71	712.77	23.59		14.66
Additions	*		,	4	1.33	1.52	2.68		5.53	24.07	74.	4
Borrowings Cost Capitalised										1.13		
Disposals/ Adjustments	28	14	4		3.43	1.98	5,99	0.41	11.81		*	
As at 30.09.2024	110.39	1.59	456.90	20.45	64.85	29.16	22.85	0.30	706.49	48.79		14.66
Accumulated depreciation/ amortisation												
As at 31.03.2023		0.39	20.61	2.23	15.40	16.27	11.40	0.38	89.99	(2)		13.05
Charge for the year	- 14	0.01	3.61	0.64	3.05	1.87	1.74	0.02	10.94		*	06:0
Adjustment for disposals		(V)		1	0.26	0.57	1.08	•	1.91	8	*	4
As at 30.09.2023	*	0.40	24.22	2.87	18.19	17.57	12.06	0.40	75.71	٠		13.95
As at 31,03,2024	12	0.41	27.82	3.52	19.99	18.71	11.69	0.42	82.56	*	•	14.14
Charge for the year	2	0.07	3.62	0.65	2.99	2.40	1.85	0.02	11.60	7	٠	0.15
Adjustment for disposals	*	•	12		2.58	1.28	4.32	0.35	8.53	*	i	10'0
As at 30.09.2024	ie i	0.48	31.44	4.17	20.40	19.83	9.22	60.0	85.63	*		14.28
Net block as at 31,03,2024	110.39	1.18	429.08	16.93	46.96	10.91	14.47	0.29	630.21	23.59		0.52
Net block as at 30.09.2024	110.39		425.46	16.28	44.45	6.33	13.63	0.21	620.86	48.79	*	0.38







16 Other non-financial assets

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars		As at 30-09-2024	As at 31-03-2024
Unsecured, considered go	ood		
(A) Capital Advances			0.17
(B) Other Advances		9.51	7.97
(C) Balances with Governmen	t Authorities	24.08	37.47
(D) Pre-Spent Corporate Socia	l Responsibility (CSR) Expenses		5.15
(E) Prepaid Expenses		27.56	21.96
(F) Deferred Employee Benefit	ts	19.96	15.81
G) Other Assets			0.01
	Total (A to G)	81.11	88.54

17 Assets Classified as Held for Sale

Particulars	As at 30-09-2024	As at 31-03-2024	
Assets Classified as Held for Sale-Building	0.01	0.05	
Total	0.01	0.05	







18 Payable

Particulars	As at 30-09-2024	As at 31-03-2024
Trade Payables		
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	0.11	-
Total outstanding dues other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	5.54	*
Sub-total	5.65	.=0
Other payables		
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	1.84	э.
Total outstanding dues other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	5.21	
Sub-total	7.05	
Total (A+B)	12.70	







19 Debt Securities

The Company has categorised all debt securities at amortised cost in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 109.

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars	As at 30.0	9.2024	As at 31	.03.2024
	Face Value	Amortised Cost	Face Value	Amortised Cost
Secured Long-Term Debt Securities				
Institutional Bonds		*	1,955.00	2,052.46
54EC Capital Gain Tax Exemption Bonds	43,193.78	43,702.31	41,1 10.80	42,535.71
Tax Free Bonds	8,998.71	9,423.70	8,998.71	9,326.50
Bond Application Money pending allotment	559.50	560.95	1,245.41	1,244.57
Sub-total (A)	52,751.99	53,686.96	53,309.92	55,159.24
Unsecured Long-Term Debt Securities				
Institutional Bonds	1,95,535.29	2,02,326.03	1,72,275.29	1,78,093.90
Infrastructure Bonds	3.96	9.74	3.96	9.32
Foreign Currency Bonds	32,099.81	32,001.56	32,963.75	32,847.46
Sub-total (B)	2,27,639.06	2,34,337.33	2,05,243.00	2,10,950.68
Unsecured Short-Term Debt Securities				
Commercial Paper		-	-	-
Sub-total (C)		-	-	-
Total - Debt Securities (A+B+C)	2,80,391.05	2,88,024.29	2,58,552.92	2,66,109.92
Debt Securities issued in/outside India				
Debt Securities in India	2,48,291.24	2,56,022.73	2,25,589.17	2,33,262.46
Debt Securities outside India	32,099.81	32,001.56	32,963.75	32,847.46
Total - Debt Securities	2,80,391.05	2,88,024.29	2,58,552.92	2,66,109.92

20 Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities)

The Company has categorised all borrowings (other than debt securities) at Amortised Cost in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 109.

Particulars	As at 30.0	9.2024	As at 31.03.2024	
	Principal O/s	Amortised Cost	Principal O/s	Amortised Cost
Unsecured Long-Term Borrowings				
Term Loans from Banks	49,147.56	49,329.25	50,612.28	50,620.49
Term Loans from Financial Institutions	8,050.00	8,072.28	8,050.00	8,072.29
Term Loan in Foreign Currency	81,876.29	81,406.82	67,205.64	66,772.38
Term Loans from Government of India (NSSF)	10,000.00	10,326.24	10,000.00	10,325.12
Sub-total (A)	1,49,073.85	1,49,134.59	1,35,867.92	1,35,790.28
Unsecured Short-Term Borrowings				
FCNR (B) Loans	34,816.07	34,821.89	25,138.67	25,151.29
Short Term Loans/ Loans repayable on demand from Banks	4,310.00	4,312.53	10,875.94	10,883.04
Overdrafts/ Cash Credit repayable on demand from Banks	-		267.44	267.44
Sub-total (B)	39,126.07	39,134.42	36,282.05	36,301.77
Total - Borrowings (other than Debt Securities) (A to B)	1,88,199.92	1,88,269.01	1,72,149.97	1,72,092.05
Borrowings (other than Debt Securities) in/outside India				
Borrowings in India	1,06,323.63	1,06,862.19	1,04,944.33	1,05,319.67
Borrowings outside India	81,876.29	81,406.82	67,205.64	66,772.38
Total - Borrowings (other than Debt Securities)	1,88,199.92	1,88,269.01	1,72,149.97	1,72,092.05







21 Subordinated Liabilities

The Company has categorised all subordinated liabilities at amortised cost in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 109.

Particulars	As at 30.0	9.2024	As at 31.03.2024	
	Face Value	Amortised Cost	Face Value	Amortised Cos
175th Series - Subordinate Tier-II Bonds -	2,151.20	2,220.10	2,151.20	2,091.9
8.97% Redeemable at par on 28.03.2029				
199th Series - Subordinate Tier-II Bonds -	1,999.50	1,998.62	1,999.50	2,041.6
7.96% Redeemable at par on 15.06.2030				
222nd Series - Perpetual Tier-I Bonds -	2,000.00	2,064.89	2,000.00	2,145.2
7.98% with call option on 30.04.2033 and on annual				
niversary date thereafter				
226th Series - Perpetual Tier-I Bonds -	1,090.00	1,088.95	1,090.00	1,133.3
8.03% with call option on 30.09.2033 and on annual				
anniversary date thereafter				
Total - Subordinated Liabilities	7,240.70	7,372.56	7,240.70	7,412.21
Subordinated Liabilities in/ outside India				
Borrowings in India	7,240.70	7,372.56	7,240.70	7,412.2
Borrowings outside India	-	-	-	
Total - Subordinated Liabilities	7,240.70	7,372.56	7,240.70	7,412.2







22 Other Financial Liabilities

Particulars	As at 30-09-2024	As at 31-03-2024
Unpaid Dividends	148.76	1,192.72
Unpaid Principal & Interest on Bonds		
- Matured Bonds & Interest Accrued thereon	25.74	22.42
- Interest on Bonds	8.76	10.52
Sub-total (B)	34.50	32.94
Advance received towards variation margin	6,993.47	4,638.80
Funds Received from Government of India for Disbursement as	96,280.91	96,282.52
Subsidy/ Grant (cumulative)		
Add: Interest on such funds (net of refund)	3.58	3.56
Less: Disbursed to Beneficiaries (cumulative)	(96,273.68)	(96,269.71)
Undisbursed Funds to be disbursed as Subsidy/ Grant	10.81	16.37
Payables towards Bonds Fully serviced by Government of India	24,317.88	24,382.40
Other Liabilities	2,590.18	1,577.43
Total (A to F)	34,095.60	31,840.66

23 Current tax liabilities (net)

(3)				
Particulars	As at 30-09-2024	As at 31-03-2024		
Provision for Income Tax	5,267.34	3,283.85		
Less: Advance Income-tax & TDS	(4,971.12)	(3,217.34)		
Current tax liabilities (Net)	296.22	66.51		

24 Provisions

Particulars		As at 30-09-2024	As at 31-03-2024
Provisions for			
Employee Benefits			
Gratuity		2.86	0.13
Earned Leave Liability		34.43	33.45
Medical Leave Liability		22.02	21.52
Settlement Allowance		2.43	2.40
Economic Rehabilitation Scheme		5.51	4.92
Long Service Award		4.74	4.51
Incentive		26.31	36.55
Others		0.80	1.07
	Sub-total (A)	99.10	104.55
Others			
Expected Credit Loss on Letters of Comfort		24.03	32.02
	Sub-total (B)	24.03	32.02
	Total (A+B)	123.13	136.57

25 Other Non-financial Liabilities

	Particulars	As at 30-09-2024	As at 31-03-2024
(A)	Income Received in Advance	0.14	(8)
(B)	Sundry Liabilities Account (Funded Interest Capitalisation)	47.06	47.80
(C)	Unbilled Liability towards Capital Account	48.38	48.38
D)	Unamortised Fee on Undisbursed Loans	221.78	85.38
(E)	Advance received from Government towards Government Schemes	0.08	
(F)	Statutory Dues	45.23	58.06
	Total (A to F)	362.67	239.62







26 Equity Share Capital

(? in Crores)

n. d. d.	As at 30.0	As at 30.09.2024		As at 31.03.2024	
Particulars	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount	
Authorised: Equity shares of ₹ 10 each	5,00,00,00,000	5,000.00	5,00,00,00,000	5,000.00	
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up : Fully paid up Equity shares of ₹ 10 each	2,63,32,24,000	2,633.22	2,63,32,24,000	2,633.22	
Total	2,63,32,24,000	2,633.22	2,63,32,24,000	2,633.22	

27 Instruments entirely equity in nature

(₹ in Crores)

P-st-st-s	As at 30.09.2024		As at 31.03.2024	
Particulars	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Fully paid up Perpetual Debts Instrument entirely equity in nature of ₹ 10 lakhs each	5,584	558.40	5,584	558.40
Total	5,584	558.40	5,584	558.40

28 Other Equity

Particulars		As at 30.09.2024	As at 31.03.2024
A) Other Reserves			
(i) Special Reserve created u/s 36(1) (viii) of the Income Tax Act, 1961		29,812.41	28,044.83
ii) Reserve for Bad and doubtful debts u/s 36(1)(viia) of the Income Tax Act, 1961		1,105.26	687.76
iii) Statutory Reserve u/s 45-IC of Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934		12,318.57	10,828,99
iv) Securities Premium		1,577.53	1,577.53
(v) Foreign Currency Monetary Item Translation Difference Account		(605.61)	(675.14)
vi) General Reserve		12,278.44	11,978.44
B) Retained Earnings	2.	14,599.79	13,363.40
C) Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)			
- Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income		(33.84)	(57.99)
- Effective Portion of Cash Flow Hedges		(890.33)	(1,846.93)
- Cost of Hedging reserve		(460.81)	1,690.64
Total - Other Equity		69,701.41	65,591.53







29 Interest Income

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars	Pe	riod ended 30-09-	2024	Pe	riod ended 30-09-	2023
	On Financial Assets measured at Fair Value through OCI		On Financial Assets measured at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	On Financial Assets measured at Fair Value through OCI	On Financial Assets measured at Amortised Cost	On Financial Assets measured a Fair Value through Profit or Loss
Interest on Loan Assets						
Long term financing		23,602.26			20,278.84	
Short term financing	-	2,085.00	-		1,399.42	720
Sub-total (A)	*	25,687.26			21,678.26	
Interest Income from Investments						
Interest from Long Term Investments		185.64	40.78		81.40	29.64
Sub-total (B)		185.64	40.78	(#):	81.40	29.64
Interest on Deposits with Banks						
Interest from Deposits	-	137.69	, le,	:*:	216.08	-
Sub-total (C)		137.69	•		216.08	
Other Interest Income						
Interest on Delayed Payments by Borrowers		110.63	-		74.53	
Interest from Staff Advances	0.	2.63			2.46	
Interest on Mobilisation Advance	790	0.08			0.12	
Sub-total (D)		113.34			77.11	
Total - Interest Income (A to D)	:*:	26,123.93	40.78		22,052.85	29.64

30 Dividend Income

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2024	Period ended 30-09-2023
Dividend from Subsidiary Company	50.98	23.40
Dividend from Other Investments	0.52	0.81
Total - Dividend Income	51.50	24.21

31 Fees and Commission Income

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2024	Period ended 30-09-2023
Fees based Income	76.45	29.78
Prepayment Premium	18.72	34.59
Fee/ Other Income for Implementation of Government	3,7	
Schemes	2	26.16
Total - Fees and Commission Income	95.17	90.53

32 Other Income

Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2024	Period ended 30-09-2023
Net gain/ (loss) on disposal of assets classified as held for sale	6.03	1.32
Rental Income	8.40	9.35
Liabilities/Provision Written Back	2.38	*
Fees from Training Courses	3.84	4.55
Miscellaneous Income	17.62	4.06
Total - Other Income	38.27	19.28







33 Finance Costs

Finance Costs have been incurred on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost.

