

**KAILASH CHAND JAIN & CO.**  
Chartered Accountants  
819, Laxmi Deep Building,  
Laxmi Nagar District Center,  
New Delhi-110092

**SCV & CO. LLP.**  
Chartered Accountants  
B-41, Panchsheel Enclave,  
New Delhi- 110017

**Independent Auditors' Report on the Audited Standalone Financial Results of REC Limited for the quarter and year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025 being submitted by the Company pursuant to the Regulation 33 and Regulation 52 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended.**

**The Board of Directors,  
REC Limited  
Core-IV, SCOPE Complex,  
7, Lodi Road,  
New Delhi – 110003**

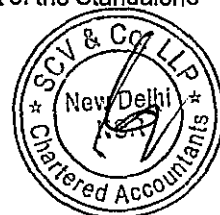
**Report on the audit of the Standalone Financial Results**

**Opinion**

1. We have audited the accompanying statement of Standalone Financial Results of **REC Limited** ("the Company") for the quarter and year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025 (the Statements) attached herewith, being submitted by the Company pursuant to the requirement of Regulation 33 and Regulation 52 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended ("Listing Regulations").
2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us the Standalone Financial Results:
  - i. are presented in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 33 and Regulation 52 of the Listing Regulations in this regard; and
  - ii. gives a true and fair view in conformity with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in the applicable accounting standards, the circulars, guidelines and directions issued by the RBI from time to time and other accounting principles generally accepted in India of the net profit and other comprehensive income and other financial information of the Company for the quarter and year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025.

**Basis for Opinion**

3. We conducted our audit of the Statement in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ("SAs") specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone



Financial Results section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial results under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Management's Responsibilities for the Standalone Financial Results**

4. This Statement, which includes the financial results is the responsibility of the Company's Board of Directors and has been approved by them for the issuance.
5. The financial results for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025, have been prepared on the basis of annual financial statements. This responsibility includes the preparation and presentation of the financial results for the quarter and year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2025 that give a true and fair view of the net profit and other comprehensive income and other financial information in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in the Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with relevant rules issued thereunder, the circulars, guidelines and directions issued by the RBI from time to time and other accounting principles generally accepted in India and in compliance with Regulation 33 and Regulation 52 read with Regulation 63(2) of the Listing Regulations.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Standalone Financial Results that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

6. In preparing the Standalone Financial Results, the Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
7. The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### **Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Results**

8. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Statement as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

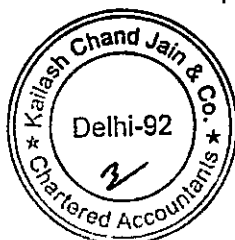


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Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Standalone Financial Results. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Financial Results, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
  - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3) (i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion through a separate report on the complete set of financial statements on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
  - Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board of Directors in terms of the requirements specified under Regulation 33, Regulation 52 of the Listing Regulations.
  - Conclude on the appropriateness of the Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the Standalone Financial Results or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our Auditors' Report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
  - Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Standalone Financial Results, including the disclosures, and whether the Standalone Financial Results represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
9. Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the Standalone Financial Results that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the Standalone Financial Results may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the Standalone Financial Results.
10. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
11. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all



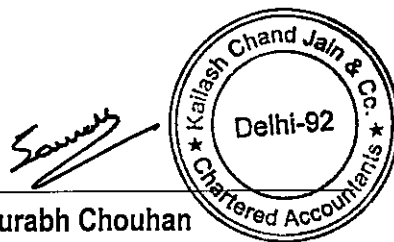
relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

## Other Matters

12. The Statement includes the figures for the quarter ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025 being the balancing figure between the audited figures in respect of the full financial year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025 and the published unaudited year to date figures up to the third quarter of the current financial year which was subject to limited review by us

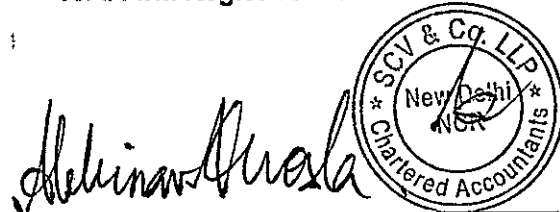
Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

For M/s Kailash Chand Jain & Co.  
Chartered Accountants,  
ICAI Firm Registration: 112318W



Name - Saurabh Chouhan  
Designation: Partner  
Membership Number: 167453  
UDIN: 25167453BMLKTM9949

For M/s SCV & Co. LLP.  
Chartered Accountants,  
ICAI Firm Registration: 000235N/N500089



Name - Abhinav Khosla  
Designation: Partner  
Membership Number: 087010  
UDIN: 25087010BMMLPW9543

Place : New Delhi  
Date : 8<sup>th</sup> May 2025

**Statement of Audited Standalone Financial Results for the quarter and year ended 31-03-2025**

(₹ in Crores)

S. No.	Particulars	Quarter Ended			Year Ended	
		31-03-2025 (Audited)	31-12-2024 (Unaudited)	31-03-2024 (Audited)	31-03-2025 (Audited)	31-03-2024 (Audited)
1	Income					
A	Interest income					
(i)	Interest income on loan assets	14,647.13	13,692.03	12,168.48	54,026.42	45,658.74
(ii)	Other interest income	287.87	278.37	215.10	1,043.69	751.37
	Sub-total (A) - Interest Income	14,935.00	13,970.40	12,383.58	55,070.11	46,410.11
B	Other Operating Income					
(i)	Dividend income	19.94	27.61	1.47	99.05	25.68
(ii)	Fees and commission income	222.84	75.73	92.37	393.74	236.03
(iii)	Net gain/ (loss) on fair value changes	(18.34)	83.45	135.72	348.22	474.48
	Sub-total (B) - Other Operating Income	224.44	186.79	229.56	841.01	736.19
C	Total Revenue from Operations (A+B)	15,159.44	14,157.19	12,613.14	55,911.12	47,146.30
D	Other Income	14.71	15.52	30.17	68.50	67.85
	Total income (C+D)	15,174.15	14,172.71	12,643.31	55,979.62	47,214.15
2	Expenses					
A	Finance costs	8,769.93	8,837.34	7,896.05	34,134.98	29,949.27
B	Net translation/ transaction exchange loss/ (gain)	47.32	59.12	59.95	208.15	166.57
C	Fees and commission expense	0.86	3.66	8.88	13.66	24.26
D	Impairment on financial instruments	779.97	(89.03)	(711.87)	1,019.41	(1,358.39)
E	Employee benefits expenses	60.82	65.28	59.74	244.80	214.01
F	Depreciation and amortization	6.41	6.23	5.98	24.39	23.72
G	Corporate social responsibility expenses	86.21	119.77	117.97	288.48	249.86
H	Other expenses	37.96	60.67	58.84	185.97	164.21
	Total expenses (A to H)	9,789.48	9,063.04	7,495.54	36,119.84	29,433.51
3	Profit before tax (1-2)	5,384.67	5,109.67	5,147.77	19,859.78	17,780.64
4	Tax expense					
A	Current tax					
-	Current year	1,008.99	1,019.47	888.15	4,011.49	3,293.00
-	Earlier years	0.05	-	2.09	0.05	2.09
B	Deferred tax	139.43	61.11	241.23	135.03	466.34
	Total tax expense (A+B)	1,148.47	1,080.58	1,131.47	4,146.57	3,761.43
5	Net profit for the period (3-4)	4,236.20	4,029.09	4,016.30	15,713.21	14,019.21
6	Other comprehensive Income/(Loss)					
(i)	Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss					
(a)	Re-measurement gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans	(0.51)	(0.56)	(5.77)	0.76	(0.99)
-	Tax impact on above	0.13	0.14	1.45	(0.19)	0.25
(b)	Changes in Fair Value of Equity Instruments measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI)	0.40	(48.98)	52.65	(23.85)	96.34
-	Tax impact on above	-	0.58	1.96	-	(4.86)
	Sub-total (i)	0.02	(48.82)	50.29	(23.28)	90.74
(ii)	Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss					
(a)	Effective portion of gains and loss on hedging instruments in cash flow hedges	(594.95)	540.13	(2,525.37)	1,223.51	(3,269.97)
-	Tax impact on above	149.74	(135.94)	635.59	(307.93)	822.99
(b)	Cost of hedging reserve	(808.42)	464.11	4,017.30	(3,219.35)	4,544.19
-	Tax impact on above	203.47	(116.81)	(1,011.07)	810.25	(1,143.68)
	Sub-total (ii)	(1,050.16)	751.49	1,116.45	(1,493.52)	953.53
	Other comprehensive Income/(Loss) for the period (i+ii)	(1,050.14)	702.67	1,166.74	(1,516.80)	1,044.27
7	Total comprehensive income for the period (5+6)	3,186.06	4,731.76	5,183.04	14,196.41	15,063.48
8	Paid up equity share capital (Face Value ₹10 per share)	2,633.22	2,633.22	2,633.22	2,633.22	2,633.22
9	Other equity (as per audited balance sheet as at 31st March)					
10	Basic & Diluted earnings per equity share of ₹ 10 each (in ₹)*					
A	For continuing operations (in ₹)	15.96	15.30	15.13	59.55	53.11
B	For discontinued operations (in ₹)	-	-	-	-	-
C	For continuing and discontinued operations (in ₹)	15.96	15.30	15.13	59.55	53.11

\* Earning Per Share (EPS) is not annualised for the quarters and period ended.



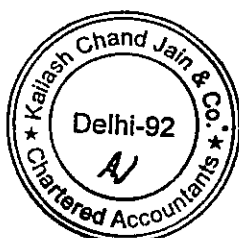
**Statement of Assets and Liabilities**

S. No.	Particulars	Standalone	
		As at 31-03-2025	As at 31-03-2024
		(Audited)	(Audited)
	<b>ASSETS</b>		
(1)	<b>Financial Assets</b>		
(a)	Cash and cash equivalents	54.69	46.26
(b)	Bank balances other than (a) above	1,695.15	2,452.44
(c)	Derivative financial instruments	17,432.18	12,482.02
(d)	Receivables		
	-Trade Receivables	-	-
	-Other Receivables	1.99	2.78
(e)	Loans	5,59,088.08	4,99,192.05
(f)	Investments	6,641.62	5,320.31
(g)	Other financial assets	24,603.68	24,421.74
	<b>Total - Financial Assets (1)</b>	<b>6,09,517.39</b>	<b>5,43,917.60</b>
(2)	<b>Non-Financial Assets</b>		
(a)	Current tax assets (net)	398.98	294.42
(b)	Deferred tax assets (net)	2,852.75	2,485.46
(c)	Investment Property	48.24	-
(d)	Property, Plant & Equipment	578.16	630.21
(e)	Capital Work-in-Progress	76.01	23.59
(f)	Other Intangible Assets	1.84	0.52
(g)	Other non-financial assets	82.10	88.54
	<b>Total - Non-Financial Assets (2)</b>	<b>4,038.08</b>	<b>3,522.74</b>
(3)	Assets classified as held for sale	0.01	0.05
	<b>Total ASSETS (1+2+3)</b>	<b>6,13,555.48</b>	<b>5,47,440.39</b>
	<b>LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</b>		
	<b>LIABILITIES</b>		
(1)	<b>Financial liabilities</b>		
(a)	Derivative financial instruments	1,670.06	759.70
(b)	Trade payables		
	-Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	0.12	0.16
	-Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	10.68	7.23
	Other payables		
	-Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	6.52	2.83
	-Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	17.28	8.69
(c)	Debt securities	2,92,474.93	2,66,109.92
(d)	Borrowings (other than debt securities)	1,94,300.16	1,72,092.05
(e)	Subordinated liabilities	9,514.16	7,412.21
(f)	Other financial liabilities	37,524.66	31,821.75
	<b>Total - Financial Liabilities (1)</b>	<b>5,35,518.57</b>	<b>4,78,214.54</b>
(2)	<b>Non-Financial Liabilities</b>		
(a)	Current tax liabilities (net)	-	66.51
(b)	Provisions	136.79	136.57
(c)	Other non-financial liabilities	262.15	239.62
	<b>Total - Non-Financial Liabilities (2)</b>	<b>398.94</b>	<b>442.70</b>
(3)	<b>Equity</b>		
(a)	Equity Share Capital	2,633.22	2,633.22
(b)	Instruments Entirely Equity In Nature	558.40	558.40
(c)	Other equity	74,446.35	65,591.53
	<b>Total - Equity (3)</b>	<b>77,637.97</b>	<b>68,783.15</b>
	<b>Total - LIABILITIES AND EQUITY (1+2+3)</b>	<b>6,13,555.48</b>	<b>5,47,440.39</b>



**Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31st March 2025**

S. No.	Particulars	Standalone	
		Year ended	
		31-03-2025 (Audited)	31-03-2024 (Audited)
<b>A.</b>	<b>Cash Flow from Operating Activities :</b>		
	Net Profit before tax	19,859.78	17,780.64
	Adjustments for:		
1	Loss/ (Gain) on derecognition of Property, Plant and Equipment (net)	7.61	5.56
2	Loss/ (Gain) on derecognition of Assets held for sale (net)	(6.03)	(1.32)
3	Depreciation & Amortization	24.39	23.72
4	Impairment allowance on Assets Classified as Held for Sale	-	-
5	Impairment losses on Financial Instruments	1,019.41	(1,358.39)
6	Loss/ (Gain) on Fair Value Changes (net)	(346.30)	(471.88)
7	Effective Interest Rate in respect of Loan Assets and Borrowings	214.60	(34.51)
8	Interest on Commercial Paper	-	135.64
9	Interest expense on income tax of earlier year	-	-
10	Interest Accrued on Zero Coupon Bonds	83.14	-
11	Unrealised Foreign Exchange Translation Loss/ (Gain)	(2,131.32)	(993.07)
12	Liabilities no longer required written back	-	-
13	Interest on Investments & others	(36.65)	(42.65)
	<b>Operating profit before Changes in Operating Assets &amp; Liabilities</b>	<b>18,688.63</b>	<b>15,043.74</b>
	Inflow / (Outflow) on account of :		
1	Loan Assets	(59,996.87)	(75,017.32)
2	Derivatives	643.90	(343.67)
3	Other Financial and Non- Financial Assets	(568.16)	(1,544.16)
4	Other Financial and Non- Financial Liabilities & Provisions	6,202.86	7,194.23
	<b>Cash flow from Operations</b>	<b>(35,029.65)</b>	<b>(54,667.18)</b>
1	Income Tax Paid (including TDS)	(4,152.50)	(3,218.04)
	<b>Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities</b>	<b>(39,182.15)</b>	<b>(57,885.22)</b>
<b>B.</b>	<b>Cash Flow from Investing Activities</b>		
1	Sale/ (Purchase) of Property, Plant & Equipment	(3.96)	0.07
2	Sale of assets held for sale	6.07	1.61
3	Investment in Property, Plant & Equipment (incl. CWIP & Capital Advances)	(77.16)	(32.81)
4	Investment in Intangible Assets (including intangible assets under development & Capital Advances)	(1.61)	0.00
5	Finance Costs Capitalised	(3.02)	(0.53)
6	Sale/ (Investment) in Equity Shares	-	67.39
7	Redemption/ (Investment) in High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLAs) (net)	(1,418.90)	(997.94)
8	Redemption/ (Investment) in Debt Securities other than HQLAs (net)	352.22	(912.98)
9	Sale/(Investment) of/in shares of associates (Net)	-	-
10	Interest Income from investments	-	-
11	Maturity/(Investment) of Corporate and Term deposits	-	-
	<b>Net Cash Flow from Investing Activities</b>	<b>(1,146.36)</b>	<b>(1,875.19)</b>
<b>C.</b>	<b>Cash Flow from Financing Activities</b>		
1	Issue/ (Redemption) of Rupee Debt Securities (net)	30,748.97	27,473.52
2	Issue/ (Redemption) of Commercial Paper (net)	-	(135.64)
3	Raising/ (Repayments) of Rupee Term Loans/ WCDL from Banks/ FIs (net )	(23,558.76)	3,640.02
4	Raising/ (Repayments) of Foreign Currency Debt Securities and Borrowings (net)	36,501.65	30,921.49
5	Raising/ (Redemption) of Subordinated Liabilities (net)	1,995.01	590.00
6	Coupon payment on Perpetual Debt Instruments entirely equity in nature hld	(44.50)	(44.50)
7	Payment of Dividend on Equity Shares	(5,608.77)	(2,857.05)
8	Repayment towards Lease Liability	-	(0.02)
	<b>Net Cash flow from Financing Activities</b>	<b>40,033.60</b>	<b>59,587.82</b>
	<b>Net Increase/Decrease in Cash &amp; Cash Equivalents</b>	<b>(294.91)</b>	<b>(172.59)</b>
	<b>Cash &amp; Cash Equivalents as at the beginning of the period</b>	<b>(221.18)</b>	<b>(48.59)</b>
	<b>Cash &amp; Cash Equivalents as at the end of the period</b>	<b>(516.09)</b>	<b>(221.18)</b>



**Notes to the Standalone financial results:**

- The above financial results of the Company were reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved and taken on record by the Board of Directors at their respective meetings held on May 08, 2025. These results have been audited by the Statutory Auditors of the Company.
- The financial results have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in Indian Accounting Standard (Ind-AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended from time to time, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India.
- Provisioning on loan assets is based on "Expected Credit Loss (ECL) methodology" under Ind-AS norms, duly approved by the Board of Directors of the Company and upon the report provided by an independent agency appointed by the Company, which inter alia also considers ratings as issued/updated by Ministry of Power for Distribution Companies (DISCOMs). This is further reviewed by management overlays in certain accounts wherever necessary considering the different factors. Details are as follows:

S. No.	Particulars	As at 31.03.2025			As at 31.03.2024		
		Stage 1 & 2	Stage 3	Total	Stage 1 & 2	Stage 3	Total
1.	Loan assets	5,59,230.64	7,652.65	5,66,883.29	4,95,560.62	13,810.33	5,09,370.95
2.	Impairment loss allowance (net of movements)*	5,306.28	5,489.48	10,795.76	2,926.72	9,453.80	12,380.52
	Provisioning Coverage (%) (2/1)	0.95%	71.73%	1.90%	0.59%	68.45%	2.43%

\* In addition to the above, ₹18.48 crores as at March 31, 2025 (₹32.02 crores as at March 31, 2024) is maintained towards impairment allowance on Letter of Comfort.

- During the Q4 FY 2024-25, two stressed assets (i.e. KSK Mahanadi Power Company Limited and Corporate Power Limited) of an aggregate outstanding loan amounting ₹3,393.36 crore have been resolved under Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code (IBC) with a sum of ₹734 crore been written off with corresponding reversal of ECL of ₹611 crore.
- Interest and other income on credit-impaired loan assets is not being recognised as a matter of prudence, pending the outcome of resolutions of such assets, management is not expecting realisation of any income on such assets.
- The Company's operation comprise of only one business segment - lending to power, logistic and infrastructure sector. Hence, there is no other reportable segment in terms of Indian Accounting Standard (Ind-AS) 108 "Operating Segments".
- The Board of Directors at its meeting held on May 8, 2025 recommended final dividend of ₹2.60 per equity share (on face value of ₹10/- each) for the financial year 2024-25, subject to approval of Shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The total dividend for the financial year is ₹18/- per equity share (on face value of ₹10/- each) including total interim dividend of ₹15.40 per share.
- The Company has not issued any redeemable preference shares till date.
- The additional information as required under Regulation 52(4) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 is annexed as Annexure -A.
- Pursuant to Regulation 54 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the secured listed non-convertible debt securities issued by the Company and outstanding as at March 31, 2025 are fully secured (1.29 times), sufficient to discharge the principal amount and the interest thereon at all times, by way of mortgage on certain immovable properties and/or charge on the loan assets of the Company, in terms of respective offer document/ Information memorandum and/ or Debenture Trust Deed. Further, security cover for secured non-convertible debt securities (listed and unlisted) issued by the Company is 1.37 times as at March 31, 2025. The Security Cover in the prescribed format has been annexed as Annexure-B.
- The Company raises funds in different currencies through a mix of term loans from banks/ financial institutions/ Government agencies and issuance of non-convertible securities of different tenors through private placement. The issue proceeds have been fully utilized and there are no deviation(s) from the stated objects in the offer document/ information memorandum of such non-convertible securities. The statement as prescribed under Regulation 52(7) & 52(7A) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 has been annexed as Annexure-C.
- Further, there has been no default as on March 31, 2025 in the repayment of debt securities, borrowings and subordinated liabilities and the Company has met all its debt servicing obligations, whether principal or interest, during the period.
- There is one case of loans transferred for amounting ₹63 crore and NIL for acquired during the FY 2024-25 (previous year Nil) under Master Direction - Reserve Bank of India (Transfer of Loan Exposures) Directions, 2021 dated 24th September 2021.
- The disclosure in respect of related party transactions for the half year ended March 31, 2025 has been annexed as Annexure-D.
- The figures for the quarter ended March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024 have been derived by deducting the year to date unaudited published figures for the nine months ended December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 from the audited figures for the year ended March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024 respectively.
- Previous period/ years' figures have been regrouped/ reclassified, wherever necessary, in order to make them comparable with current year figures.

Place: Delhi  
Date: 08th May, 2025



For REC Limited

Jitendra Srivastava  
Chairman & Managing Director  
DIN - 06817799





**Disclosure in compliance with Regulation 52(4) of Securities and Exchange Board of India  
(Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015**

As at/ For the quarter/ year ended March 31, 2025

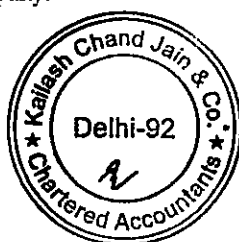
S. No.	Particulars	Unit	Standalone	
			As at/ For the quarter ended 31.03.2025	As at/ For the year ended 31.03.2025
1	Debt Equity Ratio <sup>1</sup>	times		6.29
2	Outstanding Redeemable preference shares	₹ in Crores		Nil
3	Debenture Redemption Reserve	₹ in Crores		Nil
4	Net Worth <sup>2</sup>	₹ in Crores		77,637.97
5	Total debts to total assets <sup>3</sup>	times		0.80
6	Operating Margin <sup>4</sup>	%	35.42	35.40
7	Net profit Margin <sup>5</sup>	%	27.92	28.07
8	Sector specific equivalent ratios			
(a)	CRAR <sup>6</sup>	%		25.99
(b)	Gross Credit Impaired Assets Ratio <sup>7</sup>	%		1.35
(c)	Net Credit Impaired Assets Ratio <sup>8</sup>	%		0.38

As at/ For the quarter/ year ended March 31, 2024

S. No.	Particulars	Unit	Standalone	
			As at/ For the quarter ended 31.03.2024	As at/ For the year ended 31.03.2024
1	Debt Equity Ratio <sup>1</sup>	times		6.37
2	Outstanding Redeemable preference shares	₹ in Crores		Nil
3	Debenture Redemption Reserve	₹ in Crores		Nil
4	Net Worth <sup>2</sup>	₹ in Crores		68,783.15
5	Total debts to total assets <sup>3</sup>	times		0.80
6	Operating Margin <sup>4</sup>	%	40.57	37.57
7	Net profit Margin <sup>5</sup>	%	31.77	29.69
8	Sector specific equivalent ratios			
(a)	CRAR <sup>6</sup>	%		25.82
(b)	Gross Credit Impaired Assets Ratio <sup>7</sup>	%		2.71
(c)	Net Credit Impaired Assets Ratio <sup>8</sup>	%		0.86

Notes:

- 1 Debt/Equity Ratio = Net Debt / Net Worth (Net debt represents principal outstanding less cash and cash equivalents available.)
- 2 Net Worth is calculated as defined in section 2(57) of Companies Act, 2013.
- 3 Total debts to total assets = Total Debt / Total Assets.
- 4 Operating Margin = Net Operating Profit Before Tax / Total Revenue from Operation.
- 5 Net Profit Margin = Net Profit after Tax / Total Income.
- 6 CRAR = Adjusted Net worth/ Risk weighted assets, calculated as per applicable RBI guidelines.
- 7 Gross Credit Impaired Asset Ratio = Gross Credit Impaired Assets / Gross Loan Assets.
- 8 Net Credit Impaired Asset Ratio = Net Credit Impaired Assets / Gross Loan Assets.
- 9 Debt Service Coverage Ratio, Interest Service Coverage Ratio, Current Ratio, Current Liability Ratio, Long Term Debt to Working Capital, Debtors Turnover, Inventory Turnover and Bad Debts to Accounts Receivable Ratio are not applicable to the company.



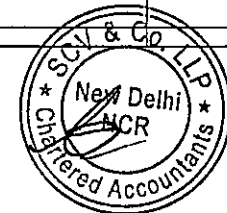
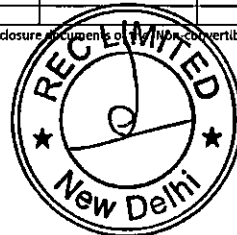
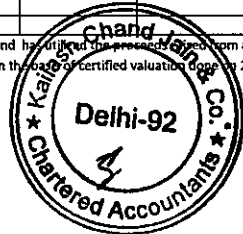
## Security Cover Certificate as on March 31, 2025 (Listed)

Annexure B

Column A	Column B	Column C	Column D	Column E	Column F	Column G	Column H	Column I	Column J	Column K	Column L	Column M	Column N	Column O	₹ in Crores Column P
Particulars		Exclusive Charge	Exclusive Charge	Pari-Passu Charge	Pari-Passu Charge	Pari-Passu Charge	Assets not offered as Security	Elimination (amount in negative)	Debts not backed by any assets offered as security (applicable only for liability side)	(Total C to J)	Related to only those items covered by this certificate				
	Description of asset for which this certificate relate	Debt for which this certificate being issued	Other Secured debt	Debt for which this certificate being issued	Assets shared by pari passu debt holder (includes debt for which this certificate is issued & other debt with pari passu charge)	Other assets on which there is pari-Passu charge (excluding items covered in column F)		debt amount considered more than once (due to exclusive plus pari passu charge)			Market Value for Assets charged on Exclusive basis	Carrying /book value for exclusive charge assets where market value is not ascertainable or applicable (For Eg. Bank Balance, DSRA market value is not applicable)	Market Value for Pari passu charge Assets	Carrying value/book value for pari passu charge assets where market value is not ascertainable or applicable	Total Value (L+M+N+O)
		Book Value	Book Value	Yes/No	Book Value	Book Value									
Assets															
Property, Plant and Equipment	Land and Building			Yes	2.26		575.90			578.16			13.54		13.54
Capital work in progress							76.01			76.01					-
Right of Use Assets							-			-					-
Goodwill							-			-					-
Intangible Assets							1.84			1.84					-
Intangible Assets under Development							-			-					-
Investments							6,641.59			6,641.59					-
Loans (book debts)	Book debts			Yes	12,759.72	58,000.00	4,88,328.36			5,59,088.08				12,759.72	12,759.72
Inventories							-			-					-
Trade Receivables							-			-					-
Cash and Cash Equivalents							54.69			54.69					-
Bank balances other than Cash and Cash Equivalents							1,695.15			1,695.15					-
Others							45,419.93			45,419.93					-
Total		-	-		12,761.98	58,000.00	5,42,793.47			6,13,555.45	-	-	13.54	12,759.72	12,773.26
Liabilities															
Secured debt securities															
a. Debt securities to which this certificate pertains				Yes	9,328.34					9,328.34					
b. Other debt sharing pari-passu charge with above debt				No	45,363.43					45,363.43					
Unsecured debt securities															
a. Other Debt										2,37,783.16	2,37,783.16				
b. Subordinated debt										9,514.16	9,514.16				
Other Borrowings										-	-				
Bank										44,058.10	44,058.10				
Others borrowing										1,50,242.06	1,50,242.06				
Trade payables										10.80	10.80				
Lease Liabilities										-	-				
Provisions										136.79	136.79				
Others										39,480.64	39,480.64				
Total					54,691.77	-	-			4,81,225.71	5,35,917.48				
Cover on Book Value															1.37
Cover on Market Value															1.37
		Exclusive Security Cover Ratio			Pari-Passu Security Cover Ratio		1.37								

1. We confirm that the Company has complied with the covenants and has offered the proceeds from above mentioned debt securities for the purposes as specified in the disclosure documents of the Non-convertible debt securities.