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2024	Period ended 30-09-2023
Interest on Borrowings		
- Loans from Government of India (NSSF)	412.38	413.50
- Loans from Banks/ Financial Institutions	2,459.45	2,717.84
- External Commercial Borrowings	3,110.83	2,114.13
Sub-Total (i)	5,982.66	5,245.47
Interest on Debt Securities		
- Domestic Debt Securities	8,674.93	7,256.26
- Foreign Currency Debt Securities	658.09	835.69
- Commercial Paper		43.95
Sub-Total (ii)	9,333.02	8,135.90
Interest on Subordinated Liabilities		
- Subordinate Bonds	343.92	301.54
Sub-Total (iii)	343.92	301.54
Other Interest Expense		
- Swap Premium	655.53	704.48
- Interest on Variation Margin	211.92	11.83
- Interest on liability towards employee benefits	1.79	0.86
Sub-Total (iv)	869.24	717.17
Total - Finance Costs	16,528.84	14,400.08
Less: Finance Costs Capitalised	(1.13)	(0.20)
Total - Finance Costs (Net)	16,527.71	14,399.88

34 Net translation/ transaction exchange loss/ (gain)

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2024	Period ended 30-09-2023
Net translation/ transaction exchange loss/ (gain)	101.71	130.53
Total	101.71	130.53

35 Fees and commission expense

(₹ in Crores)

	Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2024	Period ended 30-09-2023
(i)	Guarantee Fee	0.14	0.85
(ii)	Listing and Trusteeship Fee	0.02	0.04
(iii)	Agency Fees	1.57	0.78
(iv)	Credit Rating Expenses	2.18	1.96
(v)	Other Finance Charges	5.23	6.14
	Total (i to v)	9.14	9.77

36 Net Gain/ (loss) on Fair Value Changes

Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2024	Period ended 30-09-2023
Net gain/ (loss) on financial instruments at Fair Value		
through profit or loss		
On trading Portfolio		
Others		
- Changes in fair value of Derivatives	(14.91)	317.60
- Changes in fair value of Long Term Investments	296.10	34.78
- Changes in fair value of Short-term MF investments	1.92	1.90
Sub-total (ii)	283.11	354.28
Total (A)	283.11	354.28







37 Impairment on financial instruments

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars		Period ende	ed 30-09-2024	Period ended 30-09-2023	
		On financial instruments measured at FVOCI	On financial instruments measured at Amortised Cost	On financial instruments measured at FVOCI	On financial instruments measured at Amortised Cost
- Loans *		-	319.49		(706.70
- Others		-	8.98	1€	4.33
	Total (i+ii)	9	328.47		(702.37

38 Employee Benefits Expense

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2024	Period ended 30-09-2023
- Salaries and Allowances*	67.10	60.76
- Contribution to Provident and Other Funds	17.45	11.86
- Rent towards Residential Accomodation for Employees	4.43	2.91
- Staff Welfare Expenses	26.88	15.38
Total	115.86	90.91

39 Depreciation and amortization

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2024	Period ended 30-09-2023
- Depreciation on Property, Plant & Equipment	11.60	10.95
- Amortization on Intangible Assets	0.15	0.90
Total	11.75	11.85

40 Corporate Social Responsibility Expenses

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars		Period ended 30-09-2024	Period ended 30-09-2023
- Direct Expenditure		78.18	41.25
- Overheads		4.32	3.61
	Total	82.50	44.86

41 Other Expenses

Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2024	Period ended 30-09-2023
- Travelling and Conveyance	14.81	7.05
- Publicity & Promotion Expenses	14.84	6.62
- Repairs and Maintenance	14.79	11.33
- Rent, taxes and energy costs	3.27	2.87
- Insurance Charges	0.30	0.16
- Communication costs	2.98	1.23
- Printing & stationery	0.45	0.66
- Director's sitting fees	0.25	0.21
- Auditors' fees and expenses	0.96	0.85
- Legal & Professional Charges	7.66	5.16
- Donations & Charity	0.01	
Net Loss on Disposal of Property, Plant & Equipment	3.26	1.89
Training And Conference Expense	5.11	7.50
Government Scheme Monitoring Expenses	10.01	7.39
Other Expenditure	11.48	13.82
Total	90.18	66.74







42 Tax Expense

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2024	Period ended 30-09-2023
- Current tax expense	1,983.03	1,531.52
- Current tax expense/ (benefit) pertaining to earlier years	•	
Sub-total - Current Tax	1,983.03	1,531.52
- Deferred tax expense/ (credit)	(65.51)	253.50
Total	1,917.52	1,785.02

43 Earnings per Share

Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2024	Period ended 30-09-2023
Numerator		
Profit for the year from continuing operations as per Statement	7,447.92	6,733.60
of Profit and Loss (₹ in Crores)*		
Profit for the year from discontinued operations as per		
Statement of Profit and Loss (₹in Crores)*		
Profit for the year from continuing and discontinued	7,447.92	6,733.60
operations as per Statement of Profit and Loss (₹ in Crores)*		
Denominator		
Weighted average Number of equity shares	2,63,32,24,000	2,63,32,24,000
Basic & Diluted Earnings per Share (in ₹ for an equity share of	28.28	25.57
₹ 10 each) (for continuing operations)		
Basic & Diluted Earnings per Share (in ₹ for an equity share of	:÷:	
₹ 10 each) (for discontinued operations)	1	
Basic & Diluted Earnings per Share (in ₹ for an equity share of	28.28	25.57
₹ 10 each) (for continuing and discontinued operations)	300,450.04	240000







KAILASH CHAND JAIN & CO. Chartered Accountants 819, Laxmi Deep Building, Laxmi Nagar District Center, New Delhi-110092. SCV & CO. LLP.
Chartered Accountants
B-41, Panchsheel Enclave,
New Delhi- 110017.

Review Report on Special Purpose Consolidated Interim Financial Statements for the period 1st April 2024 to 30th September 2024 of REC Limited.

To,
The Board of Directors,
REC Limited
Core-IV, SCOPE Complex,
7, Lodi Road,
New Delhi – 110003

We have reviewed the accompanying Special Purpose Consolidated Interim Financial Statements of **REC Limited** ('the Company' or 'the Parent Company') and its subsidiary (the parent company and its subsidiary together referred to as "the Group") which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 30th September 2024, and the related Statement of Consolidated Profit and Loss (including the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the half year ended 30th September 2024 and a summary of material accounting policies (together hereinafter referred as "Special Purpose Consolidated Interim Financial Statements") as required by Indian Accounting Standard-34 'Interim Financial Reporting' ("Ind AS 34").

Management's Responsibility for the Special Purpose Consolidated Interim Financial Statements.

These Special Purpose Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, which is the responsibility of the Parent Company's Management and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company, has been prepared in all material respects, in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles of Indian Accounting Standard-34 'Interim Financial Reporting' ("Ind AS 34") prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with relevant rules issued thereunder and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. These Special Purpose Consolidated Interim Financial Statements have been prepared solely for the purpose of inclusion of financial information in respect of fund-raising programmes of the Company and its Holding Company ("Power Finance Corporation Limited").

Scope of review

We conducted our review of the Special Purpose Consolidated Interim Financial Statements in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements (SRE) 2410 "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. This standard requires that we plan and perform the review to obtain moderate assurance as to whether the Special Purpose Consolidated Interim Financial Statements are free of material misstatement. A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.





Conclusion

Based on our review conducted as above, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying Special Purpose Consolidated Interim Financial Statements are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles of Indian Accounting Standard 34 'Interim Financial Reporting' ("Ind AS 34") prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with relevant rules issued thereunder and other accounting principles generally accepted in India.

Other Matters

i. We did not review the interim financial statement of the subsidiary included in the Special Purpose Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, whose interim financial reflect total assets of ₹ 886.52 crores, total revenue of ₹ 219.72 crores, total net profit after tax of ₹ 100.96 crores and total comprehensive income of ₹ 100.96 crores for the half year ended 30th September 2024 and cash inflows(net) of ₹ 16.39 crores for the half year ended 30th September 2024, as considered in the Special Purpose Consolidated Interim Financial Statements. These interim financial statements have been reviewed by other auditor whose Report has been furnished to us by the Management and our conclusion on the Statement, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of the subsidiary is based solely on the Report of the other auditor and the procedures performed by us as stated in 'Scope of Review' paragraph above.

Our conclusion on the Special Purpose Consolidated Interim Financial Statements is not modified in respect of the matter as stated above.

This report is intended solely for the use of the Company for the purpose of inclusion of financial information in respect of fund raising programmes of the Company and its Holding Company thereto and should not be used by any other person or for any other purpose. We do not accept or assume any liability or duty of care for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Chand Ja

For M/s Kailash Chand Jain & Co. Chartered Accountants,

ICAI Firm Registration: 112318W

For M/s SCV & Co. LLP. Chartered Accountants,

ICAI Firm Registration:000235N/N500089

Name - Saurabh Chouhan

Designation: Partner

Membership Number: 167453 UDIN: 24167453BKBGEF7760

Date: October 26, 2024

Place: Delhi

Davis de la Barta de

Name - Abhinav Khosla

Designation: Partner

Membership Number: 087010 UDIN:24087010BKBOGY2854

REC Limited Registered Office - Core-4, SCOPE Complex, 7, Lodhi Road, New Delhi - 110003, CIN: L40101DL1969GOI005095 Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 30th September, 2024

(₹ in Crores) As at S. No. Particulars No. 30-09-2024 31-03-2024 ASSETS Financial Assets Cash and cash equivalents Bank balances other than (a) above 4 675 44 262.75 (b) 1.018.49 2.699.75 Derivative financial instruments 8 17,845.39 12,482.02 (c) Receivables - Trade receivables 211.91 153.82 - Other receivables 3.68 5,36,147.46 4,99,192.05 Loans 10 6,790.40 5,352.32 (f) Investments 11 Other financial assets 12 24,563.64 24,445.42 Total - Financial Assets (1) 5,91,256.41 5,44,588.13 Non-Financial Assets Current tax assets (net) 229.32 309.68 (b) Deferred tax assets (net) 14 2,967.93 2,500.96 (c) Property, Plant & Equipment 15 621.61 630.98 (d) Capital Work-in-Progress 15 23.59 48.79 Other Intangible Assets 0.38 0.52 (f) Other non-financial assets 16 96.14 117.03 Total - Non-Financial Assets (2) 3.964.17 3,582,76 (3) Assets classified as held for sale 17 6.59 20.20 Total ASSETS (1+2+3) 5,95,227.17 5,48,191.09 LIABILITIES AND EQUITY LIABILITIES **Financial Liabilities** Derivative financial instruments 2,945.31 759.70 Payables Trade payables -Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises 18 0.11 -Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises 126.78 90.51 and small enterprises Other payables -Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises -Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises 1 84 5.21 and small enterprises Debt Securities 2,87,975.76 2,66,063.24 Borrowings (other than debt securities) 20 1,88,269.01 1,72,092.05 Subordinated Liabilities 7.372.56 (e) 21 7,412.21 Other financial liabilities 34,230.78 31,959.49 (f) 22 Total - Financial Liabilities (1) 5,20,927.36 4,78,377.20 (2) Non-Financial Liabilities (a) Current tax liabilities (net) 23 296.22 66.51 Provisions 123.90 137.34 (b) 24 (c) Other non-financial liabilities 25 369.59 259.79 Total - Non-Financial Liabilities (2) 789.71 463.64 (3) EOUTTY Equity Share Capital 2.633.22 26 2.633.22 (a) (b) Instruments Entirely Equity In Nature 27 558.40 558.40 Other equity 28 70,318.48 66,158.63 Total - Equity (3) 73,510.10 69,350.25 Total - LIABILITIES AND EQUITY (1+2+3) 5,95,227.17 5,48,191.09 Company Overview and Material Accounting Policies

Place:Delhi Date: 26th October 2024







REC Limited Registered Office - Core-4, SCOPE Complex, 7, Lodhi Road, New Delhi - 110003, CIN: L40101DL1969G01005095 Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the period ended 30th September 2024

Period ended Period ended No. 30-09-2024 Revenue from Oper Interest Income 29 26,180.31 22,091.31 Dividend Incom 30 0.52 0.81 Fees and Commission Incom 31 95.17 90.53 Net gain/ (loss) on fair value changes 37 283.11 354.28 (v) Sale of services 32 201.98 238.87 Total Revenue from Operations (i to v) 26,761.09 22,775.80 11. Other Income 33 37.66 17.23 ш. Total Income (I+II) 26,798.75 22,793.03 Expenses (i) Finance Costs 16:525.86 14.398.44 Net translation/transaction exchange loss 35 101.71 130.53 Fees and commission Expense 9.14 9.77 (iv) Impairment on financial instruments 38 328.52 (702.36) (v) Cost of services rendered 39 70.55 169.93 Employee Benefits Expenses 40 127.80 102.53 (vii) Depreciation and amortization 41 11.90 11.97 Corporate Social Responsibility Expenses 42 82.71 45.35 Other Expenses 43 93.95 68.10 IV. Total Expenses (i to ix) 17.352.14 14.234.26 v. Profit before Tax (III-IV) 9,446.61 8,558.77 VL Tax Expense 44 (i) Current Tax Current Year 2,014.40 1,546.73 Earlier Years 0.09 (u) Deferred Tax 165 69 254.00 Total Tax Expense (i+ii) 1 948 71 1,800.82 VIII Profit for the period (V-VI) 7.497.90 6,757.95 VIII Other comprehensive Income/(Loss) 60 Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (a) Re-measurement gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans 1.83 1.05 Tax impact on above 60.46 10.26 (b) Changes in Fair Value of FVOCI Equity Instruments 24.73 34.58 Tax impact on above (0.58 (0.42

Sub-Total (i)

Sub-Total (ii)

Place: Delhi Date: 26th October 2024

(a)

(b)

(c)

IX.

(1)

(2)

Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss

Other comprehensive Income/(Loss) for the period (i+ii)

Basic & Diluted Earnings per Equity Share of ₹ 10 each (in ₹)

Total comprehensive Income for the period (VII+VIII)

Effective Portion of Cash Flow Hedges
- Tax impact on above

ncome tax relating to these items

Cost of hedging reserve Tax impact on above

For continuing operations

For discontinued operations
For continuing and discontinued operations
Company Overview and Material Accounting Policies





25.52

1278.33

(2,875.04)

(1,194.85)

(1,169.33)

6,328.57

34.95

1.09

(74.33)

890.22 (254.09)

562.89

597.84

7,355.79



REC Limited

Registered Office - Core-4, SCOPE Complex, 7, Lodhi Road, New Delhi - 110003, CIN: L40101DL1969GOI005095

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the period ended 30th September 2024

PARTICULARS	Period ended 30-09-203	CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF	(₹ in Crores) 30-09-2023
A. Cash Flow from Operating Activities:	- Charles and the control of the con		10 10 PT 1 2000 PC - 5 HO 4 HOC.
Net Profit before Tax	9,446.61	8,558.77	
Adjustments for:			
1. Loss/ (Gain) on derecognition of Property, Plant and Equipment (net)	3.27	1.89	
2. Loss/ (Gain) on derecognition of Assets held for sale (net)	(6.03)	(1.32)	
3. Depreciation & Amortization	11.89	11.97	
4. Impairment allowance on Assets Classified as Held for Sale	F#1	(0.09)	
5. Impairment losses on Financial Instruments	328.52	(702.36)	
6. Loss/ (Gain) on Fair Value Changes (net)	(281.19)	(352.38)	
7. Effective Interest Rate (EIR) in respect of Loan Assets and Borrowings	154.54	(153.71)	
8. Interest on Commercial Paper		43.95	
9. Unrealised Foreign Exchange Translation Loss/ (Gain)	(1,044.39)	(306.93)	
10. Liabilities/Provisions written back	(0.20)	(0.24)	
11. Interest on Investments & others	(45.92)	(11.00)	
Operating profit before Changes in Operating Assets & Liabilities	8,567.10	7,088.54	
Inflow / (Outflow) on account of:			
1. Loan Assets	(36,746.01)	(39,263.07)	
2. Derivatives	(465.68)	(745.06)	
3. Other Financial and Non-Financial Assets	916.29	48.14	
4. Other Financial and Non-Financial Liabilities & Provisions	2,333.96	3,533.85	
Cash flow from Operations	(25,394.33)	(29,337.60)	
1. Income Tax Paid (including TDS)	(1,704.73)	(1,375.25)	
Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities	(27,099.	07)	(30,712.85
B. Cash Flow from Investing Activities			54 SLOW SLOW SCIENCE
1. Sale of Property, Plant & Equipment	0.02	0.03	
2. Sale of assets held for sale	6.07	1.61	
3. Investment in Property, Plant & Equipment (incl. CWIP & Capital Advances)	(29.56)	(12.50)	
4. Investment in Intangible Assets (including intangible assets under development		O.S. errous and	
& Capital Advances)	(0.02)	-	
5. Finance Costs Capitalised	(1.13)	(0.20)	
6. Sale/ (Investment) in Equity Shares	14-17-2-1501 1-5	3.34	
7. Redemption/ (Investment) in High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLAs) (net)	(1,437.65)	(49.98)	
8. Redemption/ (Investment) in Debt Securities other than HQLAs (net)	350.08	11.61	
9. Sale/(Investment) of/in shares of associate/subsidiary companies (Net)	13.56	(3.02)	
(). Interest Income from investments	17.15	0.00	
1. Maturity/(Investment) of/in Corporate and Term deposits	(19.58)	60.92	
Net Cash Flow from Investing Activities	(1101.	05)	11.81
			(₹ in Crores)
PARTICULARS	Period ended 30-09-202	4 Period ended	30-09-2023
C. Cash Flow from Financing Activities			
1. Issue/ (Redemption) of Rupee Debt Securities (net)	22,702.07	5,455.34	
2. Issue/ (Redemption) of Commercial Paper (net)	14	3,054.89	
3. Raising/ (Repayments) of Rupee Term Loans/ WCDL from Banks/ FIs (net)	(8,030.67)	4,759.22	
4. Raising/ (Repayments) of Foreign Currency Debt Securities and Borrowings (net)	20,447.08	24,807.54	
5. Raising/ (Redemption) of Subordinated Liabilities (net)		590.00	
5. Payment of Dividend on Equity Shares	(2,238.24)	(1,912.02)	
7. Repayment towards Lease Liability	***	(0.01)	
Net Cash flow from Financing Activities	32,880.		36,754.96
Net Increase/Decrease in Cash & Cash Equivalents	4,680.		6,053.92
Cash & Cash Equivalents as at the beginning of the period	(4.	entre.	(38.89)
Cash & Cash Equivalents as at the beginning of the period	4,675.		6,015.03

Place:Delhi Date: 26th October 2024 Delhi-92

Vivek Kumar Dewangan
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN - 01377212

Ngw Delhi NeR

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the period ended 30th September 2024 REC Limited
Registered Office - Core-4, SCOPE Complex, 7, Lodhi Road, New Delhi - 110003, CIN: L40101DL1969GO1005095

A Equity share capital

Particulars	As at 30-09-2024	As at 31-03-2024
Balance at the beginning of the period	2,633.22	2,633.22
Changes in equity share capital during the period*		
Balance at the end of the period	2,633,22	2,633,22

articulars	As at 30-09-2024	As at 31-03-2024
alance at the beginning of the period	558.40	558.40
hanges in instruments entirely equity in nature during the period	III	## T
alance at the end of the period	558.40	558.40

C Other Equity

Particulars				Rese	Reserves & Surplus	Sn				Share of Other	FVOCI.	Effective	Costs of	(c in Crores)
	Special Reserve created u/s 36(1) (viii) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	Reserve for Bad and doubtful debts u/s 36(1)(viia) of the Income	Statutory Reserve u/s 45- IC of Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934	Securities Premium Account	Capital Reserve	Foreign Currency Monetary Item Translation Difference	General	Impairment Reserve	Retained Earnings	Comprehensive Income/ (loss) of Joint Venture accounted for using equity method	Ē	Portion of Cash Flow Hedges	Hedging reserve	
Balance as at 31st March 2023	24,977.89		8,025.15	1,577.53		(790.44)	12,036.28	TV.	10,313.78		(101.47)	90.009	(1,709.87)	54,928.90
Profit for the period	(*)	TV	*	4	¥	,		×	6,757.95	1	ř	ť	×	6,757.95
Remeasurement of Defined Benefit Plans	2.45	. 4	3	9		•		.)	0.79	•	4	*		0.79
Recognition through Other Comprehensive	, i	E	î			10	8			i.	34,16	(73.24)	636.13	597,05
Income (net of taxes)													1000000	
Total Comprehensive Income for the period	,	1	*	SV.				,	6,758.74	*	34.16	(73.24)	636.13	7,355,79
Transferred to/ (from) Retained Earnings	1,444.07	٠	1,346.72	163		5*/		90	(2,790.79)	7	4	4	6	3)
Transferred to General Reserve	*	321,60	÷.	ě	ř		(321.60)	+	e	j	9			100
Reclassification of gain/ (loss) on sale/	,	j			٠	3	2	7.	3.23		(3.23)	Đ,	•	ď
extinguishment of FVOCI equity instrument (net	*													
of taxes)														
Foreign Currency Translation Loss on long term	F		ř.	٠		(56.82)	ŧ	(8)	*	1	•	1	ì	(26.82)
monetary items during the period														
Amortisation during, the period	6	10	*	. (0		98.45	4	,		•		¥	٠	98.45
Coupon payment on Instrument Entirely Equity	· ·	*	1	0		Y	*	1.	1	E	(*)	ř.		(6)
in Nature (Perpetual Debt Instruments) (Net of	je													
Taxes)														
Sub-Total	1,444.07	321.60	1,346.72			41.63	(321.60)	i	(2,787.56)		(3.23)			41.63
Utilised for issue of Bonus Equity Shares	.5	*	(4)	,	,	٠	*	¥.	*	* *	10	ř.		*
Expenses incurred on issue of Bonus Equity	- A	. 7	*	•	2		9:	•	•	÷	t	•	4	*
Shares														
Dividends		.0	ij	•	1)	0	*	•	(1,935.42)		•	•	,	(1,935.42)
Sub-total- Transaction with owners		*	•		*	•	*	**	(1,935.42)		*			(1,935.42)
Balance as at 30th September 2023	26,421.96	321.60	9,371.87	1,577.53	•	(748.81)	11,714.68	•	12,349.54	•	(70.54)	526.81	(1,073.74)	60,390.88



A Kailes





Particulars				Rese	rves & Surp	lus				Share of Other	FVOCI-	Effective	Costs of	(₹ in Crores) Total
	Special Reserve created u/s 36(1) (viii) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	Bad and doubtful debts u/s	Statutory Reserve u/s 45-IC of Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934	Securities Premium Account	Capital Reserve	Foreign Currency Monetary Item Translation Difference Account	General Reserve	Impairment Reserve	Retained Earnings	Comprehensive Income/ (loss) of Joint Venture accounted for using equity method	Equity	Portion of Cash Flow Hedges	Hedging reserve	
Balance as at 31st March 2024	28,044.83	687.76	10,828.99	1,577.53		(675.14)	12,036.28		13,872.65		(57.99)	(1,846.93)	1,690.64	66,158.61
Profit for the period			-	-					7,497.90		(37.33)	(1,040.93)	1,090.04	7,497.90
Remeasurement of Defined Benefit Plans	-	242	*	-		-		-	1.37				-	1.37
Recognition through Other Comprehensive Income (net of taxes)	*	*		*	2		-	-	-		24.15	956.60	(2,151.45)	(1,170.70)
Total Comprehensive Income for the period		7.0		4.0					7,499.27		24.15	956.60	(2,151.45)	6,328.57
Transferred to/ (from) Retained Earnings	1,767.58	417.50	1,489.58		-		300.00		(3,974.66)		24.13	110.00.00.00.00		6,328.57
Reclassification of gain/ (loss) on sale/ extinguishment of FVOCI equity instrument (net of taxes)	1	*		2.	/50		-	2	(3,574.00)	-	-	-	120	-
Foreign Currency Translation Loss on long term monetary items during the period	٠	*	*		•	(4.06)		-						(4.06)
Amortisation during the period		325	100			73.59		-	-		-	2	-	73.59
Coupon payment on Instrument Entirely Equity in Nature (Perpetual Debt Instruments) (Net of				*	•	.€:			*	*	-			×
Taxes) Sub-total	1 7/7 70	417.50	4 400 70											14
Dividends	1,767.58	417.50	1,489.58	-	-	69.53	300.00	-	(3,974.66)	1000	-		19.	69.53
Sub-Total-Transaction with owners		581 525						-	(2,238.24)				2	(2,238.24)
			******	*			•		(2,238.24)		•	-	-	(2,238.24)
Balance as at 30th September 2024	29,812.41	1,105.26	12,318.57	1,577.53		(605.61)	12,336.28		15,159.03		(33.84)	(890.33)	(460.81)	70,318.48

Place:Delhi

Date: 26th October 2024





Vivek Kumar Dewangan Chairman & Managing Director DIN - 01377212



REC Limited

Registered Office - Core-4, SCOPE Complex, 7, Lodhi Road, New Delhi - 110003

CIN: L40101DL1969GOI005095

Notes to Accounts

1. Company Overview

REC Limited ("REC" or the "Company" or the "holding company") was incorporated in the year 1969. The Company is domiciled in India and is limited by shares, having its registered office and principal place of business at Core-4, SCOPE Complex, 7, Lodhi Road, New Delhi-110003, India. The books of accounts are maintained at the Corporate Office situated at Plot no. I-4, Sector-29, Gurugram, Haryana, in addition to the registered office of the Company. The Company has offices spread across the country, mainly in the State Capitals and one training centre at Hyderabad.