2. The market value of ₹ 13.54 crore of the immovable property is on the basis of certified valuation done on 20 April, 2022 (Vadodara) and 25 April 2022 (Chennai)

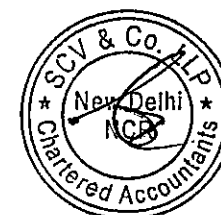


**Disclosure in compliance with Regulation 52(7) & 52(7A) of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 for the quarter ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025**

**A. Statement of utilization of issue proceeds:**

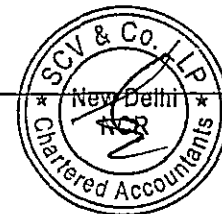
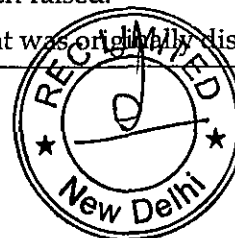
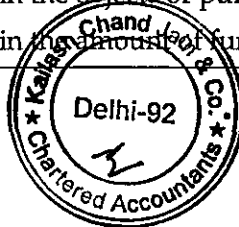
₹ in Crores

Name of the Issuer	ISIN	Mode of Fund Raising (Public issues/ Private placement)	Type of instrument	Date of raising funds	Amount Raised	Funds utilized	Any deviation (Yes/ No)	If 8 is Yes, then specify the purpose of for which the funds were utilized	Remarks, if any
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
REC Limited	INE020B08FN5	Private Placement	NCD	15-01-2025	2,297.00	2,297.00	NO	NA	
REC Limited	INE020B08EW9	Private Placement	NCD	13-02-2025	2,685.00	2,685.00	NO	NA	
REC Limited	INE020B08FO3	Private Placement	NCD	13-02-2025	2,595.00	2,595.00	NO	NA	
REC Limited	INE020B08FP0	Private Placement	NCD	27-02-2025	1,995.00	1,995.00	NO	NA	
REC Limited	INE020B08FR6	Private Placement	NCD	19-03-2025	3,000.00	3,000.00	NO	NA	
REC Limited	INE020B08FQ8	Private Placement	NCD	19-03-2025	2,780.00	2,780.00	NO	NA	
				<b>Total</b>	<b>15,352.00</b>	<b>15,352.00</b>			



**B. Statement of deviation/ variation in use of Issue proceeds:**

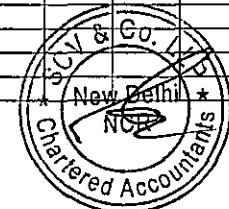
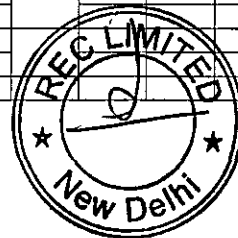
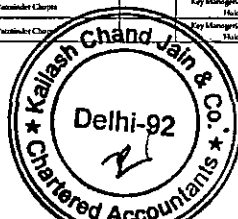
Particulars					Remarks	
Name of listed entity					REC LIMITED	
Mode of fund raising					Public-issue/ Private placement	
Type of instrument					Non-convertible Securities	
Date of raising funds					Please refer Col. 5 above table	
Amount raised					₹ 15,352.00 crores	
Report filed for quarter ended					31-03-2025	
Is there a deviation/ variation in use of funds raised?					No	
Whether any approval is required to vary the objects of the issue stated in the prospectus/ offer document?					N.A	
If yes, details of the approval so required?						
Date of approval						
Explanation for the deviation/ variation						
Comments of the audit committee after review						
Comments of the auditors, if any						
Objects for which funds have been raised and where there has been a deviation/ variation, in the following table:						
Original object	Modified object, if any	Original allocation	Modified allocation, if any	Funds utilised	Amount of deviation/ variation for the quarter according to applicable object (₹ in Crores and in %)	Remarks, if any
----- NA -----						
Deviation could mean:						
a. Deviation in the objects or purposes for which the funds have been raised.						
b. Deviation in the amount of funds actually utilized as against what was originally disclosed.						



Disclosure of related party transactions for the half year ended 31st March 2021

T in Crores

S. No.		Details of the party (related party) entering into the transaction		Details of the counterparty		Type of related party transaction	Details of other related party transactions	Value of the related party transaction as approved by the audit committee	Remarks approved by audit committee	Value of the related party transaction notified by the audit committee	Date of audit committee meeting where the notification was approved	Value of transaction during the reporting period (01st April - 31st May 2021)	In case monies are due to other party as a result of the transaction (31st May 2021)		Additional disclosures of related party transactions - applicable only in case the related party transaction relates to loans, inter-corporate deposits, advances or investments made or given by the listed entity/wholly owned subsidiary. These details need to be disclosed only once during the reporting period when such transaction was undertaken.									
															In case any financial institution is involved in such or give loans, inter-corporate deposits, advances or investments					Details of the loans, inter-corporate deposits, advances or investments				
													Opening balance	Closing balance	Whether or not the transaction is covered by any other law	Details of other institutions	Cost	Terms	Interest Rate (%)	Interest Rate (%)	Terms	Source of funds	Whether or not the funds will be utilized by the ultimate recipient of funds	
1	REC Limited		Power Finance Corporation Limited		Ultimate Holding Company	Dividend paid						1,138.09												
2	REC Limited		Power Finance Corporation Limited		Ultimate Holding Company	Appropriation of Expenses						2.24	1.81	2.82										
3	REC Limited		Power Finance Corporation Limited		Ultimate Holding Company	Setting fees						0.07												
4	REC Limited		REC Power Development and Consultancy Limited		Subsidiary Company	Appropriation of Employee Benefits and Other Administrative Expenses						0.87												
5	REC Limited		REC Power Development and Consultancy Limited		Subsidiary Company	Finance Costs - Interest Paid						1.84												
6	REC Limited		REC Power Development and Consultancy Limited		Subsidiary Company	Dividend received						29.63												
7	REC Limited		REC Power Development and Consultancy Limited		Subsidiary Company	Interest Other Income						0.94												
8	REC Limited		REC Power Development and Consultancy Limited		Subsidiary Company	Other Expenses						0.62												
9	REC Limited		REC Power Development and Consultancy Limited		Subsidiary Company	Debt Securities of the Company							65.44	65.44										
10	REC Limited		REC Power Development and Consultancy Limited		Subsidiary Company	Interest received on bonds of the Company							1.09	1.23										
11	REC Limited		REC Power Development and Consultancy Limited		Subsidiary Company	Other Financial Assets of the Company							0.38	7.18										
12	REC Limited		REC Power Development and Consultancy Limited		Subsidiary Company	Other Financial Assets of the Company							0.38	-										
13	REC Limited		REC Limited Contributory Provident Fund Trust		Employment Benefit Trust Fund of the Company	Contributions made by the Company						3.80												
14	REC Limited		REC Limited Contributory Provident Fund Trust		Employment Benefit Trust Fund of the Company	Contributions made by the Company						-												
15	REC Limited		REC Limited Contributory Provident Fund Trust		Employment Benefit Trust Fund of the Company	Contributions made by the Company						0.07												
16	REC Limited		REC Limited Contributory Provident Fund Trust		Employment Benefit Trust Fund of the Company	Contributions made by the Company						1.08												
17	REC Limited		REC RETIRED EMPLOYEES MEDICAL TRUST		Employment Benefit Trust Fund of the Company	Contributions made by the Company						-												
18	REC Limited		REC Limited Contributory Provident Fund Trust		Employment Benefit Trust Fund of the Company	Finance Costs - Interest Paid on Debt Securities / Subordinated Liabilities of the Company						0.84												
19	REC Limited		REC Retired Employees Medical Trust		Employment Benefit Trust Fund of the Company	Finance Costs - Interest Paid on Debt Securities / Subordinated Liabilities of the Company						1.36												
20	REC Limited		REC LIMITED EMPLOYEES DEFERRED CONTRIBUTION SUPERANNUATION TRUST		Employment Benefit Trust Fund of the Company	Contributions made by the Company						0.07												
21	REC Limited		REC Limited Contributory Provident Fund Trust		Employment Benefit Trust Fund of the Company	Debt Securities of the Company							2.00	2.00										
22	REC Limited		REC Limited Contributory Provident Fund Trust		Employment Benefit Trust Fund of the Company	Subordinated Liabilities of the Company							2.00	3.09										
23	REC Limited		REC Retired Employees Medical Trust		Employment Benefit Trust Fund of the Company	Debt Securities of the Company							30.30	26.30										
24	REC Limited		REC Retired Employees Medical Trust		Employment Benefit Trust Fund of the Company	Subordinated Liabilities of the Company							0.75	0.75										
25	REC Limited		REC Limited Contributory Provident Fund Trust		Employment Benefit Trust Fund of the Company	Provisions							2.04	3.26										
26	REC Limited		REC Retired Employees Medical Trust		Employment Benefit Trust Fund of the Company	Other Financial Assets of the Company							26.35	24.71										
27	REC Limited		REC Insurance		Entities over which control is exercised	Finance Income - Corporate Bonds / Deposits / Other Financial Assets						198.08	1.97	1.67										
28	REC Limited		Dr. Manoj Maheshkar		Key Managerial Personnel - Independent Director of the Company	Salary fees						0.03												
29	REC Limited		Dr. Gaurav Singh		Key Managerial Personnel - Independent Director of the Company	Salary fees						0.03												
30	REC Limited		Dr. Durgam Maheshkar		Key Managerial Personnel - Independent Director of the Company	Salary fees						0.03												
31	REC Limited		Sh. Nageshwar Thakur		Key Managerial Personnel - Independent Director of the Company	Salary fees						0.07												
32	REC Limited		Sh. Manoj Sharma		Key Managerial Personnel - Independent Director of the Company	Salary fees						0.03												
33	REC Limited		Sh. Vinod Kumar Dwivedi		Key Managerial Personnel - CMO of the Company	Remuneration						0.28												
34	REC Limited		Sh. Harish Kumar		Key Managerial Personnel - Director of the Company	Remuneration						0.08												
35	REC Limited		Sh. Harish Kumar		Key Managerial Personnel - Director of the Company	Dividend paid						0.01												
36	REC Limited		Sh. V. K. Singh		Key Managerial Personnel - Director of the Company	Remuneration						0.08												
37	REC Limited		Sh. J. S. Anand		Key Managerial Personnel - Company Secretary of the Company	Remuneration						0.07												
38	REC Limited		Sh. J. S. Anand		Key Managerial Personnel - Company Secretary of the Company	Interest Income on Staff Loans						0.07												
39	REC Limited		Sh. J. S. Anand		Key Managerial Personnel - Company Secretary of the Company	Dividend paid						0.08												
40	REC Limited		Sh. Rakesh Kumar		Key Managerial Personnel - Executive Director of the Company	Dividend paid						0.08												
41	REC Limited		Sh. V. K. Singh		Key Managerial Personnel - Director of the Company	Interest Income on Staff Loans						0.07												
42	REC Limited		Sh. Harish Kumar		Key Managerial Personnel - Director of the Company	Interest Income on Staff Loans						-												
43	REC Limited		Sh. Harish Kumar		Key Managerial Personnel - Director of the Company	Repayment of Staff Loans & Advances						0.07	0.04	0.04										
44	REC Limited		Sh. V. K. Singh		Key Managerial Personnel - Company Secretary of the Company	Repayment of Staff Loans & Advances						0.08	0.01	-										
45	REC Limited		Sh. J. S. Anand		Key Managerial Personnel - Company Secretary of the Company	Repayment of Staff Loans & Advances						0.08	0.01	0.10										
46	REC Limited		Sh. J. S. Anand		Key Managerial Personnel - Company Secretary of the Company	Debt Securities of the Company						0.07		0.07										
47	REC Limited		Rec. Finance Charge		Key Managerial Personnel of Ultimate Holding Company	Finance Costs - Interest Paid on Debt Securities of the Company						0.01												
48	REC Limited		Rec. Finance Charge		Key Managerial Personnel of Ultimate Holding Company	Debt Securities of the Company							0.07	0.13										

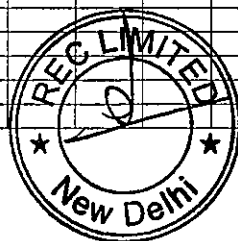
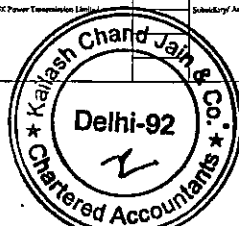


S. No.	Details of the party (direct entity/ subsidiary) entering into the transaction		Details of the counterparty		Type of related party transaction	Details of other related party transaction	Value of the related party transaction as approved by the audit committee	Remarks on approval by audit committee	Value of the related party transaction notified by the audit committee	Date of audit committee meeting where the notification was approved	Value of transaction during the reporting period after Mar 28	In case assets are due to either party as a result of the transaction (Rs. in Lakhs)		Additional disclosures of related party transactions - applicable only in case the related party transaction relates to loans, inter-company deposits, advances or investments made or given by the listed entity/subsidiary. These details need to be disclosed only once, during the reporting period when such transaction was undertaken.												
	Name	PAN	Name	PAN								Relationship of the counterparty with the listed entity or its subsidiary	In case any Related Indebtedness is incurred to make or give loans, inter-company deposits, advances or investments				Details of the loans, inter-company deposits, advances or investments									
													Opening balance	Closing balance	Details of inter-bank/other bank/borrower of debt pay other	Cost	Tenant	Interest Rate (%)	Tenure	Secured/Unsecured	Particulars of the loans, inter-company deposits, advances or investments					
49	REC Limited		Sh. J.S. Anandiah		Key Managerial Personnel- Company Secretary of the Company	Finance Centre - Interest Paid on Debt					0.00															
50	REC Limited		POWER FOUNDATION POWER PROJECT PROGRESS ACHIEVEMENT AWARD		Company in which Key Managerial Personnel are Directors	ESF to Power Foundation Project					1.00															
51	REC Limited		Sh. Manohar Kumar Agarwal		Key Managerial Personnel of Ultimate Holding Company	Finance Centre - Interest Paid on Debt																				
52	REC Limited		REC Power Development and Consultancy Limited through ANYIL Cable Private Limited (ACPL)		Subsidiary Company	Rejection of Loan by REC to ACPL with Ultimate beneficiary being REC Power Development and Consultancy Limited																				
						Disbursement of Loan by REC to ACPL with Ultimate beneficiary being REC Power Development and Consultancy Limited																				
						Interest Income on Loans																				
						Repayment of Loan by ACPL to REC with Ultimate beneficiary being REC Power Development and Consultancy Limited							92.25	92.25												
53	REC Power Development and Consultancy Limited		Rajasthan IV H1 Power Transmission Limited		Subsidiary/ Associate of Subsidiary Company	Interest Income						0.04														
						Consultancy Fee						27.70														
						Reimbursement of interest on inter-bank loan						0.49														
						Investment Outstanding																				
54	REC Power Development and Consultancy Limited		Kerala VA Power Transmission Limited		Subsidiary/ Associate of Subsidiary Company	Interest Income						0.04														
						Reimbursement of interest on inter-bank loan						0.40														
						Consultancy Fee						27.70														
						Investment Outstanding																				
55	REC Power Development and Consultancy Limited		Bharat A Power Transmission Limited		Subsidiary/ Associate of Subsidiary Company	Interest Income						0.03														
						Reimbursement of interest on inter-bank loan						0.20														
						Consultancy Fee						27.70														
						Investment Outstanding						0.45														
56	REC Power Development and Consultancy Limited		Bharat B Power Transmission Limited		Subsidiary/ Associate of Subsidiary Company	Interest Income						0.03														
						Reimbursement of interest on inter-bank loan						0.20														
						Consultancy Fee						27.70														
						Investment Outstanding						0.45														
57	REC Power Development and Consultancy Limited		Rajasthan IV A1 Power Transmission Limited		Subsidiary/ Associate of Subsidiary Company	Interest Income						0.03														
						Reimbursement of interest on inter-bank loan						0.40														
						Consultancy Fee						27.70														
						Investment Outstanding						0.45														
58	REC Power Development and Consultancy Limited		Rajasthan IV B1 Power Transmission Limited		Subsidiary/ Associate of Subsidiary Company	Interest Income						0.03														
						Reimbursement of interest on inter-bank loan						0.40														
						Consultancy Fee						27.70														
						Investment Outstanding						0.45														
59	REC Power Development and Consultancy Limited		REC XXXXX Power Transmission Limited		Subsidiary/ Associate of Subsidiary Company	Interest Income						0.03														
						Reimbursement of interest on inter-bank loan						0.20														
						Consultancy Fee						27.70														
						Investment Outstanding																				