The Company is a Government of India Enterprise engaged in extending financial assistance across the power sector value chain and is a Systemically Important (Non-Deposit Accepting or Holding) Non-Banking Finance Company (NBFC) registered with Reserve Bank of India (RBI). Being an NBFC, the company is regulated by Reserve Bank of India.

The company has been accorded with the status of a 'Maharatna' Central Public Sector Enterprise by the Department of Public Enterprises, under the Ministry of Finance.

REC is a leading Infrastructure Finance Company in India and the principal products of REC are interest-bearing loans to State Electricity Boards, State Power utilities/State Power Departments and Private sector for all segments of Power infrastructure. During FY 2022-23, REC has also diversified into the Non-Power Infrastructure sector comprising Roads & Expressways, Metro Rail, Airports, IT Communication, Social and Commercial Infrastructure (Educational Institution, Hospitals), Ports and Electro-Mechanical (E&M) works in respect of various other sectors like Steel, Refinery, etc.

The group is also engaged through its subsidiaries in engineering consultancy services. Ministry of Power, Government of India/State Government, allocates independent transmission projects from time to time to the Company to work as Bid Process Coordinator (BPC), for selection of developers as Transmission Service Provider (TSP) through Tariff Based Competitive Bidding Process (TBCB). In order to initiate development of each such transmission projects, RECPDCL incorporates a project specific Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) as Wholly Owned Subsidiary Company and after the selection of successful bidder through TBCB process notified for transmission projects, the respective project specific SPV along with all its assets and liabilities is transferred to the successful bidder.

RECPDCL is providing consultancy and fee based service in the areas of rural electrification, AT&C loss reduction strategies, IT implementation work including setting up of data Centre, customer care center, etc. with GIS integration, Implementation of Smart Grid projects covering Smart metering with AMI, Construction of Solar PV Plants, SCADA implementation MRI/AMR based meter reading & billing works, DPR preparation & project management Consultancy for power Distribution Projects, Strengthening work of Power Distribution, Energy efficiency projects and Quality & Quantitative Surveillance/Inspection of the works executed.

The shares of the Company are listed on National Stock Exchange of India Limited and BSE Limited. Further, various debt securities of the Company are also listed on the Stock Exchanges.

& CO

The Company together with its subsidiaries is hereinafter referred to as 'the Group'.

2. **Basis of Preparation**

These Special Purpose Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared for the purpose of inclusion of financial information in respect of fund raising programmes of the group and complies with the measurement principles laid down under Ind AS notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended), applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable regulatory norms / guidelines including those issued by RBI. These financial statements for the period ended 30th September 2024 were authorized and approved by the Board of Directors on 26th October 2024.

Material Accounting Policies 3.

The material accounting policies applied in preparation of the consolidated financial statements are as given below:

Basis of consolidation 3.1

Subsidiary

Subsidiary is the entity controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it has power over the investee, is exposed to or has rights to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The financial statements of subsidiary are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which control commences until the date on which control ceases. The Group combines the financial statements of the holding company and its subsidiary line by line adding together like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income and expenses.

Equity accounted investees

The Group's interests in equity accounted investees comprise of the interests in associates and joint venture.

An associate is an entity, including an unincorporated entity, over which the Company has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture. Interests in associates are accounted for using the equity method. These interests are initially recognised at cost, which includes transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, the consolidated financial statements include the Group's share of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) of equity-accounted investees until the date on which significant influence ceases. However, in case where it is assessed that the investment/ interest in associates is held for sale, the interest in associates is accounted for under Ind AS 105.

A joint venture is an arrangement in which the Group has joint control and has rights to the net assets of the arrangement, rather than rights to its assets and obligations for its liabilities.

Interests in joint venture are accounted for using the equity method. They are initially recognised at cost which includes transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, the consolidated financial statements include the Group's share of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) of equityaccounted investees until the date on which significant influence or joint control ceases. C LIMIT Chand Ja

OW Delh

CO

3.2 Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealised income and expenses arising from intragroup transactions, are eliminated. Unrealised gains arising from transactions with equity accounted investees are eliminated against the investment to the extent of the Group's interest in the investee. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that here is no evidence of impairment.

3.3 Basis of Preparation and Measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on going concern basis following accrual system of accounting on historical cost basis except for certain financial assets and financial liabilities which are measured at fair values as explained in relevant accounting policies. These policies have been applied consistently for all the periods presented in the consolidated financial statements.

Functional and presentation currency

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian Rupee ('INR') which is also the functional currency of the Group.

3.4 Income recognition

Interest income

Unless otherwise specified, the recoveries from the borrowers are appropriated in the order of (i) costs and expenses of REC (ii) delayed and penal interest including interest tax, if any (iii) overdue interest including interest tax, if any and (iv) repayment of principal; the oldest being adjusted first, except for credit impaired loans and recalled loans, where principal amount is appropriated only after the complete recovery of other costs, expenses, delayed and penal interest and overdue interest including interest tax, if any. The recoveries under One Time Settlement (OTS)/ Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code (IBC) proceedings are appropriated first towards the principal outstanding and remaining recovery thereafter, towards interest and other charges, if any.

For financial assets measured at amortized cost, interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR), i.e. the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the net carrying amount of the financial assets.

Interest on financial assets subsequently measured at fair value through profit and loss is recognized on an accrual basis in accordance with the terms of the respective contract and is disclosed separately under the head interest income.

As a matter of prudence, income on credit impaired loan assets is recognised as and when received or on accrual basis when expected realisation is higher than the loan amount outstanding.

Rebate on account of timely payment of interest by borrowers is recognized on receipt of entire interest amount due in time, in accordance with the terms of the respective contract and is netted against the corresponding interest income.

Income from Government schemes

Income of agency fee on Government schemes is recognized on the basis of the services rendered and amount of fee sanctioned by Ministry of Power LIMIT

Dividend income

Income from dividend on shares of corporate bodies and units of mutual funds is taken in to account on accrual basis when right to receive payment is established.

Provided that in case of final dividend, the right to receive payment shall be considered as established only upon approval of the dividend by the shareholders in the Annual General Meeting.

Dividend on financial assets subsequently measured at fair value through profit and loss is recognised separately under the head 'Dividend Income'.

Other services

Fees/ charges on loan assets, other than those considered an adjustment to EIR, are accounted for on accrual basis. Pre-payment premium is accounted for by the Group in the year of receipt.

Revenue from sale of services

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured.

The Group uses the principles laid down by the Ind AS 115 to determine that how much and when revenue is recognized, what is the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenues etc. In accordance with the same, revenue is recognised through a five-step approach:

(i) Identify the contract(s) with customer;

Delhi-92

- (ii) Identify separate performance obligations in the contract;
- (iii) Determine the transaction price;
- (iv) Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations; and
- (v) Recognise revenue when a performance obligation is satisfied.

Revenues are measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and other indirect taxes.

In Cost Plus Contracts - Revenue is recognised by including eligible contractual items of expenditures plus proportionate margin as per contract;

In Fixed Price Contracts – Revenue is recognised on the basis of stage of completion of the contract. The Group has assessed that the stage of completion is determined as the proportion of the total time expected to complete the performance obligation to that has lapsed at the end of the reporting period, which is an appropriate measure of progress towards complete satisfaction of these performance obligations under Ind AS 115.

Estimates of revenues, costs or extent of progress toward completion are revised if circumstances change. Any resulting increases or decreases in estimated revenues or costs are reflected in profit or loss in the period in which the circumstances that give rise to the revision become known by management.

Professional charges to be charged from the selected bidders/developers for transmission projects put on tariff based bidding is accounted for in the year in which it is reasonably certain that the ultimate collection of the professional charges will be made

ow Dell

Sale proceeds of Request for Proposal (RFP) documents is credited to the respective SPV and sale proceeds of Request for Qualification (RFQ) documents is retained by the Group and accounted as income of the Group.

Borrowing costs 3.5

Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that the Group incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition and/or construction of a qualifying asset, till the time such qualifying asset becomes ready for its intended use, are capitalized. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes a substantial period to get ready for its intended use.

All other borrowing costs are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss on an accrual basis as per the effective interest rate method.

Earnings per share 3.6

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

To calculate diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

3.7 Foreign Currency Translation

Foreign currency transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency of the Group using the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and the remeasurement of monetary items denominated in foreign currency at period-end exchange rates are recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss. However, for the long-term monetary items recognized in the consolidated financial statements before 01st April 2018, such gains and losses are accumulated in a "Foreign Currency Monetary Item Translation Difference Account" and amortized over the balance period of such long term monetary item, by recognition as income or expense in each of such periods.

Non-monetary items are not retranslated at period-end and are measured at historical cost (translated using the exchange rates at the transaction date).

Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE) 3.8

Recognition and initial measurement

Chand Jain

Land

Land held for use is initially recognized at cost. For land, as no finite useful life can be determined, related carrying amounts are not amortized.

Land also includes land treated as a Right of Use asset under lease agreement earlier classified as finance lease and is amortized over the lease term EC LIMITY

CO

Other Tangible assets

PPE other than land is initially recognized at acquisition cost or construction cost, including any costs directly attributable to bringing the assets to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the Group's management.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group beyond one year. Maintenance or servicing costs of PPE are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss as incurred.

Subsequent measurement (depreciation method, useful lives, residual value, and impairment)

PPE are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Depreciation on PPE is provided on the straight-line method over the useful life of the assets as prescribed under Part 'C' of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

Depreciation on assets purchased/sold during the year is charged for the full month if the asset is in use for more than 15 days. Depreciation on assets purchased during the year up to Rs. 5,000/- is provided @ 100%.

The residual values, useful lives, and method of depreciation are reviewed at the end of each financial year. PPE other than land is tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

De-recognition

An item of PPE and any significant part initially recognized is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of an item of PPE is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Capital Work-in-Progress

The cost of PPE under construction at the reporting date is disclosed as 'Capital work-in-progress.' The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing cost if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discount and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price. Advances paid for the acquisition/ construction of PPE which are outstanding at the balance sheet date are classified under 'Capital Advances.'

3.9 Intangible assets

Recognition and initial measurement

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. Such assets are recognized where it is probable that the future economic benefits attributable to the assets will flow to the Group.

Subsequent measurement (amortization method, useful lives and residual value)

All intangible assets with finite useful life are amortized on a straight line basis over the estimated useful lives, and a possible impairment is assessed if there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. Residual values and useful lives for all intangible assets are reviewed at each reporting date. Changes, if any, are accounted for as changes in accounting estimates. Management estimates the useful life of intangible assets to be five years.

ew Delh

Intangible Assets under Development

Expenditure incurred which are eligible for capitalization under intangible assets is carried as 'Intangible assets under development' till they are ready for their intended use. Advances paid for the acquisition/ development of intangible assets which are outstanding at the balance sheet date are classified under 'Capital Advances'.

Derecognition of Intangible Assets

An intangible asset is derecognized on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognized.

3.10 Lease accounting:

The Group recognises a right-of-use asset and related lease liability in connection with all former operating leases except for those identified as short-term or low-value lease.

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A lease is defined as 'a contract, or part of a contract, that conveys the right to use an asset (the underlying asset) for a period of time in exchange for consideration'.

To apply this definition, the Group assesses whether the contract meets three key evaluations which are whether:

- the contract contains an identified asset, which is either explicitly identified in the contract or implicitly specified by being identified at the time the asset is made available to the Group
- the Group has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the identified asset throughout the period of use, considering its rights within the defined scope of the contract
- the Group has the right to direct the use of the identified asset throughout the period of use. The Group assess whether it has the right to direct 'how and for what purpose' the asset is used throughout the period of use.

At lease commencement date, the Group recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability on the balance sheet. The right-of-use asset is measured at cost, which is made up of the initial measurement of the lease liability, any initial direct costs incurred by the Group, an estimate of any costs to dismantle and remove the asset at the end of the lease, and any lease payments made in advance of the lease commencement date (net of any incentives received).

The Group depreciates the right-of-use assets on a straight-line basis from the lease commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The Group also assesses the right-of-use asset for impairment when such indicators exist.

At the commencement date, the Group measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments unpaid at that date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease if that rate is readily available or the Group's incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are made up of fixed payments (including in substance fixed), variable payments based on an index or rate, amounts expected to be

12000

Delhi-92

payable under a residual value guarantee and payments arising from options reasonably certain to be exercised.

Subsequent to initial measurement, the liability will be reduced for payments made and increased for interest. It is remeasured to reflect any reassessment or modification, or if there are changes in insubstance fixed payments.

When the lease liability is remeasured, the corresponding adjustment is reflected in the right-of-use asset, or profit and loss if the right-of-use asset is already reduced to zero.

3.11 Assets held for sale

Assets are classified as Held for Sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use and the sale is highly probable. A sale is considered as highly probable when such assets have been decided to be sold by the Group; are available for immediate sale in their present condition; are being actively marketed for sale at a price and the sale has been agreed or is expected to be concluded within one year of the date of classification. Such assets are measured at lower of carrying amount or fair value less selling costs.

Assets held for sale are presented separately from other assets in the Balance Sheet and are not depreciated or amortised while they are classified as held for sale.

Where the Group is committed to a sale plan involving loss of control of an entity, it classifies investment in the entity (i.e. all the assets and liabilities of that entity) as held for sale.

3.12 Financial Instruments

A Financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument and are measured initially at fair value adjusted by transactions costs, except for those carried at fair value through profit or loss which are measured initially at fair value. Subsequent measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities is described below.

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets

For the purpose of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified into the following categories upon initial recognition:

- Amortized cost
- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)
- Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)

All financial assets except for those at FVTPL or at FVOCI are subject to review for impairment at least at each reporting date to identify whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. Different criteria to determine impairment are applied to each category of financial assets, which are described below.

Amortized cost

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost using Effective Interest Rate (EIR) if both of the following conditions are met:

- a) the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- b) the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Impairment Allowance (expected credit loss) is recognized on financial assets carried at amortized cost.

Modification of cash flows

When the contractual cash flows of a financial asset are renegotiated or otherwise modified, and the renegotiation or modification does not result in derecognition of that financial asset, the Group recalculates the gross carrying amount of the financial asset and recognizes a modification gain or loss in profit or loss. The gross carrying amount of the financial asset shall be recalculated as the present value of the renegotiated or modified contractual cash flows that are discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. Any costs or fees incurred adjust the carrying amount of the modified financial asset and are amortized over the remaining term of the modified financial asset.

Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets at FVTPL include financial assets that either do not meet the criteria for amortized cost classification or are equity instruments held for trading or that meet certain conditions and are designated at FVTPL upon initial recognition. All derivative financial instruments also fall into this category, except for those designated and effective as hedging instruments, for which the hedge accounting requirements may apply. Assets in this category are measured at fair value with gains or losses recognized in profit or loss. The fair values of financial assets in this category are determined by reference to active market transactions or using a valuation technique where no active market exists.

Embedded derivatives

An embedded derivative is a component of a hybrid instrument that also includes a non-derivative host contract with the effect that some of the cash flows of the combined instrument vary in a way similar to a stand-alone derivative. An embedded derivative causes some or all of the cash flows that otherwise would be required by the contract to be modified according to a specified interest rate, foreign exchange rate, or other variable, provided that, in the case of a non-financial variable, it is not specific to a party to the contract.

Derivatives embedded in all host contracts are accounted for as separate derivatives and recorded at fair value if their economic characteristics and risks are not closely related to those of the host contracts or if the embedded derivative feature leverages the exposure and the host contracts are not held for trading or designated at fair value though profit or loss. These embedded derivatives are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss, unless designated as effective hedging instruments.

Financial assets at FVOCI

Delhi-92

FVOCI financial assets comprise of equity instruments measured at fair value. An equity investment classified as FVOCI is initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. Gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income and reported within the FVOCI reserve within equity.

except for dividend income, which is recognized in profit or loss. There is no recycling of such gains and losses from OCI to Statement of Profit & Loss, even on the derecognition of the investment. However, the Group may transfer the same within equity.

De-recognition of financial assets

De-recognition of financial assets due to a substantial modification of terms and conditions

The Group derecognizes a financial asset, such as a loan to a customer, when the terms and conditions have been renegotiated to the extent that, substantially, it becomes a new loan, with the difference recognized as a derecognition gain or loss, to the extent that an impairment loss has not already been recorded.

De-recognition of financial assets other than due to substantial modification

Financial assets (or where applicable, a part of financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) are derecognized (i.e. removed from the Group's balance sheet) when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset have expired, or when the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards are transferred. The Group also derecognizes the financial asset if it has both transferred the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition.

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are measured subsequently at amortized cost using the effective interest method, except for financial liabilities held for trading or designated at FVTPL, that are carried subsequently at fair value with gains or losses recognized in profit or loss.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

Hedge accounting

To qualify for hedge accounting, the hedging relationship must meet all of the following requirements:

- there is an economic relationship between the hedged item and the hedging instrument
- the effect of credit risk does not dominate the value changes that result from that economic relationship
- the hedge ratio of the hedging relationship is the same as that resulting from the quantity of the hedged item that the entity actually hedges and the quantity of the hedging instrument that the entity actually uses to hedge that quantity of hedged item.

All derivative financial instruments designated under hedge accounting are recognised initially at fair value and reported subsequently at fair value at each reporting date. To the extent that the hedge is effective, changes in the fair value of derivatives designated as hedging instruments in cash flow hedges are recognised in other comprehensive income and included within the cash flow hedge reserve in equity. Any ineffectiveness in the hedge relationship is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

At the time the hedged item affects profit or loss, any gain or loss previously recogn ised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and presented as a reclassification adjustment within other comprehensive income.

At the inception of each hedging relationship, the Group formally designates and documents the hedge relationship, in accordance with the Group's risk management objective and strategies. The documentation includes identification of the hedged item, hedging instrument, the nature of risk(s) being hedged, the hedge ratio and how the hedging relationship meets the hedging effectiveness requirements.

Fair Value Hedges

In line with the recognition of change in the fair value of the hedging instruments in the Statement of Profit & Loss, the change in the fair value of the hedged item attributable to the risk hedged is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Such changes are made to the carrying amount of the hedged item and are adjusted in Effective Interest Rate in the period when the hedging instrument ceases to exit. If the hedged item is derecognised, the unamortised fair value is recognised immediately in Statement of Profit and Loss.

3.13 Impairment of financial assets

Loan assets

The Group follows a 'three-stage' model for impairment in the form of Expected Credit Loss (ECL) based on changes in credit quality since initial recognition as summarised below:

- Stage 1 includes loan assets that have not had a significant increase in credit risk since initial
 recognition or that have low credit risk at the reporting date.
- Stage 2 includes loan assets that have had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition but that do not have objective evidence of impairment.
- Stage 3 includes loan assets that have objective evidence of impairment at the reporting date.

The Expected Credit Loss (ECL) is measured at 12-month ECL for Stage 1 loan assets and lifetime ECL for Stage 2 and Stage 3 loan assets. ECL is the product of the Probability of Default, Exposure at Default and Loss Given Default, defined as follows:

Probability of Default (PD) - The PD represents the likelihood of the borrower defaulting on its obligation either over next 12 months or over the remaining lifetime of the instrument.

Loss Given Default (LGD) – LGD represents the Company's expectation of loss given that a default occurs. LGD is expressed in percentage and it shows the proportion of the amount that will actually be lost post recoveries in case of a default.

Exposure at Default (EAD) – EAD represents the amounts, including the principal outstanding, interest accrued and outstanding Letters of Comfort that the Company expects to be owed at the time of default.

Forward-looking economic information is included in determining the 12-month and lifetime PD, EAD and LGD. The assumptions underlying the expected credit loss are monitored and reviewed on an ongoing basis.

ow Delr



Financial assets other than Loans

In respect of its other financial assets, the Group assesses if the credit risk on those financial assets has increased significantly since initial recognition. If the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses, else at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses.

To make that assessment, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the balance sheet date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the date of initial recognition. The Group also considers reasonable and supportable information, that is available without undue cost or effort, that is indicative of significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition. The Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the financial asset is determined to have low credit risk at the balance sheet date.

Write-offs

Financial assets are written off either partially or in their entirety only when the Group has stopped pursuing the recovery or as directed by the order of the Judicial Authority.

3.14 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, together with other shortterm, highly liquid investments (original maturity less than three months) that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

3.15 Dividend and Other Payments to holders of Instruments classified as Equity

Proposed dividends and interim dividends payable to the shareholders are recognized as changes in equity in the period in which they are approved by the shareholders' meeting and the Board of Directors respectively. Liability for the payments to the holders of instruments classified as equity are recognized in the period when such payments are authorized for payment by the Group.

3.16 Material prior period errors

Material prior period errors are corrected retrospectively by restating the comparative amounts for the prior periods presented in which the error occurred. If the error occurred before the earliest period presented, the opening balances of assets, liabilities and equity for the earliest period presented, are restated.

3.17 Prepaid Expenses

A prepaid expense up to Rs. 1,00,000/- is recognized as expense upon initial recognition.

3.18 Taxation

Tax expense recognized in profit or loss comprises the sum of deferred tax and current tax. It is recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss, except when it relates to an item that is recognised in OCI or directly in equity, in which case, the tax is also recognised in OCI or directly in equity.







Current tax is determined as the tax payable in respect of taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted and as applicable at the reporting date, and any adjustments to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable income.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated, without discounting, at tax rates that are expected to apply to their respective period of realization, provided those rates are enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.

Deferred tax liability is recognized for all taxable temporary differences. A deferred tax asset is recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

Changes in deferred tax assets or liabilities are recognized as a component of tax income or expense in profit or loss, except where they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the related deferred tax is also recognized in other comprehensive income or equity, respectively.

3.19 Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits including salaries, short term compensated absences (such as a paid annual leave) where the absences are expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service, profit sharing and bonuses payable within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related services and non-monetary benefits for current employees are estimated and measured on an undiscounted basis.

Post-employment benefit plans are classified into defined benefits plans and defined contribution plans as under:

Defined contribution plan

A defined contribution plan is a plan under which the Group pays fixed contributions in respect of the employees into a separate fund. The Group has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions after its payment of the fixed contribution. The contributions made by the Group towards defined contribution plans are charged to the profit or loss in the period to which the contributions relate.

Defined benefit plan

The Group has an obligation towards Gratuity, Post-Retirement Medical Facility (PRMF), Provident Fund (PF) and Other Defined Retirement Benefit (ODRB) which are being considered as defined benefit plans covering eligible employees. Under the defined benefit plans, the amount that an employee will

receive on retirement is defined by reference to the employee's length of service, final salary, and other defined parameters. The legal obligation for any benefits remains with the Group, even if plan assets for funding the defined benefit plan have been set aside.

The Group's obligation towards defined benefit plans is determined using the projected unit credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at the end of each annual reporting period. The liability recognized in the statement of financial position for defined benefit plans is the present value of the Defined Benefit Obligation (DBO) at the reporting date less the fair value of plan assets. Management estimates the DBO annually with the assistance of independent actuaries.

Actuarial gains/losses resulting from re-measurements of the liability/asset are included in Other Comprehensive Income.

Other long-term employee benefits:

Liability in respect of compensated absences becoming due or expected to be availed more than oneyear after the balance sheet date is estimated on the basis of actuarial valuation performed by an independent actuary using the projected unit credit method.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from past experience and changes in actuarial assumptions are charged to statement of profit and loss in the period in which such gains or losses are determined.

Loan to employees at concessional rate

Loans given to employees at concessional rate are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost. The difference between the initial fair value of such loans and transaction value is recognised as deferred employee benefits, which is amortised on a straight-line basis over the expected remaining period of the Loan. In case of change in expected remaining period of the Loan, the unamortised deferred employee benefits on the date of change is amortised over the updated expected remaining period of the loan on a prospective basis.