REC LIMITED

REC LIMITED

REC LIMITED

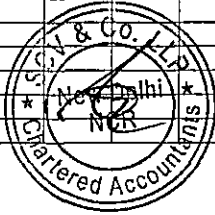
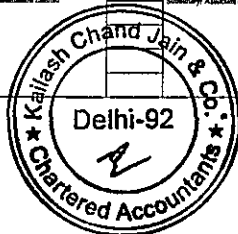


S.No	Details of the party (third party/ subsidiary) relating to the transaction		Details of the counterparty			Type of related party transaction	Details of other related party transaction	Value of the related party transaction as approved by the audit committee	Remarks on approval by audit committee	Value of the related party transaction notified by the audit committee	Date of audit committee meeting where the notification was approved	Value of transaction during the reporting period (Rs. Lakhs)	In case money was due to other party as a result of the transaction (Rs. Lakhs)		Additional disclosures of related party transactions - applicable only in case the related party transaction relates to loans, intercompany deposits, advances or investments made or given by the listed entity/subsidiary. These details need to be disclosed only once during the reporting period unless such transaction was undertaken									
													Opening balance	Closing balance	To ensure any financial indebtedness is incurred to make or give loans, intercompany deposits, advances or investments					Details of the loans, intercompany deposits, advances or investments				
															IN CASE OF INDEBTEDNESS (Due to/ from any other)	Details of other indebtedness	Cost	Terms	Interest Rate (%)	Terms	Amount received	Payable by/ receivable from		
	Name	PAN	Name	PAN	Relationship of the counterparty with the listed entity or its subsidiary																			
60	REC Power Development and Consultancy Limited		Chand Transmission Limited		Subsidiary/ Associate of Subsidiary Company	Reimbursed (Payable) from associates							0.00	0.00										
						Investment Outstanding																		
61	REC Power Development and Consultancy Limited		Dinda Transmission Limited		Subsidiary/ Associate of Subsidiary Company	Reimbursed (Payable) from associates							0.00	0.00										
						Investment Outstanding																		
62	REC Power Development and Consultancy Limited		Hadia Transmission Limited		Subsidiary/ Associate of Subsidiary Company	Reimbursed (Payable) from associates							0.00	0.00										
						Investment Outstanding																		
63	REC Power Development and Consultancy Limited		Kishore Transmission Limited		Subsidiary/ Associate of Subsidiary Company	Reimbursed (Payable) from associates							0.00	0.00										
						Investment Outstanding																		
64	REC Power Development and Consultancy Limited		LUBHI Power Transmission Limited		Subsidiary/ Associate of Subsidiary Company	Interest Income																		
						Reimbursed (Payable) from associates							1.07	1.39										
						Investment Outstanding							0.00	0.00										
65	REC Power Development and Consultancy Limited		Parthana Power Transmission Limited		Subsidiary/ Associate of Subsidiary Company	Reimbursed (Payable) from associates							0.00	0.00										
						Investment Outstanding							0.00	0.00										
66	REC Power Development and Consultancy Limited		Rajendra Park I Power Transmission Limited		Subsidiary/ Associate of Subsidiary Company	Interest Income						0.11												
						Reimbursed (Payable) from associates						1.01												
						Reimbursed (Payable) from associates																		
						Consultancy Fee						17.70												
67	REC Power Development and Consultancy Limited		Rajendra Park II Power Transmission Ltd.		Subsidiary/ Associate of Subsidiary Company	Interest Income						0.30												
						Reimbursed (Payable) from associates						0.00												
						Reimbursed (Payable) from associates							0.30	1.30										
						Investment Outstanding						0.00	0.00											
68	REC Power Development and Consultancy Limited		Tamil Nadu Power Transmission Limited		Subsidiary/ Associate of Subsidiary Company	Consultancy Fee						17.70												
						Reimbursed (Payable) from associates						0.40												
						Interest Income						0.00												
						Investment made						0.00												
						Loan of investments																		
						Reimbursed (Payable) from associates																		
						Investment Outstanding																		
						Reimbursed (Payable) from associates																		
69	REC Power Development and Consultancy Limited		Zeke Kora Power Transmission Limited		Subsidiary/ Associate of Subsidiary Company	Interest Income						0.00												
						Loan of investments																		
						Reimbursed (Payable) from associates																		
						Investment Outstanding																		
						Reimbursed (Payable) from associates																		
70	REC Power Development and Consultancy Limited		Karnool TV Transmission Limited		Subsidiary/ Associate of Subsidiary Company	Consultancy Fee						17.70												
						Reimbursed (Payable) from associates																		
						Interest Income						0.00												
						Investment made						0.00												
						Loan of investments																		
						Reimbursed (Payable) from associates																		
						Investment Outstanding																		
						Reimbursed (Payable) from associates						0.79												

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REC LIMITED

SHYAM & CO. LLP



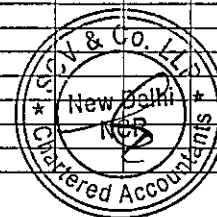
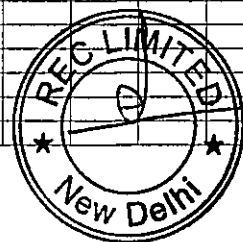
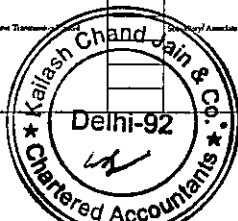
S. No	Details of the party (listed entity/ subsidiary) existing with the transaction		Details of the counterparty			Type of related party transaction	Details of other related party transactions	Value of the related party transaction as approved by the audit committee	Remarks on approval by audit committee	Value of the related party transaction notified by the audit committee	Date of audit committee meeting where the notification was approved	Value of transaction during the reporting period (Net after ITC)	In case parties are due to either party as a result of the transaction (Net after ITC)		Additional disclosure of related party transactions - applicable only in case the related party transaction relates to loans, inter-company deposits, advances or investments made or given by the listed entity/subsidiary. These details need to be disclosed only once, during the reporting period when such transaction was undertaken.									
															In case any financial indebtedness is incurred to make or give loans, inter-company deposits, advances or investments					Details of the loans, inter-company deposits, advances or investments				
	Name	PAN	Name	PAN	Relationship of the counterparty with the listed entity or its subsidiary								Opening balance	Closing balance	Amount of indebtedness due/ loan/ advance or investment at the end of the reporting period	Details of other indebtedness	Cost	Term	Interest Rate (%)	Amount received	Amount repaid	Principal amount repaid	Principal amount outstanding at the end of the reporting period	
71	RSC Power Development and Consultancy Limited		Kishan Transmission Limited		Subsidiary/ Associate of Subsidiary Company	Consultancy Fee						3.68												
						Reimbursement of expenses/reimbursement																		
						Interest Income						0.05												
						Investment made						0.05												
						Settlement of investments																		
						Receivable (Payable) from associates																		
						Investment Outstanding																		
72	RSC Power Development and Consultancy Limited		Lakshmi S Power Transmission Limited		Subsidiary/ Associate of Subsidiary Company	Reimbursement of expenses/reimbursement						0.03												
						Interest Income						0.05												
						Investment made						0.05												
						Consultancy Fee						0.05												
						Settlement of investments																		
						Receivable (Payable) from associates																		
						Investment Outstanding																		
73	RSC Power Development and Consultancy Limited		Joshi Transco Limited		Subsidiary/ Associate of Subsidiary Company	Reimbursement of expenses/reimbursement						0.01												
						Interest Income						0.05												
						Investment made						0.05												
						Consultancy Fee						5.90												
						Settlement of investments																		
						Receivable (Payable) from associates																		
						Investment Outstanding																		
74	RSC Power Development and Consultancy Limited		Karnataka V.P.D. Power Transmission Limited		Subsidiary/ Associate of Subsidiary Company	Reimbursement of expenses/reimbursement						0.01												
						Interest Income						0.05												
						Investment made						0.05												
						Consultancy Fee						5.90												
						Settlement of investments																		
						Receivable (Payable) from associates																		
						Investment Outstanding																		
75	RSC Power Development and Consultancy Limited		Banswadi Transco Limited		Subsidiary/ Associate of Subsidiary Company	Interest Income						0.05												
						Investment made						0.05												
						Consultancy Fee						5.90												
						Settlement of investments																		
						Receivable (Payable) from associates																		
						Investment Outstanding																		
						Reimbursement of expenses/reimbursement						0.20												
76	RSC Power Development and Consultancy Limited		Tumkur Power Transmission Limited		Subsidiary/ Associate of Subsidiary Company	Interest Income						0.05												
						Investment made						0.05												
						Consultancy Fee																		
						Settlement of investments																		
						Receivable (Payable) from associates																		
						Investment Outstanding																		
						Reimbursement of expenses/reimbursement						0.40												
77	RSC Power Development and Consultancy Limited		West Tala Ganga Power Transmission Limited		Subsidiary/ Associate of Subsidiary Company	Interest Income						0.05												
						Investment made						0.05												
						Consultancy Fee																		
						Settlement of investments																		
						Receivable (Payable) from associates																		
						Investment Outstanding																		
						Reimbursement of expenses/reimbursement						0.20												

REC LIMITED

SHARMA & CO. LLP

New Delhi

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S No	Details of the party (listed entity/ subsidiary) entering into the transaction		Details of the counterparty			Type of related party transaction	Details of other related party transaction	Value of the related party transaction as approved by the audit committee	Remarks on approval by audit committee	Value of the related party transaction notified by the audit committee	Date of audit committee meeting where the notification was approved	Value of transaction during the reporting period (Oct-Mar '20)	In case impact was due to other party as a result of the transaction (Oct-Mar '20)		Additional disclosure of related party transactions - applicable only in case the related party transaction relates to loans, intercompany deposits, advances or investments made or given by the listed entity/subsidiary. These details need to be disclosed only once, during the reporting period where such transaction was undertaken.									
															In case any financial institutions is loaned to or given loans, inter corporate deposits, advances or investments					Details of the loans, intercompany deposits, advances or investments				
	Name	PAN	Name	PAN	Relationship of the counterparty with the listed entity or the subsidiary								Opening balance	Closing balance	Category of transactions based on nature of debt or asset	Details of other institutions	Cost	Terms	Interest Rate (%)	Interest	Interest received	Interest payable	Interest receivable	Interest payable
75	BSC Power Development and Consultancy Limited		Bajaj Electricals Limited		Subsidiary/ Associate of Subsidiary Company	Interest Income						0.08												
						Interest Expense						0.07												
						Consent Fee																		
						Cost of transactions																		
						Revenue/ operating expenses																		
						Revenue/ operating expenses																		
76	BSC Power Development and Consultancy Limited		Vidya Power Transmission Limited		Subsidiary/ Associate of Subsidiary Company	Revenue/ operating expenses						0.17												
						Revenue/ operating expenses						0.17												
77	BSC Power Development and Consultancy Limited		Vidya Power Transmission Limited		Subsidiary/ Associate of Subsidiary Company	Revenue/ operating expenses						0.11												
						Revenue/ operating expenses						0.11												
78	BSC Power Development and Consultancy Limited		Vidya Power Transmission Limited		Subsidiary/ Associate of Subsidiary Company	Revenue/ operating expenses						0.11												
						Revenue/ operating expenses						0.11												

Note: T 620 covers details entered into the T 620 sheet



KAILASH CHAND JAIN & CO.  
Chartered Accountants  
819, Laxmi Deep Building,  
Laxmi Nagar District Centre,  
New Delhi -110092

SCV & CO. LLP.  
Chartered Accountants  
B-41, Panchsheel Enclave,  
New Delhi - 110017

Independent Auditors' Report on the Audited Consolidated Financial Results of REC Limited for the quarter and year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025 being submitted by the Company pursuant to the Regulation 33 and Regulation 52 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended.