3.20 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities, and Contingent Assets

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event; it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required from the Group and amounts can be estimated reliably. Timing or amount of the outflow may still be uncertain. Provisions are measured at the estimated expenditure required to settle the present obligation, based on the most reliable evidence available at the reporting date, including the risks and uncertainties associated with the present obligation. Provisions are discounted to their present values, where the time value of money is material.

A contingent liability is disclosed for:

- Possible obligations which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Group or
- Present obligations arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources
 will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot
 be made.

In those cases, where the outflow of economic resources as a result of present obligations is considered improbable or remote, no liability is recognized or disclosure is made.

Any reimbursement that the Group can be virtually certain to collect from a third party concerning the obligation (such as from insurance) is recognized as a separate asset. However, this asset may not exceed the amount of the related provision.

Contingent assets are not recognized. However, when the inflow of economic benefits is probable, the related asset is disclosed.

3.21 Fair value measurement

The Group measures financial instruments, such as derivatives at fair value at each reporting date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- · In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- . In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risk, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the consolidated financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is material to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is material to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is material to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the consolidated financial statements regularly, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is material to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

LIMIT

ew Dell





3.22 Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

3.23 Business Combination under Common Control

A business combination, if any, involving entities or businesses under common control is a business combination in which all of the combining entities or businesses are ultimately controlled by the same party or parties both before and after the business combination and that control is not transitory.

Business combinations involving entities or businesses under common control are accounted for using the pooling of interest method as follows:

- The assets and liabilities of the combining entities are reflected at their carrying amounts.
- No adjustments are made to reflect fair values, or recognize new assets or liabilities.
 Adjustments are made only to harmonise material accounting policies.
- The financial information in the financial statements in respect of prior periods is restated as if
 the business combination has occurred from the beginning of the preceding period in the
 financial statements, irrespective of the actual date of the combination

The balance of the retained earnings appearing in the financial statements of the transferor is aggregated with the corresponding balance appearing in the financial statements of the transferee. The identity of the reserves is preserved and the reserves of the transferor become the reserves of the transferee

The difference, if any, between the amounts recorded as share capital issued plus any additional consideration in the form of cash or other assets and the amount of share capital of the transferor is transferred to capital reserve and is presented separately from other capital reserves.

3.24 Expenditure on issue of shares

Expenditure on issue of shares, if any, is charged to the securities premium account

4. Implementation of New/ Modified Standards

During the year, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has issued amendments to certain Ind AS. The Group has analysed the impact of these amendments, which is not material to the Group. Further, MCA has not issued any new Ind-AS applicable to the company.

5. Material management judgment in applying accounting policies and estimation of uncertainty

The preparation of the Group's consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates, and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the related disclosures. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historical experience & other relevant factors and are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

OW Dell

CO



Changes in accounting estimates- Such changes, if any, are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision & future periods if it affects both current & future periods.

Material management judgments

Recognition of deferred tax assets/ liability – The extent to which deferred tax assets can be recognized is based on an assessment of the probability of the future taxable income against which the deferred tax assets can be utilized. Further, the Management has no intention to make withdrawal from the Special Reserve created and maintained under section 36(1)(viii) of the Income tax Act, 1961 and thus, the special reserve created and maintained is not capable of being reversed. Hence, the Group does not create any deferred tax liability on the said reserve.

Recognition of Deferred Tax Liability on Undistributed Reserves of Group Companies – The applicable tax laws provide for tax deduction in respect of dividend income from equity investments, to the extent of dividend declared by the Company to its shareholders during the year. Considering the historical information and dividend distribution policy of the Company, the Company does not expect any tax liability on the undistributed reserves of the Group Companies, as and when such reserves are distributed. Hence, the Company does not create any deferred tax liability on undistributed reserves of Group Companies.

Evaluation of indicators for impairment of assets – The evaluation of the applicability of indicators of impairment of assets requires assessment of several external and internal factors which could result in deterioration of recoverable amount of the assets.

Investment in SPVs – Transmission projects are managed as per the mandate from Government of India and the Group does not have the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of these projects unilaterally. The Group therefore considers its investment in respective SPVs as associates having significant influence despite the Company holding 100% of their paid-up equity share capital.

Non recognition of Interest Income on Credit Impaired Loans - As a matter of prudence, income on credit impaired loan assets is recognised as and when received or on accrual basis when expected realisation is higher than the loan amount outstanding.

Material estimates

Useful lives of depreciable/amortizable assets – Management reviews its estimate of the useful lives of depreciable/amortizable assets at each reporting date, based on the expected utility of the assets. Uncertainties in these estimates relate to technical and economic obsolescence that may change the utility of assets.

Defined benefit obligation (DBO) – Management's estimate of the DBO is based on a number of underlying assumptions such as standard rates of inflation, mortality, discount rate and anticipation of future salary increases. Variation in these assumptions may materially impact the DBO amount and the annual defined benefit expenses.

Fair value measurements – Management applies valuation techniques to determine the fair value of financial instruments (where active market quotes are not available). This involves developing estimates and assumptions consistent with how market participants would price the instrument. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group uses market-observable data to the extent it is available. In case of non-availability of market observable data, Level 2 & Level 3 hierarchy is used

Vew Deln

for fair valuation,

Delhi-92

Income Taxes – Material estimates are involved in determining the provision for income taxes, including amount expected to be paid/recovered for uncertain tax positions and also in respect of expected future profitability to assess deferred tax asset.

Expected Credit Loss ('ECL') – The measurement of an expected credit loss allowance for financial assets measured at amortized cost requires the use of complex models and significant assumptions about future economic conditions and credit behaviour (e.g., likelihood of customers defaulting and resulting losses). The Group makes significant judgments about the following while assessing expected credit loss to estimate ECL:

- Determining criteria for a significant increase in credit risk;
- Establishing the number and relative weightings of forward-looking scenarios for each type of product/ market and the associated ECL; and
- Establishing groups of similar financial assets to measure ECL.
- Estimating the probability of default and loss given default (estimates of recoverable amounts in case of default)







6 Cash and cash equivalents

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars	As at 30-09-2024	As at 31-03-2024
- Cash on Hand (including imprest)	0.08	0.02
- Balances with Banks		
- in current accounts	781.18	67.65
- deposits with original maturity of 3 months or less	3,894.18	195.08
Total	4,675.44	262.75

7 Bank Balances (other than Cash and Cash Equivalents)

Particulars	As at 30-09-2024	As at 31-03-2024
- Earmarked Balances with Banks		
- For unpaid dividends	148.76	1,192.72
- For Government funds for onward disbursement as grant	88.35	69.55
- Earmarked Term Deposits		
- Deposits in Compliance of Court Order	0.69	0.67
- Balances with banks not available for use pending	559.50	1,245.41
allotment of 54EC Capital Gain Tax Exemption Bonds		
-Other Term deposits	221.19	191.40
Total	1,018.49	2,699.75







8 Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company enters into derivatives for hedging foreign exchange risks and interest rate risks. Derivatives held for risk management purposes include hedges that are either designated as effective hedges under the hedge accounting requirements or hedges that are economic hedges. The table below shows the fair values of derivative financial instruments recorded as assets or liabilities together with their notional amounts.

Part I

(₹ in Crores)

	Particulars	1	As at 30-09-202	24	-	As at 31-03-202	14
		Notional Amounts	Fair Value - Assets	Fair Value - Liabilities	Notional Amounts	Fair Value -	Fair Value -
(i)	Currency Derivatives						
	- Currency swaps	3,142.08	409.65	251.16	3,126.52	43.34	38.13
	- Others						
	- Call Spread		-	-	-	100	-
	- Seagull Options	1,45,337.90	16,913.96	1,907.33	1,21,107.24	11,070,97	411.82
	Sub-total (i)	1,48,479.98	17,323.61	2,158.49	1,24,233.76	11,114.31	449.95
(ii)	Interest Rate Derivatives						
	- Forward Rate Agreements and Interest Rate Swaps	94,910.08	521.78	786.82	72,128.13	1,367.71	309.75
	Sub-total (ii)	94,910.08	521.78	786.82	72,128.13	1,367.71	309.75
(iii)	Other derivatives						
	- Reverse cross currency swaps	-	-	-	-	-	
	Total - Derivative Financial Instruments (i + ii+iii)	2,43,390.06	17,845.39	2,945.31	1,96,361.89	12,482.02	759.70

Part II
Included in Part I are derivatives held for hedging and risk management purposes as below:

Particulars	1	As at 30-09-202	4	1	As at 31-03-202	4
	Notional Amounts	Fair Value - Assets	Fair Value - Liabilities	Notional Amounts	Fair Value - Assets	Fair Value - Liabilities
Fair Value Hedging						
- Interest Rate Derivatives						
- Forward Rate Agreements and Interest Rate Swaps	13,995.70	61.09	133.78	15,950.70	O#C	297.73
Sub-total (i)	13,995.70	61.09	133.78	15,950.70		297.73
Cash Flow Hedging						
- Currency Derivatives						
- Currency Swaps	3,142.08	409.65	251.16	3,126.52	43.34	38.13
- Others						
- Call Spread		-		-		
- Seagull Options	1,45,337.90	16,913.96	1,907.33	1,21,107.24	11,070.96	411.82
- Interest Rate Derivatives						
- Forward Rate Agreements and Interest Rate Swaps	74,214.38	112.18	653.04	49,477.43	905.30	12.02
Sub-total (ii)	2,22,694.36	17,435.79	2,811.53	1,73,711.19	12,019.60	461.97
Undesignated Derivatives	6,700.00	348.51		6,700.00	462.42	
Total - Derivative Financial Instruments (i+ii+iii)	2,43,390.06	17,845.39	2,945.31	1,96,361.89	12,482.02	759.70







9 Receivables

(₹ in Crores)

	Particulars	As at 30-09-2024	As at 31-03-2024
	Trade Receivables		
	Unsecured, Considered good	151.57	115.13
	Less: Allowance for Expected Credit Loss	(8.83)	(8.83)
		142.74	106.30
	Trade receivables which have significant increse in credit risk	77.20	58.90
١	Less: Allowance for Expected Credit Loss	(16.58)	(16.58)
ı		60.62	42.32
	Credit impaired receivables	69.47	39.46
	Less: Allowance for Expected Credit Loss	(60.92)	(34.26)
l	***	8.55	5.20
l	Sub-Total-I (i+ii+iii)	211.91	153.82
	Other Receivables		
ı	Unsecured, Considered good	3.68	5
ľ	Less: Allowance for Expected Credit Loss	-	₹.
		3.68	=
	Sub-Total-II (i+ii+iii)	3.68	
	Total Receivables (I+II)	215.59	153.82







10 Loans The Company has categorised all loans at Amortised Cost in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 109.

	Particulars		As at 30	-09-2024	As at 31	1-03-2024
			Principal O/s	Amortised Cost	Principal O/s	Amortised Cost
1)	Loans					
i)	Term Loans		4,88,664.25	4,91,059.07	4,62,090.27	4,63,975.6
i)	Working Capital Term Loans		57,452.71	57,796.39	47,280.68	47,596.96
	339 416	Total (A) - Gross Loans	5,46,116.96	5,48,855.46	5,09,370.95	5,11,572.5
1	Less: Impairment loss allowance		(12,708.00)	(12,708.00)	(12,380.52)	(12,380.52
		Total (A) - Net Loans	5,33,408.96	5,36,147.46	4,96,990.43	4,99,192.0
()	Security Details					
)	Secured by tangible assets		2,60,080.99	2,60,805.57	2,47,650.53	2,48,205.98
)	Covered by Government Guarantees	-	2,40,096.78	2,41,883.02	2,24,500.49	2,25,967,86
)	Unsecured		45,939.19	46,166.87	37,219.92	37,398.73
	3	Total (B) - Gross Loans	5,46,116.96	5,48,855.46	5,09,370.95	5,11,572.57
	Less: Impairment loss allowance		(12,708.00)	(12,708.00)	(12,380.52)	(12,380,52
		Total (B) - Net Loans	5,33,408.96	5,36,147.46	4,96,990.43	4,99,192.05
(1)	Loans in India					
	Public Sector		4,80,818.20	4,83,626.21	4,54,647.08	4,56,894.28
)	Private Sector		65,298.76	65,229.25	54,723.87	54,678.29
		Total (C)(I) - Gross Loans	5,46,116.96	5,48,855.46	5,09,370.95	5,11,572.57
	Less: Impairment loss allowance		(12,708.00)	(12,708.00)	(12,380.52)	(12,380.52
		Total (C)(I) - Net Loans	5,33,408.96	5,36,147.46	4,96,990.43	4,99,192.05
1)	Loans outside India			-	-	
1	Less: Impairment loss allowance		le:	100	-	-
		Total (C)(II) - Net Loans	1.50		-	-
		Total (C)(I) and (C)(II)	5,33,408.96	5,36,147.46	4,96,990.43	4,99,192.05