The Board of Directors,  
REC Limited  
Core-IV, SCOPE Complex,  
7, Lodi Road,  
New Delhi – 110003

#### Report on the audit of the Consolidated Financial Results

#### Opinion

1. We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial results of REC Limited ("the Holding Company") and its subsidiary (Holding Company and its subsidiary together referred to as "the Group") for the quarter and year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025 attached herewith, being submitted by the Holding Company pursuant to the requirement of Regulation 33 and Regulation 52 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended ("Listing Regulations").
2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of reports of other auditors on separate audited financial statements /financial results/ financial information of the subsidiary, the aforesaid consolidated financial results:
  - i. include the annual financial results of following entities:
    - a. Parent Company:  
REC Limited
    - b. Subsidiary:  
REC Power Development and Consultancy Limited



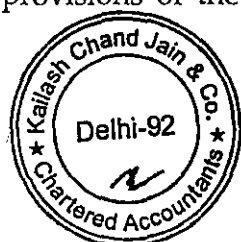
- ii. are presented in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 33 and Regulation 52 read with Regulation 63(2) of the Listing Regulations in this regard; and
- iii. gives a true and fair view in conformity with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in the applicable accounting standards, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India of the net profit and other comprehensive income and other financial information of the Company for the quarter and year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025.

### **Basis for Opinion on the Consolidated Financial Results**

- 3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ("SAs") specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Results section of our report. We are independent of the Group, its jointly controlled entities in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us and other auditors in terms of this report referred to in "Other Matter" paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### **Management's Responsibilities for the Consolidated Financial Results**

- 4. These consolidated financial results have been prepared on the basis of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements.
- 5. The Holding Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation of these financial results that give a true and fair view of the net profit and other comprehensive income and other financial information in accordance with the applicable accounting standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with relevant rules issued thereunder and other accounting principles generally accepted in India and in compliance with Regulation 33 and 52 read with Regulation 63(2) of the Listing Regulations. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for

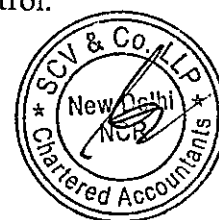


preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial results that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial results by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

6. In preparing the consolidated financial results, the respective company's management and Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the respective Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
7. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group.

#### **Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Results**

8. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial results as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial results. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:
  - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial results, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3) (i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion through a separate report on the complete set of financial statements on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board of Directors in terms of the requirements specified under Regulation 33, Regulation 52 read with Regulation 63(2) of the Listing Regulations.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group and its associates and jointly controlled entities to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our Auditors' Report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial results or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our Auditors' Report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial results, including the disclosures, and whether the financial results represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial results/financial information of the entities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial results. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of financial information of such entities included in the consolidated financial results of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the consolidated financial results, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.



9. Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the consolidated financial results that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the consolidated financial results may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the consolidated financial results.
10. We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the consolidated financial results of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
11. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.
12. We also performed procedures in accordance with the circular issued by the SEBI under Regulation 33(8) of the Listing Regulations, as amended, to the extent applicable.

#### Other Matters

13. We did not audit the financial statements of the subsidiary included in the consolidated financial results, whose financial statements reflect total assets of ₹ 1,000.76 crores as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025, total revenue of ₹ 179.85 crores and ₹ 506.79 crores, total net profit/(loss) after tax of ₹ 92.26 crores and ₹ 261.65 crores, total comprehensive income/ (loss) of ₹ 92.26 crores and ₹ 261.65 crores for the quarter and year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025 respectively, and cash flows (net) of ₹ (37.63) crores for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025 as considered in the audited consolidated financial statements of the entity as aforesaid included in the Group, which has been audited by its independent auditor. The independent auditor's report on financial statements of the entity have been furnished to us and our opinion, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of this subsidiary, is based solely on the report of such auditor and the procedures performed by us as stated in paragraphs 8 to 12 above.



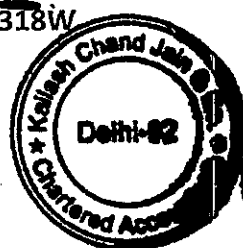
Our opinion on the consolidated financial results is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the report of the other auditor.

14. The consolidated Financial Results include the results for the quarter ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025 being the balancing figure between the audited figures in respect of the full financial year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025 and the published unaudited year to date figures up to the third quarter of the current financial year which was subject to limited review for the quarter ended 31<sup>st</sup> December 2024, 30<sup>th</sup> September 2024 and 30<sup>th</sup> June 2024 by us and we have expressed an unmodified conclusion on the unaudited consolidated financial results of the company.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

For M/s Kailash Chand Jain & Co.  
Chartered Accountants,  
ICAI Firm Registration: 112318W

*Saurabh*



Name - Saurabh Chouhan  
Designation: Partner  
Membership Number: 167453  
UDIN: 25167453BMLKTN5572

For M/s SCV & Co. LLP.  
Chartered Accountants,  
ICAI Firm Registration: 000235N/N500089

*Abhinav Khosla*



Name – Abhinav Khosla  
Designation: Partner  
Membership Number: 087010  
UDIN: 25087010BMMLPX1337

Place : New Delhi  
Date : 8<sup>th</sup> May 2025

**REC Limited**  
Registered Office - Core-4, SCOPE Complex, 7, Lodhi Road, New Delhi - 110003, CIN: L40101DL1969GOI005095  
**Statement of Audited Consolidated Financial Results for the quarter and year ended 31-03-2025**

(₹ in Crores)

S. No.	Particulars	Quarter Ended			Year Ended	
		31-03-2025 (Audited)	31-12-2024 (Unaudited)	31-03-2024 (Audited)	31-03-2025 (Audited)	31-03-2024 (Audited)
1	<b>Income</b>					
A	<b>Interest Income</b>					
(i)	Interest income on loan assets	14,647.13	13,692.03	12,168.48	54,026.42	45,658.74
(ii)	Other interest income	300.13	285.60	221.68	1,078.78	772.70
	<b>Sub-total (A) - Interest Income</b>	<b>14,947.26</b>	<b>13,977.63</b>	<b>12,390.16</b>	<b>55,105.20</b>	<b>46,431.44</b>
B	<b>Other Operating Income</b>					
(i)	Dividend income	1.46	6.44	1.47	8.42	2.28
(ii)	Fees and commission income	222.84	75.73	92.37	393.74	236.03
(iii)	Net gain/ (loss) on fair value changes	(18.34)	83.45	135.72	348.22	474.48
(iv)	Sale of services	180.32	128.67	57.46	510.97	360.52
	<b>Sub-total (B) - Other Operating Income</b>	<b>386.28</b>	<b>294.29</b>	<b>287.02</b>	<b>1,261.35</b>	<b>1,073.31</b>
C	<b>Total Revenue from Operations (A+B)</b>	<b>15,333.54</b>	<b>14,271.92</b>	<b>12,677.18</b>	<b>56,366.55</b>	<b>47,504.75</b>
D	<b>Other Income</b>	<b>14.83</b>	<b>14.99</b>	<b>29.48</b>	<b>67.48</b>	<b>66.48</b>
	<b>Total income (C+D)</b>	<b>15,348.37</b>	<b>14,286.91</b>	<b>12,706.66</b>	<b>56,434.03</b>	<b>47,571.23</b>
2	<b>Expenses</b>					
A	Finance costs	8,768.41	8,837.02	7,895.71	34,131.29	29,947.74
B	Net translation/ transaction exchange loss/ (gain)	47.32	59.12	59.95	208.15	166.57
C	Fees and commission expense	0.86	3.66	8.88	13.66	24.26
D	Impairment on financial instruments	776.46	(83.40)	(733.66)	1,021.58	(1,379.58)
E	Cost of services rendered	60.99	31.08	(5.97)	162.62	168.06
F	Employee benefits expenses	85.50	54.83	66.24	268.13	238.20
G	Depreciation and amortization	6.49	6.31	6.02	24.70	23.99
H	Corporate social responsibility expenses	89.03	119.79	118.85	291.53	251.78
I	Other expenses	23.42	77.53	61.16	194.90	170.27
	<b>Total Expenses (A to I)</b>	<b>9,858.48</b>	<b>9,105.94</b>	<b>7,477.18</b>	<b>36,316.56</b>	<b>29,611.29</b>
3	<b>Profit before Tax (1-2)</b>	<b>5,489.89</b>	<b>5,180.97</b>	<b>5,229.48</b>	<b>20,117.47</b>	<b>17,959.94</b>
4	<b>Tax Expense</b>					
A	<b>Current Tax</b>					
-	Current Year	1,039.48	1,045.03	903.71	4,098.91	3,329.10
-	Earlier Years	0.10	(0.35)	2.37	(0.25)	3.97
B	<b>Deferred Tax</b>	<b>140.33</b>	<b>59.94</b>	<b>244.31</b>	<b>134.58</b>	<b>481.41</b>
	<b>Total Tax Expense (A+B)</b>	<b>1,179.91</b>	<b>1,104.62</b>	<b>1,150.39</b>	<b>4,233.24</b>	<b>3,814.48</b>
5	<b>Net profit for the period (3-4)</b>	<b>4,309.98</b>	<b>4,076.35</b>	<b>4,079.09</b>	<b>15,884.23</b>	<b>14,145.46</b>
6	<b>Other comprehensive Income/(Loss)</b>					
(i)	<b>Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss</b>					
(a)	Re-measurement gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans	(0.51)	(0.56)	(5.77)	0.76	(0.99)
-	Tax impact on above	0.13	0.14	1.45	(0.19)	0.25
(b)	Changes in Fair Value of Equity Instruments measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI)	0.40	(48.98)	52.65	(23.85)	96.34
-	Tax impact on above	-	0.58	1.96	-	(4.86)
	<b>Sub-total (i)</b>	<b>0.02</b>	<b>(48.82)</b>	<b>50.29</b>	<b>(23.28)</b>	<b>90.74</b>
(ii)	<b>Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss</b>					
(a)	Effective portion of gains and loss on hedging instruments in cash flow hedges	(594.95)	540.13	(2,525.37)	1,223.51	(3,269.97)
-	Tax impact on above	149.74	(135.94)	635.59	(307.93)	822.99
(b)	Cost of hedging reserve	(808.42)	464.11	4,017.30	(3,219.35)	4,544.19
-	Tax impact on above	203.47	(116.81)	(1,011.07)	810.25	(1,143.68)
	<b>Sub-total (ii)</b>	<b>(1,050.16)</b>	<b>751.49</b>	<b>1,116.45</b>	<b>(1,493.52)</b>	<b>953.53</b>
	<b>Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the period (i + ii)</b>	<b>(1,050.14)</b>	<b>702.67</b>	<b>1,166.74</b>	<b>(1,516.80)</b>	<b>1,044.27</b>
7	<b>Total comprehensive Income for the period (5+6)</b>	<b>3,259.84</b>	<b>4,779.02</b>	<b>5,245.83</b>	<b>14,367.43</b>	<b>15,189.73</b>
8	<b>Paid up Equity Share Capital (Face Value ₹10 per share)</b>	<b>2,633.22</b>	<b>2,633.22</b>	<b>2,633.22</b>	<b>2,633.22</b>	<b>2,633.22</b>
9	<b>Other Equity (as per audited balance sheet as at 31st March)</b>					
10	<b>Basic &amp; Diluted earnings per equity share of ₹ 10 each (in ₹)*</b>					
A	For continuing operations (in ₹)	16.24	15.48	15.36	60.20	53.59
B	For discontinued operations (in ₹)	-	-	-	-	-
C	For continuing and discontinued operations (in ₹)	16.24	15.48	15.36	60.20	53.59

\* Earning Per Share (EPS) is not annualised for the quarters and period ended.





**Statement of Assets and Liabilities**

(₹ in Crores)

S. No.	Particulars	Consolidated	
		As at 31-03-2025	As at 31-03-2024
		(Audited)	(Audited)
	<b>ASSETS</b>		
(1)	<b>Financial Assets</b>		
(a)	Cash and cash equivalents	233.57	262.75
(b)	Bank balances other than (a) above	2,109.80	2,699.75
(c)	Derivative financial instruments	17,432.18	12,482.02
(d)	Receivables		
	-Trade Receivables	235.13	153.82
	-Other Receivables	1.99	2.78
(e)	Loans	5,59,088.08	4,99,192.05
(f)	Investments	6,673.64	5,352.32
(g)	Other financial assets	24,604.19	24,442.64
	<b>Total - Financial Assets (1)</b>	<b>6,10,378.58</b>	<b>5,44,588.13</b>
(2)	<b>Non-Financial Assets</b>		
(a)	Current tax assets (net)	407.07	309.68
(b)	Deferred tax assets (net)	2,868.70	2,500.96
(c)	Investment Property	1.01	-
(d)	Property, Plant & Equipment	625.99	630.98
(e)	Capital Work-in-Progress	76.01	23.59
(f)	Other Intangible Assets	1.84	0.52
(g)	Other non-financial assets	138.75	117.03
	<b>Total - Non-Financial Assets (2)</b>	<b>4,119.37</b>	<b>3,582.77</b>
(3)	<b>Assets classified as held for sale</b>	<b>3.88</b>	<b>20.20</b>
	<b>Total ASSETS (1+2+3)</b>	<b>6,14,501.83</b>	<b>5,48,191.10</b>
	<b>LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</b>		
	<b>LIABILITIES</b>		
(1)	<b>Financial liabilities</b>		
(a)	Derivative financial instruments	1,670.06	759.70
(b)	Trade payables		
	-Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	0.12	0.16
	-Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	133.75	97.74
	Other payables		
	-Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	6.52	2.83
	-Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	17.28	8.69
(c)	Debt securities	2,92,428.27	2,66,063.24
(d)	Borrowings (other than debt securities)	1,94,300.16	1,72,092.05
(e)	Subordinated liabilities	9,514.16	7,412.21
(f)	Other financial liabilities	37,646.72	31,940.58
	<b>Total - Financial Liabilities (1)</b>	<b>5,35,717.04</b>	<b>4,78,377.20</b>
(2)	<b>Non-Financial Liabilities</b>		
(a)	Current tax liabilities (net)	-	66.51
(b)	Provisions	137.51	137.34
(c)	Other non-financial liabilities	271.22	259.79
	<b>Total - Non-Financial Liabilities (2)</b>	<b>408.73</b>	<b>463.64</b>
(3)	<b>Equity</b>		
(a)	Equity Share Capital	2,633.22	2,633.22
(b)	Instruments Entirely Equity In Nature	558.40	558.40
(c)	Other equity	75,184.44	66,158.63
	<b>Total - Equity (3)</b>	<b>78,376.06</b>	<b>69,350.25</b>
	<b>Total - LIABILITIES AND EQUITY (1+2+3)</b>	<b>6,14,501.83</b>	<b>5,48,191.09</b>



## Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31st March 2025

(₹ in Crores)