Particulars	Amortised		At fair value		Sub-total	Others (At	(₹ in Crores Total
	Cost	Through Other Comprehensive Income	Through profit or loss	Designated at fair value through profit or loss	Sub total	Cost)	Total
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5= 1+2+3+4)	(6)	(7= 5+6)
As at 30th September, 2024							
Government Securities	1,622.92	12	-	_	1,622.92	3-0	1,622.92
Debt Securities	3,618.54		971.93		4,590.47	4	4,590.47
Equity Instruments	1000	435.38	141.63	-	577.01	227	577.01
Preference Shares	28.72	a a	121 121	. 9	28.72	:-:	28.72
Total - Gross (A)	5,270.18	435.38	1,113.56		6,819.12		6,819.12
Investments outside India	1.50	99	(+ -/		1	12	2,02712
Investments in India	5,270.18	435.38	1,113.56	2	6,819.12		6,819.12
Total - Gross (B)	5,270.18	435.38	1,113.56	-	6,819.12		6,819.12
Total Investments	5,270.18	435.38	1,113.56		6,819.12	14:	6,819.12
Less: impairment loss allowance (C)	(28.72)		040	-	(28.72)		(28.72
Total - Net (D=A-C)	5,241.46	435.38	1,113.56	Ē	6,790.40	1.5	6,790.40
As at 31st March, 2024							
Government Securities	1,624.08	127	(S)	2	1,624.08		1,624.08
Debt Securities	2,176.20	-	1,065.03	-	3,241.23		3,241.23
Equity Instruments		410.64	76.37		487.01	52	487.01
Preference Shares	28.72	121	12	S .	28.72		28.72
Total - Gross (A)	3,829.00	410.64	1,141.40	-	5,381.04		5,381.04
Investments outside India	-	190	R E R	:=:	(#)	-	-
Investments in India	3,829.00	410.64	1,141.40	. 9	5,381.04	-	5,381.04
Total - Gross (B)	3,829.00	410.64	1,141.40		5,381.04	250	5,381.04
Total Investments	3,829.00	410.64	1,141.40		5,381.04	-	5,381.04
Less: impairment loss allowance (C)	(28.72)	-	7 .	-	(28.72)	- 1	(28.72
Total - Net (D=A-C)	3,800.28	410.64	1,141.40		5,352.32	-	5,352.32







12 Other financial assets

The Company has categorised all the components under 'Other Financial Assets' at Amortised Cost in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 109.

	Particulars	As at 30-09-2024	(₹ in Crores) As at 31-03-2024
	Particulars	As at 30-05-2024	As at 31-03-2024
(A)	Loans to Employees	67.63	57.99
(B)	Advances to Employees	1.60	0.90
(C)	Recoverable from Holding Company	1.85	0.51
(D)	Security Deposits	2.25	1.55
(E)	Advance paid towards variation margin	117.18	2-1
(F)	Recoverable from Government of India		
	Towards GoI Fully Serviced Bonds	24,317.88	24,319.40
(G)	Other amounts recoverable	105.08	132.86
	Less: Impairment Loss allowance	(49.83)	(67.79)
	Other Amounts Recoverable (Net)	55.25	65.07
	Total (A to F)	24,563.64	24,445.42

13 Current tax assets (net)

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars	As at 30-09-2024	As at 31-03-2024
Advance Income-tax & TDS	225.17	305.47
Less: Provision for Income Tax	(0.80)	(0.80)
Sub-Total (1)	224.37	304.67
Tax Deposited on income tax demands under contest	5.20	5.26
Provision for income tax for demand under contest	(0.25)	(0.25)
Sub-Total (2)	4.95	5.01
Current tax assets (Net)	229.32	309.68

14 Deferred tax assets (net)

s at 30-09-2024	As at 31-03-2024
2,967.93	2,500.96
•	







				Prope	Property, Plant & Equipment	pment				Capital Work-in- Progress	Capital Work-in- Intangible Assets Progress under Development	Other Intangible Assets
	Freehold Land	Freehold Land Right-of-Use Land	Buildings	Plant & equipment	Furniture & Fixtures	EDP Equipments	Office Equipments	Vehicles	Total	Immovable Property	Computer	Computer
Gross carrying value												
As at 31.03.2023	110.39	1.59	456.90	20.06	69'29	26.58	25.52	0.54	77 502			
Additions				0.35	109	_		0.13	1750	7/7	•	14.71
Borrowings Cost Capitalised						_		6179	10.0	3.71		
Disposals					070		, ,	, ;	. ;	0.20	**	
As at 30.09.2023	110 39	1 50	456 90	00	40.00	1.00	67.7	0.01	3.94		8	*
As at 31.03.2024	110 30		47.00		60.09	30.63	23.28	99'0	711.94	6,63	٠	14.71
Additions	440.55		456.90	70.	67.27	32.16	26.74	17.0	71622	23.59	•	14.71
Romounae Cost Canitalized				4	1.33	1.63	2.70	.5.	5.66	24.07		
pasiender som edin man		+			*		٠	*	3	1.13		51
Disposals/ Adjustments	*				3,4	2.21	9.00	0.41	12.06		114	
As at 30.09.2024	110.39	1.59	456.90	20.45	65.16	31.58	23.44	0.30	709.82	48.79	. 21	14,71
Accumulated depreciation/ amortisation												
As at 31.03.2023	•	0.39	20.61	2.23	15.71	1871	12.07	0.38	20.10	7	3	
Charge for the year		10.0	3,61		3.06	1.96	1.75	0.00	11.05	. 9		13,09
Adjustment for disposals		4	ř	*	0.26	59'0	1.10		2.01			0.30
As at 30.09,2023		0.40	24.22	2.87	18.51	20.02	12.72	0.40	79.14			90 66
As at 31.03.2024		0.41	27.82	3.52	20.25	20.63	12.19	0.42	85.23			14.10
Charge for the year	-	20.0	3.62	0.65	3.00	253	1.86	0.02	11.74			21.0
Adjustment for disposals	4	140		*	2.59	1.50	4.33	0.35	8.77		1	100
As at 30.09.2024	•	0.48	31.44	4	20.64	21.66	17.6	60.0	88.21	7.5	10	14.33
Net block as at 31.03.2024	110.39	1.18	429.08	16.93	47.03	11.53	14.55	0.29	86 059	23.50		60
Net block as at 30.09.2024	110.39	1111	425.46	16.28	44.51	600	13.73	1,00	53.63	9 9		400







16 Other non-financial assets

	Particulars	As at 30-09-2024	(₹ in Crores) As at 31-03-2024
	Unsecured, considered good		
(A)	Capital Advances		0.17
(B)	Other Advances	22.14	31.33
(C)	Balances with Government Authorities	26.36	42.36
(D)	Pre-Spent Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Expenses	12	5.34
(E)	Prepaid Expenses	27.68	22.01
(F)	Deferred Employee Cost	19.96	15.81
(G)	Other Assets		0.01
	Total (A to G)	96.14	117.03

17 Assets classified as held for sale

Particulars	As at 30-09-2024	As at 31-03-2024
Disposal Group		
(i) Investment in associates	0.50	0.90
(ii) Loans to associates	6.08	19.25
(iii) Provision for impairment on assets classified as held for sale	-	
Sub-Total (i+ii+iii)	6.58	20.15
Assets Classified as Held for Sale-Building	0.01	0.05
Total (B)	0.01	0.05
Grand Total (A+B)	6.59	20.20
Liabilities directly associated with assets classified as held for sale		
Payable to associates		
Total (C)		
Net Assets held for sale (A+B-C)	6.59	20.20







18 Payables

Particulars	As at 30-09-2024	As at 31-03-2024
Trade Payables		
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	0.11	
Total outstanding dues other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	126.78	90.51
Sub-total	126.89	90.51
Other payables		
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	1.84	18
Total outstanding dues other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	5.21	
Sub-total	7.05	2
Total (A+B)	133.94	90.51







19 Debt Securities

The Company has categorised all debt securities at amortised cost in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 109.

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars	As at 30	-09-2024	As at 3	1-03-2024
	Face Value	Amortised Cost	Face Value	Amortised Cost
Secured Long-Term Debt Securities				
Institutional Bonds			1,955.00	2,052.46
54EC Capital Gain Tax Exemption Bonds	43,193.78	43,702.31	41,110.80	42,535.7
Tax Free Bonds	8,953.27	9,375.17	8,953.27	9,279.83
Bond Application Money pending allotment	559.50	560.95	1,245.41	1,244.57
Sub-total (A)	52,706.55	53,638.43	53,264.48	55,112.5
Unsecured Long-Term Debt Securities				
Institutional Bonds	1,95,535.29	2,02,326.03	1,72,275.29	1,78,093.90
Infrastructure Bonds	3.96	9.74	3.96	9.32
Foreign Currency Bonds	32,099.81	32,001.56	32,963.75	32,847.46
Sub-total (B)	2,27,639.06	2,34,337.33	2,05,243.00	2,10,950.68
Unsecured Short-Term Debt Securities				
Commercial Paper	121	-	-	9
Sub-total (C)	140	-	-	
Total - Debt Securities (A+B+C)	2,80,345.61	2,87,975.76	2,58,507.48	2,66,063.24
Debt Securities issued in/outside India				
Debt Securities in India	2,48,245.80	2,55,974.19	2,25,543.73	2,33,215.78
Debt Securities outside India	32,099.81	32,001.56	32,963.75	32,847.46
Total - Debt Securities	2,80,345.61	2,87,975.76	2,58,507.48	2,66,063.24

20 Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities)

The Company has categorised all borrowings (other than debt securities) at Amortised Cost in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 109.

Particulars	As at 30	As at 30-09-2024		As at 31-03-2024	
	Principal O/s	Amortised Cost	Principal O/s	Amortised Cost	
Unsecured Long-Term Borrowings					
Term Loans from Banks	49,147.56	49,329.25	50,612.28	50,620.49	
Term Loans from Financial Institutions	8,050.00	8,072.28	8,050.00	8,072.29	
Term Loan in Foreign Currency	81,876.29	81,406.82	67,205.64	66,772.3	
Term Loans from Government of India (NSSF)	10,000.00	10,326.24	10,000.00	10,325.13	
Sub-total (A)	1,49,073.85	1,49,134.59	1,35,867.92	1,35,790.2	
Unsecured Short-Term Borrowings	4				
FCNR (B) Loans	34,816.07	34,821.89	25,138.67	25,151.2	
Short Term Loans/ Loans repayable on demand from Banks	4,310.00	4,312.53	10,875.94	10,883.0	
Overdrafts/ Cash Credit repayable on demand from Banks		-	267.44	267.4-	
Sub-total (B)	39,126.07	39,134.42	36,282.05	36,301.77	
Total - Borrowings (other than Debt Securities) (A to B)	1,88,199.92	1,88,269.01	1,72,149.97	1,72,092.09	
Borrowings (other than Debt Securities) in/outside India					
Borrowings in India	1,06,323.63	1,06,862.19	1,04,944.33	1,05,319.67	
Borrowings outside India	81,876.29	81,406.82	67,205.64	66,772.38	
Total - Borrowings (other than Debt Securities)	1,88,199.92	1,88,269.01	1,72,149.97	1,72,092.05	







21 Subordinated Liabilities

The Company has categorised all subordinated liabilities at amortised cost in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 109.