S. No.	Particulars	Consolidated	
		Year ended	
		31-03-2025 (Audited)	31-03-2024 (Audited)
<b>A.</b>	<b>Cash Flow from Operating Activities :</b>		
	Net Profit before tax	20,117.47	17,959.94
	Adjustments for:		
1	Loss/ (Gain) on derecognition of Property, Plant and Equipment (net)	7.62	5.58
2	Loss/ (Gain) on derecognition of Assets held for sale (net)	(6.03)	(1.32)
3	Depreciation & Amortization	24.70	23.99
4	Impairment allowance on Assets Classified as Held for Sale	-	(0.09)
5	Impairment losses on Financial Instruments	1,021.59	(1,379.58)
6	Loss/ (Gain) on Fair Value Changes (net)	(346.30)	(471.88)
7	Effective Interest Rate in respect of Loan Assets and Borrowings	214.60	(34.51)
8	Interest on Commercial Paper	-	135.64
9	Interest expense on income tax of earlier year	-	-
10	Interest Accrued on Zero Coupon Bonds	83.14	-
11	Unrealised Foreign Exchange Translation Loss/ (Gain)	(2,131.32)	(993.07)
12	Liabilities no longer required written back	-	-
13	Interest on Investments & others	(36.65)	(42.65)
	<b>Operating profit before Changes in Operating Assets &amp; Liabilities</b>	<b>18,948.81</b>	<b>15,202.05</b>
	Inflow / (Outflow) on account of :		
1	Loan Assets	(59,996.87)	(75,017.32)
2	Derivatives	643.90	(343.67)
3	Other Financial and Non- Financial Assets	(654.88)	(1,495.78)
4	Other Financial and Non- Financial Liabilities & Provisions	6,228.02	7,203.84
	<b>Cash flow from Operations</b>	<b>(34,831.03)</b>	<b>(54,450.88)</b>
1	Income Tax Paid (including TDS)	(4,232.52)	(3,271.76)
	<b>Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities</b>	<b>(39,063.55)</b>	<b>(57,722.64)</b>
<b>B.</b>	<b>Cash Flow from Investing Activities</b>		
1	(Purchase) / Sale of Property, Plant & Equipment	(3.96)	0.11
2	Sale of assets held for sale	6.07	1.61
3	Investment in Property, Plant & Equipment (incl. CWIP & Capital Advances)	(77.31)	(33.63)
4	Investment in Intangible Assets (including intangible assets under development & Capital Advances)	(1.61)	0.00
5	Finance Costs Capitalised	(3.02)	(0.53)
6	Sale/ (Investment) in Equity Shares	-	67.39
7	Redemption/ (Investment) in High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLAs) (net)	(1,418.90)	(997.94)
8	Redemption/ (Investment) in Debt Securities other than HQLAs (net)	352.22	(912.98)
9	Sale/(Investment) of/in shares of associates (Net)	16.28	(15.75)
10	Interest Income from investments	-	-
11	Maturity/(Investment) of Corporate and Term deposits	(171.81)	60.75
	<b>Net Cash Flow from Investing Activities</b>	<b>(1,302.04)</b>	<b>(1,830.96)</b>
<b>C.</b>	<b>Cash Flow from Financing Activities</b>		
1	Issue/ (Redemption) of Rupee Debt Securities (net)	30,748.97	27,473.52
2	Issue/ (Redemption) of Commercial Paper (net)	-	(135.64)
3	Raising/ (Repayments) of Rupee Term Loans/ WCDL from Banks/ FIs (net )	(23,558.76)	3,640.02
4	Raising/ (Repayments) of Foreign Currency Debt Securities and Borrowings (net)	36,501.65	30,921.49
5	Raising/ (Redemption) of Subordinated Liabilities (net)	1,995.01	590.00
6	Coupon payment on Perpetual Debt Instruments entirely equity in nature	(44.50)	(44.50)
7	Payment of Dividend on Equity Shares	(5,608.77)	(2,857.05)
8	Repayment towards Lease Liability	-	(0.02)
	<b>Net Cash flow from Financing Activities</b>	<b>40,033.60</b>	<b>59,587.82</b>
	<b>Net Increase/Decrease in Cash &amp; Cash Equivalents</b>	<b>(331.99)</b>	<b>34.21</b>
	<b>Cash &amp; Cash Equivalents as at the beginning of the period</b>	<b>(4.69)</b>	<b>(38.89)</b>
	<b>Cash &amp; Cash Equivalents as at the end of the period</b>	<b>(336.68)</b>	<b>(4.69)</b>



**Notes to the Consolidated financial results:**

- 1 The above consolidated financial results of the Company were reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved and taken on record by the Board of Directors at their respective meetings held on May 08, 2025. These results have been subject to limited review by the Statutory Auditors of the Company.
- 2 The consolidated financial results have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in Indian Accounting Standard (Ind-AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended from time to time, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India.
- 3 The audited consolidated accounts of the subsidiary company REC Power Development and Consultancy Limited has been consolidated in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standard 110 'Consolidated Financial Statements'.
- 4 (a) Provisioning on loan assets is based on "Expected Credit Loss (ECL) methodology" under Ind-AS norms, duly approved by the Board of Directors of the Company and upon the report provided by an independent agency appointed by the Company, which inter alia also considers ratings as issued/updated by Ministry of Power for Distribution Companies (DISCOMs). This is further reviewed by management overlays in certain accounts wherever necessary considering the different factors. Details are as follows:

S. No.	Particulars	As at 31.03.2025			As at 31.03.2024		
		Stage 1 & 2	Stage 3	Total	Stage 1 & 2	Stage 3	Total
1.	Loan assets	5,59,230.64	7,652.65	5,66,883.29	4,95,560.62	13,810.33	5,09,370.95
2.	Impairment loss allowance (net of movements)*	5,306.28	5,489.48	10,795.76	2,926.72	9,453.80	12,380.52
3.	Provisioning Coverage (%) (2/1)	0.95%	71.73%	1.90%	0.59%	68.45%	2.43%

\* In addition to the above, ₹ 18.48 crores as at March 31, 2025 (₹ 32.02 crores as at March 31, 2024) is maintained towards impairment allowance on Letter of Comfort.

- 4 (b) During the Q4 FY 2024-25, two stressed assets (i.e KSK Mahanadi Power Company Limited and Corporate Power Limited) of an aggregate outstanding loan amounting ₹ 3,393.36 crore have been resolved under Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code (IBC) with a sum of ₹ 734 crore been written off with corresponding reversal of ECL of ₹ 611 crore.
- 5 Interest and other income on credit-impaired loan assets is not being recognised as a matter of prudence, pending the outcome of resolutions of such assets, management is not expecting realisation of any income on such assets.
- 6 The Company's operation comprise of only one business segment - lending to power, logistic and infrastructure sector. Hence, there is no other reportable segment in terms of Indian Accounting Standard (Ind-AS) 108 "Operating Segments".
- 7 The Board of Directors at its meeting held on May 08, 2025 recommended final dividend of ₹ 2.60 per equity share (on face value of ₹ 10/- each) for the financial year 2024-25, subject to approval of Shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The total dividend for the financial year is ₹ 18/-per equity share (on face value of ₹ 10/- each) including total interim dividend of Rs. 15.40 per share.
- 8 The Company has not issued any redeemable preference shares till date.
- 9 The additional information as required under Regulation 52(4) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 is annexed as Annexure -A.
- 10 There is one case of loans transferred for amounting ₹ 63 crore and NIL for acquired during the FY 2024-25 (previous year Nil) under Master Direction - Reserve Bank of India (Transfer of Loan Exposures) Directions, 2021 dated 24th September 2021.
- 11 The figures for the quarter ended March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024 have been derived by deducting the year to date unaudited published figures for the nine months ended December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 from the audited figures for the year ended March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024 respectively.
- 12 Previous period/ years' figures have been regrouped/ reclassified, wherever necessary, in order to make them comparable with current year figures.

Place: Delhi  
Date: 08th May, 2025



For REC Limited

Jitendra Srivastava  
Chairman & Managing Director  
DIN - 06817799



Disclosure in compliance with Regulation 52(4) of Securities and Exchange Board of India  
(Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

As at/ For the quarter/ year ended March 31, 2025

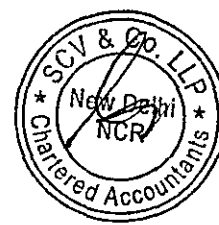
S. No.	Particulars	Unit	Consolidated	
			As at/ For the quarter ended 31.03.2025	As at/ For the year ended 31.03.2025
1	Debt Equity Ratio <sup>1</sup>	times		6.23
2	Outstanding Redeemable preference shares	₹ in Crores		Nil
3	Debenture Redemption Reserve	₹ in Crores		Nil
4	Net Worth <sup>2</sup>	₹ in Crores		78,376.06
5	Total debts to total assets <sup>3</sup>	times		0.79
6	Operating Margin <sup>4</sup>	%	35.71	35.57
7	Net profit Margin <sup>5</sup>	%	28.08	28.15
8	Sector specific equivalent ratios			
(a)	CRAR <sup>6</sup>	%		25.99
(b)	Gross Credit Impaired Assets Ratio <sup>7</sup>	%		1.35
(c)	Net Credit Impaired Assets Ratio <sup>8</sup>	%		0.38

As at/ For the quarter/ year ended March 31, 2024

S. No.	Particulars	Unit	Consolidated	
			As at/ For the quarter ended 31.03.2024	As at/ For the year ended 31.03.2024
1	Debt Equity Ratio <sup>1</sup>	times		6.31
2	Outstanding Redeemable preference shares	₹ in Crores		Nil
3	Debenture Redemption Reserve	₹ in Crores		Nil
4	Net Worth <sup>2</sup>	₹ in Crores		69,350.25
5	Total debts to total assets <sup>3</sup>	times		0.80
6	Operating Margin <sup>4</sup>	%	41.02	37.67
7	Net profit Margin <sup>5</sup>	%	32.10	29.74
8	Sector specific equivalent ratios			
(a)	CRAR <sup>6</sup>	%		25.82
(b)	Gross Credit Impaired Assets Ratio <sup>7</sup>	%		2.71
(c)	Net Credit Impaired Assets Ratio <sup>8</sup>	%		0.86

Notes:

- 1 Debt/Equity Ratio = Net Debt / Net Worth (Net debt represents principal outstanding less cash and cash equivalents available.)
- 2 Net Worth is calculated as defined in section 2(57) of Companies Act, 2013.
- 3 Total debts to total assets = Total Debt / Total Assets.
- 4 Operating Margin = Net Operating Profit Before Tax / Total Revenue from Operation.
- 5 Net Profit Margin = Net Profit after Tax / Total Income.
- 6 CRAR = Adjusted Net worth/ Risk weighted assets, calculated as per applicable RBI guidelines.
- 7 Gross Credit Impaired Asset Ratio = Gross Credit Impaired Assets / Gross Loan Assets.
- 8 Net Credit Impaired Asset Ratio = Net Credit Impaired Assets / Gross Loan Assets.
- 9 Debt Service Coverage Ratio, Interest Service Coverage Ratio, Current Ratio, Current Liability Ratio, Long Term Debt to Working Capital, Debtors Turnover, Inventory Turnover and Bad Debts to Accounts Receivable Ratio are not applicable to the company.



**KAILASH CHAND JAIN & CO.**  
**Chartered Accountants**  
**819, Laxmi Deep Building,**  
**Laxmi Nagar District Centre,**  
**New Delhi-110092**

**SCV & CO. LLP.**  
**Chartered Accountants**  
**B-41, Panchsheel Enclave,**  
**New Delhi- 110017**

**Independent Audit Report on Special Purpose Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025 of REC Limited**

To,  
The Board of Directors,  
REC Limited  
Core-IV, SCOPE Complex,  
7, Lodhi Road,  
New Delhi – 110003

We have audited the accompanying Special Purpose Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements of REC Limited (the "Company") which comprise the Standalone Balance Sheet as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025, Statement of Standalone Profit and Loss (including the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income), the Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity and the Standalone Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended and a summary of material accounting policies (together hereinafter referred as "Special Purpose Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements").

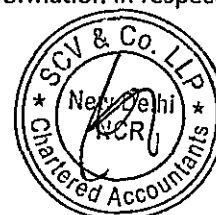
In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid special purpose standalone Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013, (the "Act") in the manner so required and give a true & fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of the affairs of the Company as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025, and its Profit (including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and cash flow for the year ended on that date.

**Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ("SAs") specified under section 143 (10) of the Act. We are independent of the Company, in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Special Purpose Standalone Ind AS financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

**Management's Responsibility for the Special Purpose Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements**

These Special Purpose Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements, which is the responsibility of the Company's Management and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company, has been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in in all material respects, in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles of Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with relevant rules issued thereunder and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. These Special Purpose Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements have been prepared solely for the purpose of inclusion of financial information in respect

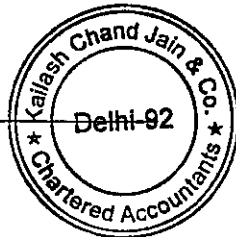


of fund-raising programmes of the Company and its Holding Company ("Power Finance Corporation Limited").

#### Restriction on Use

This report is intended solely for the use of the Company for the purpose of inclusion of financial information in respect of fund-raising programmes of the Company and its Holding Company thereto and should not be used by any other person or for any other purpose. We do not accept or assume any liability or duty of care for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come without our prior consent in writing.

For M/s Kailash Chand Jain & Co.  
Chartered Accountants,  
ICAI Firm Registration: 112318W

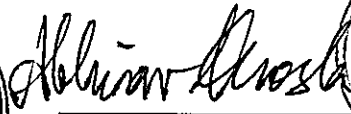


Name - Saurabh Chouhan  
Designation: Partner  
Membership Number: 167453

UDIN: 25167453BMLKTO3470

Date: 08<sup>th</sup> May 2025  
Place: New Delhi

For M/s SCV & Co. LLP.  
Chartered Accountants,  
ICAI Firm Registration: 000235N/N500089



Name - Abhinav Khosla  
Designation: Partner  
Membership Number: 087010

UDIN: 25087010BMMLPY8949

**REC Limited**

Registered Office - Core-4, SCOPE Complex, 7, Lodhi Road, New Delhi - 110003, CIN: L40101DL1969GOI005095

**Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2025**

(₹ in crores)

S. No.	Particulars	Note No.	As at 31-03-2025	As at 31-03-2024
	<b>ASSETS</b>			
(1)	<b>Financial assets</b>			
(a)	Cash and cash equivalents	6	54.69	46.26
(b)	Bank balances other than (a) above	7	1,695.15	2,452.44
(c)	Derivative financial instruments	8	17,432.18	12,482.02
(d)	Receivables	9		
	-Trade receivables		-	-
	-Other receivables		1.99	2.78
(e)	Loans	10	5,59,088.08	4,99,192.05
(f)	Investments	11	6,641.62	5,320.31
(g)	Other financial assets	12	24,603.68	24,421.74
	<b>Total - Financial assets (1)</b>		<b>6,09,517.39</b>	<b>5,43,917.60</b>
(2)	<b>Non-financial assets</b>			
(a)	Current tax assets (net)	13	398.98	294.42
(b)	Deferred tax assets (net)	14	2,852.75	2,485.46
(c)	Investment property	15	48.24	-
(d)	Property, plant & equipment	16	578.16	630.21
(e)	Capital work-in-progress	16	76.01	23.59
(f)	Other intangible assets	16	1.84	0.52
(g)	Other non-financial assets	17	82.10	88.54
	<b>Total - Non-financial assets (2)</b>		<b>4,038.08</b>	<b>3,522.74</b>
(3)	Assets classified as held for sale	18	0.01	0.05
	<b>Total Assets (1+2+3)</b>		<b>6,13,555.48</b>	<b>5,47,440.39</b>
	<b>LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</b>			
	<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
(1)	<b>Financial liabilities</b>			
(a)	Derivative financial instruments	8	1,670.06	759.70
(b)	Payables	19		
	Trade payables			
	-Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		0.12	0.16
	-Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		10.68	7.23
	Other payables			
	-Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		6.52	2.83
	-Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		17.28	8.69
(c)	Debt securities	20	2,92,474.93	2,66,109.92
(d)	Borrowings (other than debt securities)	21	1,94,300.16	1,72,092.05
(e)	Subordinated liabilities	22	9,514.16	7,412.21
(f)	Other financial liabilities	23	37,524.66	31,821.75
	<b>Total - Financial liabilities (1)</b>		<b>5,35,518.57</b>	<b>4,78,214.54</b>
(2)	<b>Non-financial liabilities</b>			
(a)	Current tax liabilities (net)	24	-	66.51
(b)	Provisions	25	136.79	136.57
(c)	Other non-financial liabilities	26	262.15	239.62
	<b>Total - Non-financial liabilities (2)</b>		<b>398.94</b>	<b>442.70</b>
(3)	<b>EQUITY</b>			
(a)	Equity share capital	27	2,633.22	2,633.22
(b)	Instruments entirely equity in nature	28	558.40	558.40
(c)	Other equity	29	74,446.35	65,591.53
	<b>Total - Equity (3)</b>		<b>77,637.97</b>	<b>68,783.15</b>
	<b>Total - Liabilities and Equity (1+2+3)</b>		<b>6,13,555.48</b>	<b>5,47,440.39</b>
	Company Overview and Material Accounting Policies	1 to 5		

Place: Delhi  
Date: 08th May, 2025

Jitendra Srivastava  
Chairman & Managing Director  
DIN - 06817799



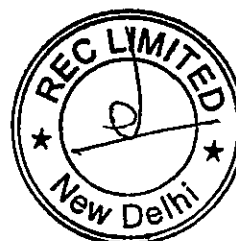
**Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March 2025**

(₹ in crores)

S. No.	Particulars	Note No.	Year ended 31-03-2025	Year ended 31-03-2024
	<b>Revenue from operations</b>			
(i)	Interest income	30	55,070.11	46,410.11
(ii)	Dividend income	31	99.05	25.68
(iii)	Fees and commission income	32	393.74	236.03
(iv)	Net gain/ (loss) on fair value changes	37	348.22	474.48
I.	<b>Total revenue from operations (i to iv)</b>		<b>55,911.12</b>	<b>47,146.30</b>
II.	Other income	33	68.50	67.85
III.	<b>Total income (I+II)</b>		<b>55,979.62</b>	<b>47,214.15</b>
	<b>Expenses</b>			
(i)	Finance costs	34	34,134.98	29,949.27
(ii)	Net translation/ transaction exchange loss	35	208.15	166.57
(iii)	Fees and commission expense	36	13.66	24.26
(iv)	Impairment on financial instruments	38	1,019.41	(1,358.39)
(v)	Employee benefits expenses	39	244.80	214.01
(vi)	Depreciation and amortization	40	24.39	23.72
(vii)	Corporate social responsibility expenses	41	288.48	249.86
(viii)	Other expenses	42	185.97	164.21
IV.	<b>Total expenses (i to viii)</b>		<b>36,119.84</b>	<b>29,433.51</b>
V.	<b>Profit before tax (III-IV)</b>		<b>19,859.78</b>	<b>17,780.64</b>
VI.	<b>Tax expense</b>	43		
(i)	Current tax			
-	Current year		4,011.49	3,293.00
-	Earlier years		0.05	2.09
(ii)	Deferred tax		135.03	466.34
	<b>Total tax expense (i+ii)</b>		<b>4,146.57</b>	<b>3,761.43</b>
VII.	<b>Profit for the year (V-VI)</b>		<b>15,713.21</b>	<b>14,019.21</b>
	<b>Other comprehensive income/(loss)</b>			
(i)	<b>Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss</b>			
(a)	Re-measurement gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans		0.76	(0.99)
-	Tax impact on above		(0.19)	0.25
(b)	Changes in fair value of equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)		(23.85)	96.34
-	Tax impact on above		-	(4.86)
	<b>Sub-total (i)</b>		<b>(23.28)</b>	<b>90.74</b>
(ii)	<b>Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss</b>			
(a)	Effective portion of gains and loss on hedging instruments in cash (low hedges)		1,223.51	(3,269.97)
-	Tax impact on above		(307.93)	822.99
(b)	Cost of hedging reserve		(3,219.35)	4,544.19
-	Tax impact on above		810.25	(1,143.68)
	<b>Sub-total (ii)</b>		<b>(1,493.52)</b>	<b>953.53</b>
VIII.	<b>Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year (i+ii)</b>		<b>(1,516.80)</b>	<b>1,044.27</b>
IX.	<b>Total comprehensive income for the year (VII+VIII)</b>		<b>14,196.41</b>	<b>15,063.48</b>
X.	<b>Basic &amp; diluted earnings per equity share of ₹ 10 each (in ₹)</b>	44		
(1)	For continuing operations		59.55	53.11
(2)	For discontinued operations		-	-
(3)	For continuing and discontinued operations		59.55	53.11
	<b>Company overview and material accounting policies</b>	1 to 5		

Place: Delhi  
Date: 08th May, 2025

Jitendra Srivastava  
Chairman & Managing Director  
DIN - 06817799





# REC Limited

Registered Office - Core-4, SCOPE Complex, 7, Lodhi Road, New Delhi - 110003, CIN: L40101DL1969GOI005095

## Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31st March 2025

(₹ in crores)

Particulars	Year ended 31-03-2025	year ended 31-03-2024
<b>A. Cash Flow from Operating Activities :</b>		
Net Profit before Tax	19,859.78	17,780.64
Adjustments for:		
1. Loss/ (Gain) on derecognition of Property, Plant and Equipment (net)	7.61	5.56
2. Loss/ (Gain) on derecognition of Assets held for sale (net)	(6.03)	(1.32)
3. Depreciation & Amortization	24.39	23.72
4. Impairment losses on Financial Instruments	1,019.41	(1,358.39)
5. Loss/ (Gain) on Fair Value Changes (net)	(346.30)	(471.88)
6. Effective Interest Rate (EIR) in respect of Loan Assets and Borrowings	214.60	(34.51)
7. Interest on Commercial Paper	-	135.64
8. Interest Accrued on Zero Coupon Bonds	83.14	-
9. Unrealised Foreign Exchange Translation Loss/ (Gain)	(2,131.32)	(993.07)
10. Interest on Investments	(36.65)	(42.65)
<b>Operating Profit/ (Loss) before Changes in Operating Assets &amp; Liabilities</b>	<b>18,688.63</b>	<b>15,043.74</b>
<b>Inflow / (Outflow) on account of :</b>		
1. Loan Assets	(59,996.88)	(75,017.32)
2. Derivatives	643.90	(343.67)
3. Other Financial and Non- Financial Assets	(568.16)	(1,544.16)
4. Other Financial and Non- Financial Liabilities & Provisions	6,202.86	7,194.23
<b>Cash flow from Operations</b>	<b>(35,029.65)</b>	<b>(54,667.18)</b>
1. Income Tax Paid (including TDS)	(4,152.51)	(3,218.04)
<b>Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities</b>	<b>(39,182.16)</b>	<b>(57,885.22)</b>
<b>B. Cash Flow from Investing Activities</b>		
1. Sale/(Purchase) of Property, Plant & Equipment	(3.96)	0.07
2. Sale of assets held for sale	6.07	1.61
3. Investment in Property, Plant & Equipment (incl. CWIP & Capital Advances)	(77.16)	(32.81)
4. Investment in Intangible Assets (including intangible assets under development & Capital Advances)	(1.61)	0.00
5. Finance Costs Capitalised	(3.02)	(0.53)
6. Sale/ (Investment) in Equity Shares	-	67.39
7. Redemption/ (Investment) in High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLAs) (net)	(1,418.90)	(997.94)
8. Redemption/ (Investment) in Debt Securities other than HQLAs (net)	352.22	(912.98)
<b>Net Cash Flow from Investing Activities</b>	<b>(1,146.36)</b>	<b>(1,875.19)</b>
<b>C. Cash Flow from Financing Activities</b>		
1. Issue/ (Redemption) of Rupee Debt Securities (net)	30,748.97	27,473.52
2. Issue/ (Redemption) of Commercial Paper (net)	-	(135.64)
3. Raising/ (Repayments) of Rupee Term Loans/ WCDL from Banks/ FIs (net )	(23,558.76)	3,640.02
4. Raising/ (Repayments) of Foreign Currency Debt Securities and Borrowings (net)	36,501.65	30,921.49
5. Raising/ (Redemption) of Subordinated Liabilities (net)	1,995.01	590.00
6. Coupon payment on Perpetual Debt Instruments entirely equity in nature	(44.50)	(44.50)
7. Payment of Dividend on Equity Shares	(5,608.77)	(2,857.05)
8. Repayment towards Lease Liability	-	(0.02)
<b>Net Cash flow from Financing Activities</b>	<b>40,033.60</b>	<b>59,587.82</b>
<b>Net Increase/ (Decrease) in Cash &amp; Cash Equivalents</b>	<b>(294.92)</b>	<b>(172.59)</b>
Cash & Cash Equivalents as at the beginning of the year	(221.18)	(48.59)
Cash & Cash Equivalents as at the end of the year	(516.09)	(221.18)

Note : Previous year figures have been rearranged and regrouped wherever necessary.



Place: Delhi

Date: 08th May, 2025



Jitendra Srivastava  
Chairman & Managing Director  
DIN - 06817799

**REC Limited**

Registered Office - Core-4, SCOPE Complex, 7, Lodhi Road, New Delhi - 110003, CIN: L40101DL1969GOI005095

**Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31st March 2025**

**A Equity share capital**

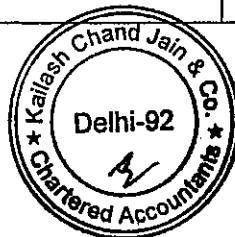
Particulars	As at 31-03-2025	As at 31-03-2024
Balance at the beginning of the year	2,633.22	2,633.22
Changes in equity share capital during the year*	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	2,633.22	2,633.22

**B Instruments entirely equity in nature**

Particulars	As at 31-03-2025	As at 31-03-2024
Balance at the beginning of the year	558.40	558.40
Changes in instruments entirely equity in nature during the year	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	558.40	558.40

**C Other equity**

Particulars	Reserves & Surplus							FVOCI-Equity instruments	Effective portion of cash flow hedges	Costs of hedging reserve	Total
	Special reserve created u/s 36(1) (viii) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	Reserve for bad and doubtful debts u/s 36(1)(viiia) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	Statutory reserve u/s 45-IC of Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934	Securities premium account	Foreign currency monetary item translation difference account	General reserve	Retained earnings				
Balance as at 31-03-2023	24,977.89	-	8,025.15	1,577.53	(790.44)	11,978.44	9,930.77	(101.47)	600.05	(1,709.87)	54,488.05
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,019.21	-	-	-	14,019.21
Remeasurement of defined benefit plans (net of taxes)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(0.74)	-	-	-	(0.74)
Recognition through other comprehensive income (net of taxes)	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,018.47	91.48	(2,446.98)	3,400.51	1,045.01
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,018.47	91.48	(2,446.98)	3,400.51	15,063.48
Transferred to/ (from) retained earnings	3,066.94	687.76	2,803.84	-	-	-	(6,558.54)	-	-	-	-
Transferred to general reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reclassification of gain/ (loss) on sale/ extinguishment of FVOCI equity instrument (net of taxes)	-	-	-	-	-	-	48.00	(48.00)	-	-	-
Foreign currency translation gain/ (loss) on long term monetary items during the year	-	-	-	-	(85.73)	-	-	-	-	-	(85.73)
Amortisation during the year	-	-	-	-	201.03	-	-	-	-	-	201.03
Coupon payment on instrument entirely equity in nature (perpetual debt instruments) (net of taxes)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(33.30)	-	-	-	(33.30)
<b>Sub-total</b>	3,066.94	687.76	2,803.84	-	115.30	-	(6,543.84)	(48.00)	-	-	82.00
Dividends	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,042.00)	-	-	-	(4,042.00)
<b>Sub-total- transaction with owners</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,042.00)	-	-	-	(4,042.00)
Balance as at 31-03-2024	28,044.83	687.76	10,828.99	1,577.53	(675.14)	11,978.44	13,363.40	(57.99)	(1,846.93)	1,690.64	65,591.53

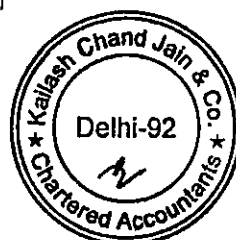


(₹ in crores)