Particulars	As at 30	As at 30-09-2024		1-03-2024
	Face Value	Amortised Cost	Face Value	Amortised Cost
i) 115th Series - Subordinate Tier-II Bonds -				-
8.06% Redeemable at par on 31.05.2023				
i) 175th Series - Subordinate Tier-II Bonds -	2,151.20	2,220.10	2,151.20	2,091.95
8.97% Redeemable at par on 28.03.2029			- 7	
ii) 199th Series - Subordinate Tier-II Bonds -	1,999.50	1,998.62	1,999.50	2,041.60
7.96% Redeemable at par on 15.06.2030				
v) 222nd Series - Perpetual Tier-I Bonds -	2,000.00	2,064.89	2,000.00	2,145.28
7.98% with call option on 30.04.2033 and on annual anniver	sary			
date thereafter				
226th Series - Perpetual Tier-I Bonds -	1,090.00	1,088.95	1,090.00	1,133.38
8.03% with call option on 30.09.2033 and on annual annivers	ary			
Total - Subordinated Liabilities	7,240.70	7,372.56	7,240.70	7,412.21
Subordinated Liabilities in/ outside India				
) Borrowings in India	7,240.70	7,372.56	7,240.70	7,412.21
i) Borrowings outside India	-		-	
Total - Subordinated Liabilities	7,240.70	7,372.56	7,240.70	7,412.21







22 Other Financial Liabilities

æ	117	(rores)

Particulars	As at 30-09-2024	As at 31-03-2024
A) Unpaid Dividends	148.76	1,192.72
3) Unpaid Principal & Interest on Bonds		
- Matured Bonds & Interest Accrued thereon	25.74	22.42
- Interest on Bonds	8.76	10.52
Sub-total (B)	34.50	32.94
C) Advance received towards variation margin	6,993.47	4,638.80
Funds Received from Government of India for Disbursement as	98,250.12	98,251.73
Subsidy/ Grant (cumulative)		
Add: Interest on such funds (net of refund)	24.63	24.61
Less: Disbursed to Beneficiaries (cumulative)	(98,184.09)	(98,202.39)
Undisbursed Funds to be disbursed as Subsidy/ Grant	90.66	73.95
Payables towards Bonds Fully serviced by Government of India	24,317.88	24,382.40
Other Liabilities	2,645.51	1,638.68
Total (A to F)	34,230.78	31,959.49

23 Current tax liabilities (net)

₹ in Crores

Particulars	As at 30-09-2024	As at 31-03-2024
Provision for Income Tax	5,267.34	3,283,85
Less: Advance Income-tax & TDS	(4,971.12)	(3,217.34)
Current tax liabilities (Net)	296.22	66.51

24 Provisions

Particulars		As at 30-09-2024	As at 31-03-2024
Provisions for			
Employee Benefits			
Gratuity		2.86	0.13
Earned Leave Liability		34.79	33.81
Medical Leave Liability		22.02	21.52
Settlement Allowance		2.43	2.40
Economic Rehabilitation Scheme		5.51	4.92
Long Service Award		4.74	4.51
Incentive		26.72	36.96
Others		0.80	1.07
	Sub-total (A)	99.87	105.32
Others			
Expected Credit Loss on Letters of Comfort		24.03	32.02
- 0%	Sub-total (B)	24.03	32.02
	Total (A+B)	123.90	137.34







25 Other Non-Financial Liabilities

	Particulars	As at 30-09-2024	As at 31-03-2024
(A)	Income Received in Advance	0.14	*
(B)	Sundry Liabilities Account (Funded Interest Capitalisation)	47.06	47,80
(C)	Unbilled Liability towards Capital Account	48.38	48,38
(D)	Unamortised Fee on Undisbursed Loans	221.78	85.38
(E)	Advance received from Government towards Government Schemes	0.08	
(F)	Statutory Dues	52.15	78.23
	Total (A to E)	369.59	259.79







26 Equity Share Capital

(₹ in Crores)

Paration I area	As at 30-0	6-2024	As at 31	-03-2024
quity shares of ₹ 10 each ssued, Subscribed and Paid up :	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount
Authorised : Equity shares of ₹ 10 each	5,00,00,00,000	5,000.00	5,00,00,000,000	5,000,00
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up: Fully paid up Equity shares of ₹ 10 each	2,63,32,24,000	2,633.22	2,63,32,24,000	2,633.22
Total	2,63,32,24,000	2,633.22	2,63,32,24,000	2,633.22

27 Instruments entirely equity in nature

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars	As at 30-06-2024		As at 31-03-2024	
rarticulars	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Fully paid up Perpetual Debts Instrument entirely equity in nature of ₹ 10 lakhs each	5,584	558.40	5,584	558,40
Total	5,584	558.40	5,584	558.40

28 Other Equity

Particulars	As at 30-06-2024	As at 31-03-2024
Other Reserves		_
Special Reserve created u/s 36(1) (viii) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	29,812.41	28,044.83
Reserve for Bad and doubtful debts u/s 36(1)(viia) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	1,105.26	687.76
Statutory Reserve u/s 45-IC of Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934	12,318.57	10,828.99
) Securities Premium	1,577.53	1,577.53
Foreign Currency Monetary Item Translation Difference Account	(605.61)	(675.14)
General Reserve	12,336.28	12,036.28
Retained Earnings	15,159.03	13,872.65
Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)		
- Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	(33.84)	(57,99)
- Effective Portion of Cash Flow Hedges	(890.33)	(1,846.93)
- Cost of Hedging reserve	(460.81)	1,690.64
Total - Other Equity (A+B+C)	70,318.48	66,158.63







29 Interest Income

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars	Pe	eriod ended 30-09	-2024	Pe	riod ended 30-09-2	023
	On Financial Assets measured at Fair Value through OCI	On Financial Assets measured at Amortised Cost	On Financial Assets measured at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	On Financial Assets measured at Fair Value through OCI	On Financial Assets measured at Amortised Cost	On Financial Assets measured at Fair Value through Profit of Loss
Interest on Loan Assets						
Long term financing		23,602.26	-	-	20,278.84	-
Short term financing		2,085.00	2		1,399.42	-
Sub-total (A)		25,687.26			21,678.26	
Interest Income from Investments						
Interest from Long Term Investments	-	186.84	40.78		82.60	29.64
Sub-total (B)		186.84	40.78		82.60	29.64
Interest on Deposits with Banks					3	
Interest from Deposits	-	151.38	9		223.37	5
Sub-total (C)		151.38		•	223.37	
Other Interest Income						
Interest on Delayed Payments by Borrowers	*	110.63	3	*	74.53	-
Interest from Staff Advances		2.63	*	*	2.46	
Interest on Mobilisation Advance	8	0.08	9	20	0.12	4
Unwinding of Discount of Security Deposits	140	943			0.09	2
Interest from SPVs/Associates	5:	0.42	3		0.24	
Interest on Advance to parties	- 45	0.29		*		
Sub-total (D)	169	114.05	¥	141	77.44	
Total - Interest Income (A to D)	(★)	26,139.53	40.78		22,061.67	29.64

30 Dividend Income

Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2024	Period ended 30-09-2023
- Dividend from Long-Term Investments	0.52	0.81
Total - Dividend Income	0.52	0.81

31 Fees and Commission Income

(? in Crores)

Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2024	Period ended 30-09-2023
Fees based Income	76.45	29.78
Prepayment Premium	18.72	34.59
Fee for Implementation of Govt. Schemes		26.16
Total - Fees and Commission Income	95.17	90.53

32 Sale of services

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2024	Period ended 30-09-2023	
Consultancy Engineering Services	201.98	238.87	
Total	201.98	238.87	

33 Other Income

Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2024	Period ended 30-09-2023
Net gain/ (loss) on de-recognition of Property, Plant and Equipment	0.01	
Net gain/ (loss) on disposal of assets classified as held for sale	6.03	1.32
Rental Income	7.50	6.89
Liabilities/Provision Written Back	2.58	0.24
Fees from Training Courses	3.84	4.55
Interest from Income Tax Refund		0.16
Miscellaneous Income	17.70	4.07
Total - Other Income	37.66	17.23







34 Finance Costs

Finance Costs have been incurred on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost.

Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2024	Period ended 30-09-2023
Interest on Borrowings		
- Loans from Government of India (NSSF)	412.38	413.5
- Loans from Banks/ Financial Institutions	2,459.45	2.717.8
- External Commercial Borrowings	3,110.83	2,114.1.
Sub-Total (i)	5,982.66	5,245.4
Interest on Debt Securities		
- Domestic Debt Securities	8,673.08	7,254.4
- Foreign Currency Debt Securities	658.09	835.6
- Commercial Paper		43.9
Sub-Total (ii)	9,331.17	8,134.0
Interest on Subordinated Liabilities		
- Subordinate Bonds	343.92	301.5
Sub-Total (iii)	343.92	301.5
Other Interest Expense		
- Swap Premium	655.53	704.48
- Interest on Variation Margin	211.92	11.83
- Interest on Advance Income Tax	<i>149</i>	0.30
- Interest on liability towards employee benefits	1.79	0.86
- Miscellaneous interest expense	046	0.11
Sub-Total (iv)	869.24	717.58
Total - Finance Costs	16,526.99	14,398.64
Less: Finance Costs Capitalised	(1.13)	(0.20
Total - Finance Costs (Net)	16,525.86	14,398.44

35 Net translation/ transaction exchange loss/ (gain)

(? in Crores)

Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2024	Period ended 30-09-2023
Net translation/ transaction exchange loss/ (gain)	101.71	130.53
Total	101.71	130.53

36 Fees and commission expense

(₹ in Crores)

Par	ticulars		Period ended 30-09-2024	Period ended 30-09-2023
(i) Gu	arantee Fee		0.14	0.85
(ii) Lis	ting and Trusteeship Fee		0.02	0.04
iii) Ag	ency Fees		1.57	0.78
iv) Cre	edit Rating Expenses		2.18	1.96
(v) Oth	her Finance Charges		5.23	6.14
		Total (i to v)	9.14	9.77

37 Net Gain/ (loss) on Fair Value Changes

Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2024	Period ended 30-09-2023
A) Net gain/ (loss) on financial instruments at Fair Value through profit or loss		
(i) On trading Portfolio	9	
ii) Others		
- Changes in fair value of Derivatives	- 14.91	317.60
- Changes in fair value of Long Term Investments	296.10	34.78
- Changes in fair value of Short-term MF investments	1.92	1.90
Sub-total (ii)	283.11	354.28
Total (A)	283.11	354.28
Breakup of Fair Value Changes		
- Realised	(537.34)	645.32
- Unrealised	820.45	(291.04)
Total Net Gain/ (loss) on Fair Value Changes	283.11	354.28







38 Impairment on financial instruments

(₹ in Crores)

	Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2024		Period ended 30-09-2023		
		On financial instruments measured at FVOCI	On financial instruments measured at Amortised Cost	On financial instruments measured at FVOCI	On financial instruments measured at Amortised Cost	
(i)	- Loans *		319.49		- 206.70	
(ii)	- Others		9.03		4.34	
	Total (i+ii)	ۥ	328.52	•	- 702.36	

39 Cost of services rendered

(Ein Crores)

Particulars		Period ended 30-09-2024	Period ended 30-09-2023
Project Expenses		70.55	169.93
	Total	70.55	169.93

40 Employee Benefits Expense

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2024	Period ended 30-09-2023
- Salaries and Allowances	78.83	71.88
- Contribution to Provident and Other Funds	17.69	12.01
- Rent towards Residential Accomodation for Employees	4.43	2.91
- Staff Welfare Expenses	26.85	15.73
Total	127.80	102.53

41 Depreciation and amortization

(? in Crores)

Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2024	Period ended 30-09-2023
- Depreciation on Property, Plant & Equipment	11.75	11.06
- Amortization on Intangible Assets	0.15	0.91
Total	11.90	11.97

42 Corporate Social Responsibility Expenses

(R in Crores)

Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2024	Period ended 30-09-2023
- Direct Expenditure	78.39	41.74
- Overheads	4.32	3.61
Total	82.71	45.35

43 Other Expenses

Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2024	Period ended 30-09-2023
- Travelling and Conveyance	15.64	8.09
- Publicity & Promotion Expenses	15.08	6.84
- Repairs and Maintenance	14.99	12.44
- Rent, taxes and energy costs	5.49	2.65
- Insurance Charges	0.30	0.16
- Communication costs	3.00	1.25
- Printing & stationery	0.54	0.72
- Director's sitting fees	0.25	0.21
- Auditors' fees and expenses	0.99	0.86
- Legal & Professional Charges	8.51	6.28
- Donations	0.01	
Net Loss on Disposal of Property, Plant & Equipment	3.26	1.89
- Training And Conference Expense	5.11	2.50
Government Scheme Monitoring Expenses	10.01	5.35
Other Expenditure	10.77	13.86
Total	93.95	68.10







44 Tax Expense

(t in Crores)

Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2024	Period ended 30-09-2023
- Current tax expense	2,014.40	1,546.73
- Current tax expense/ (benefit) pertaining to earlier years	₹₹1	0.09
Sub-total - Current Tax	2,014.40	1,546.82
- Deferred tax expense/ (credit)	(65.69)	254.00
Total	1,948.71	1,800.82

45 Earnings per Share

Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2024	Period ended 30-09-2023
Numerator		
Profit for the year from continuing operations as per Statement of Profit	7,497.90	6,757.95
and Loss (₹ in Crores)*		
Profit for the year from discontinued operations as per Statement of	¥	3
Profit and Loss (₹ in Crores)*		
Profit for the year from continuing and discontinued operations as per	7,497.90	6,757.95
Statement of Profit and Loss (₹ in Crores)*		
<u>Denominator</u>		
Weighted average Number of equity shares	2,63,32,24,000	2,63,32,24,000
Basic & Diluted Earnings per Share (in ₹ for an equity share of ₹ 10 each)	28.47	25.66
(for continuing operations)		Contract of the Contract of th
Basic & Diluted Earnings per Share (in ₹ for an equity share of ₹ 10 each)	*	
(for discontinued operations)		()
Basic & Diluted Earnings per Share (in ₹ for an equity share of ₹ 10 each)	50.00000	
(for continuing and discontinued operations)	28.47	25.66