Particulars	Reserves & Surplus							FVOCI- Equity instruments	Effective portion of cash flow hedges	Costs of hedging reserve	Total
	Special reserve created u/s 36(1) (viii) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	Reserve for bad and doubtful debts u/s 36(1)(viiia) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	Statutory reserve u/s 45- IC of Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934	Securities premium account	Foreign currency monetary item translation difference account	General reserve	Retained earnings				
Balance as at 31-03-2024	28,044.83	687.76	10,828.99	1,577.53	(675.14)	11,978.44	13,363.40	(57.99)	(1,846.93)	1,690.64	65,591.53
Profit for the year							15,713.21				15,713.21
Remeasurement of defined benefit plans (net of taxes)							0.57				0.57
Recognition through other comprehensive income (net of taxes)								(23.85)	915.58	(2,409.10)	(1,517.37)
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,713.78	(23.85)	915.58	(2,409.10)	14,196.41
Transferred to/ (from) retained earnings	3,550.57	841.80	3,142.64			750.00	(8,285.01)				-
Transferred to general reserve	-	(687.76)				687.76	-				-
Reclassification of gain/ (loss) on sale/ extinguishment of FVOCI equity instrument (net of taxes)							-	-			-
Foreign currency translation gain/ (loss) on long term monetary items during the year					(120.43)						(120.43)
Amortisation during the year					183.92						183.92
Coupon payment on instrument entirely equity in nature (perpetual debt instruments) (net of taxes)							(33.30)				(33.30)
<b>Sub-total</b>	3,550.57	154.04	3,142.64	-	63.49	1,437.76	(8,318.31)	-	-	-	30.19
Dividends							(5,371.78)				(5,371.78)
<b>Sub-total- transaction with owners</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	(5,371.78)	-	-	-	(5,371.78)
<b>Balance as at 31-03-2025</b>	<b>31,595.40</b>	<b>841.80</b>	<b>13,971.63</b>	<b>1,577.53</b>	<b>(611.65)</b>	<b>13,416.20</b>	<b>15,387.09</b>	<b>(81.84)</b>	<b>(931.35)</b>	<b>(718.46)</b>	<b>74,446.35</b>

Place: Delhi

Date: 08th May, 2025



Jitendra Srivastava  
Chairman & Managing Director  
DIN - 06817799



## REC Limited

Registered Office - Core-4, SCOPE Complex, 7, Lodhi Road, New Delhi – 110003

CIN: L40101DL1969GOI005095

### Notes to Accounts

#### 1. Company Overview

REC Limited ("REC" or the "Company") was incorporated in the year 1969. The Company is domiciled in India and is limited by shares, having its registered office and principal place of business at Core-4, SCOPE Complex, 7, Lodhi Road, New Delhi-110003, India. The books of accounts are maintained at the Corporate Office situated at Plot no. I-4, Sector-29, Gurugram, Haryana, in addition to the registered office of the Company. The Company has offices spread across the country, mainly in the State Capitals and one training center at Hyderabad.

The Company is a Government of India Enterprise engaged in extending financial assistance across the power sector value chain and is a Systemically Important (Non-Deposit Accepting or Holding) Non-Banking Finance Company (NBFC) registered with Reserve Bank of India (RBI). Being an NBFC, the company is regulated by Reserve Bank of India.

The company has been accorded with the status of a 'Maharatna' Central Public Sector Enterprise by the Department of Public Enterprises, under the Ministry of Finance.

REC is a leading Infrastructure Finance Company in India and the principal products of REC are interest-bearing loans to State Electricity Boards, State Power utilities/State Power Departments and Private sector for all segments of Power infrastructure. During FY 2022-23, REC has also diversified into the Non-Power Infrastructure sector comprising Roads & Expressways, Metro Rail, Airports, IT Communication, Social and Commercial Infrastructure (Educational Institution, Hospitals), Ports and Electro-Mechanical (E&M) works in respect of various other sectors like Steel, Refinery, etc.

The shares of the Company are listed on National Stock Exchange of India Limited and BSE Limited. Further, various debt securities of the Company are also listed on the Stock Exchanges

#### 2. Basis of Preparation

These Special Purpose Standalone Financial Statements have been prepared for the purpose of inclusion of financial information in respect of fund raising programmes of the Company and its Holding Company and complies with the measurement principles laid down under Ind AS notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended), applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable regulatory norms / guidelines including those issued by RBI. These financial statements for the period ended 31st March 2025 were authorized and approved by the Board of Directors on 08th May 2025.



### 3. Material Accounting Policies

The material accounting policies applied in preparation of the financial statements are as given below:

#### 3.1 Basis of Preparation and Measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on going concern basis following accrual system of accounting on historical cost basis except for certain financial assets and financial liabilities which are measured at fair values as explained in relevant accounting policies. These policies have been applied consistently for all the periods presented in the financial statements.

##### *Functional and presentation currency*

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupee ('INR') which is also the functional currency of the Company.

#### 3.2 Income recognition

##### *Interest income*

For financial assets measured at amortized cost, interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR), i.e. the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the net carrying amount of the financial assets.

Interest on financial assets subsequently measured at fair value through profit and loss is recognized on an accrual basis in accordance with the terms of the respective contract and is disclosed separately under the head interest income.

Unless otherwise specified, the recoveries from the borrowers are appropriated in the order of (i) costs and expenses of REC (ii) delayed and penal interest including interest tax, if any (iii) overdue interest including interest tax, if any and (iv) repayment of principal; the oldest being adjusted first, except for credit impaired loans and recalled loans, where principal amount is appropriated only after the complete recovery of other costs, expenses, delayed and penal interest and overdue interest including interest tax, if any. The recoveries under One Time Settlement (OTS)/ Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code (IBC) proceedings are appropriated first towards the principal outstanding and remaining recovery thereafter, towards interest and other charges, if any.

As a matter of prudence, income on credit impaired loan assets is recognised as and when received or on accrual basis when expected realisation is higher than the loan amount outstanding.

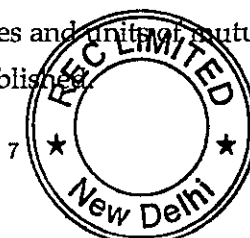
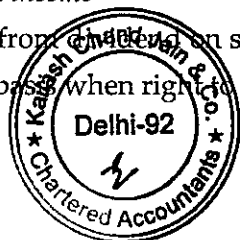
Rebate on account of timely payment of interest by borrowers is recognized on receipt of entire interest amount due in time, in accordance with the terms of the respective contract and is netted against the corresponding interest income.

##### *Income from Government schemes*

Income of agency fee on Government schemes is recognized on the basis of the services rendered and amount of fee sanctioned by the Ministry of Power.

##### *Dividend income*

Income from dividends on shares of corporate bodies and units of mutual funds is taken into account on accrual basis when right to receive payment is established.



Provided that in case of final dividend, the right to receive payment shall be considered as established only upon approval of the dividend by the shareholders in the Annual General Meeting.

Dividend on financial assets subsequently measured at fair value through profit and loss is recognised separately under the head 'Dividend Income'.

#### *Rental Income on Investment Property*

Rental income from investment property is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

#### *Other services*

Fees/ charges on loan assets, other than those considered an adjustment to EIR, are accounted for on accrual basis. Pre-payment premium is accounted for by the Company in the year of receipt.

### **3.3 Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that the Company incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition and/ or construction of a qualifying asset, till the time such qualifying asset becomes ready for its intended use, are capitalized. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes a substantial period to get ready for its intended use.

All other borrowing costs are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss on an accrual basis as per the effective interest rate method.

### **3.4 Earnings per share**

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

To calculate diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

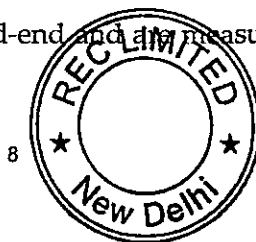
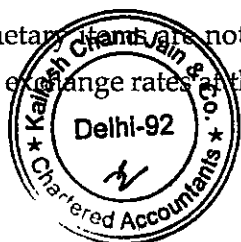
### **3.5 Foreign Currency Translation**

#### *Foreign currency transactions and balances*

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency of the Company using the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and the re-measurement of monetary items denominated in foreign currency at period-end exchange rates are recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss. However, for the long-term monetary items recognized in the financial statements before 1 April 2018, such gains and losses are accumulated in a "Foreign Currency Monetary Item Translation Difference Account" and amortized over the balance period of such long term monetary item, by recognition as income or expense in each of such periods.

Non-monetary items are not retranslated at period-end and are measured at historical cost (translated using the exchange rates at the transaction date).



### 3.6 Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE)

#### *Recognition and initial measurement*

##### Land

Land held for use is initially recognized at cost. For land, as no finite useful life can be determined, related carrying amounts are not amortized.

Land also includes land treated as a Right of Use asset under lease agreement earlier classified as finance lease and is amortized over the lease term.

##### Other Tangible assets

PPE other than land is initially recognized at acquisition cost or construction cost, including any costs directly attributable to bringing the assets to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the Company's management.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company beyond one year. Maintenance or servicing costs of PPE are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss as incurred.

##### *Subsequent measurement (depreciation method, useful lives, residual value, and impairment)*

PPE are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Depreciation on PPE is provided on the straight-line method over the useful life of the assets as prescribed under Part 'C' of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

Depreciation on assets purchased/sold during the year is charged for the full month if the asset is in use for more than 15 days. Depreciation on assets purchased during the year up to Rs. 5,000/- is provided @ 100%.

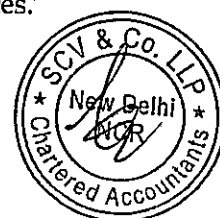
The residual values, useful lives, and method of depreciation are reviewed at the end of each financial year. PPE other than land is tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

##### *De-recognition*

An item of PPE and any significant part initially recognized is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of an item of PPE is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

##### *Capital Work-in-Progress*

The cost of PPE under construction at the reporting date is disclosed as 'Capital work-in-progress.' The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing cost if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discount and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price. Advances paid for the acquisition/ construction of PPE which are outstanding at the balance sheet date are classified under 'Capital Advances.'



### 3.7 Investment property

#### *Recognition and measurement*

Investment property are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation.

Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, if any. The depreciation is charged on straight-line method over the useful life of the assets as prescribed under Part 'C' of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

#### *Derecognition*

Investment properties are derecognised either when they have been disposed of or when they are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from their disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognised in profit or loss in the period of derecognition.

#### *Reclassification to/from investment property*

Transfers are made to (or from) investment property only when there is a change in use. Transfers between investment property and owner-occupied property do not change the carrying amount of the property transferred and they do not change the cost of that property for measurement or disclosure purposes.

#### *Fair value disclosure*

The fair value of investment property is disclosed in the notes. Fair value is determined by an independent valuer who holds a recognised and relevant professional qualification and has recent experience in the relevant location and category of the investment property being valued.

### 3.8 Intangible assets

#### *Recognition and initial measurement*

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. Such assets are recognized where it is probable that the future economic benefits attributable to the assets will flow to the company.

#### *Subsequent measurement (amortization method, useful lives and residual value)*

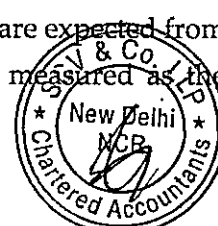
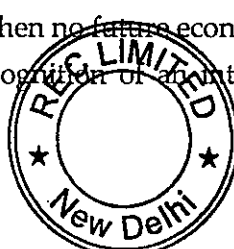
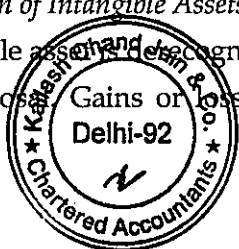
All intangible assets with finite useful life are amortized on a straight line basis over the estimated useful lives, and a possible impairment is assessed if there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. Residual values and useful lives for all intangible assets are reviewed at each reporting date. Changes, if any, are accounted for as changes in accounting estimates. Management estimates the useful life of intangible assets to be five years.

#### *Intangible Assets under Development*

Expenditure incurred which are eligible for capitalization under intangible assets is carried as 'Intangible assets under development' till they are ready for their intended use. Advances paid for the acquisition/ development of intangible assets which are outstanding at the balance sheet date are classified under 'Capital Advances'.

#### *Derecognition of Intangible Assets*

An intangible asset is derecognized on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the





difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognized.

### 3.9 Lease accounting:

Right-of-use asset and related lease liability in connection with all former operating leases are recognised except for those identified as short-term or low-value lease.

An assessment at contract inception is made whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A lease is defined as 'a contract, or part of a contract, that conveys the right to use an asset (the underlying asset) for a period of time in exchange for consideration'.

To apply this definition, the contract is assessed for three key evaluations which are whether:

- the contract contains an identified asset, which is either explicitly identified in the contract or implicitly specified by being identified at the time the asset is made available
- right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the identified asset throughout the period of use, considering its rights within the defined scope of the contract
- right to direct the use of the identified asset throughout the period of use and right to direct 'how and for what purpose' the asset is used throughout the period of use.

At lease commencement date, a right-of-use asset and a lease liability is recognized on the balance sheet. The right-of-use asset is measured at cost, which is made up of the initial measurement of the lease liability, any initial direct costs incurred, an estimate of any costs to dismantle and remove the asset at the end of the lease, and any lease payments made in advance of the lease commencement date (net of any incentives received).

The right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis from the lease commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The right-of-use asset is also assessed for impairment when such indicators exist.

At the commencement date, the lease liability is measured at the present value of the lease payments unpaid at that date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease if that rate is readily available or the Company's incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are made up of fixed payments (including in substance fixed), variable payments based on an index or rate, amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee and payments arising from options reasonably certain to be exercised.

Subsequent to initial measurement, the liability will be reduced for payments made and increased for interest. It is remeasured to reflect any reassessment or modification, or if there are changes in in-substance fixed payments.

When the lease liability is remeasured, the corresponding adjustment is reflected in the right-of-use asset, or profit and loss if the right-of-use asset is already reduced to zero.



### 3.10 Assets held for sale

Assets are classified as Held for Sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use and the sale is highly probable. A sale is considered as highly probable when such assets have been decided to be sold by the Company; are available for immediate sale in their present condition; are being actively marketed for sale at a price and the sale has been agreed or is expected to be concluded within one year of the date of classification. Such assets are measured at lower of carrying amount or fair value less selling costs.

Assets held for sale are presented separately from other assets in the Balance Sheet and are not depreciated or amortised while they are classified as held for sale.

### 3.11 Financial Instruments

A Financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

#### *Initial recognition and measurement*

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument and are measured initially at fair value adjusted by transactions costs, except for those carried at fair value through profit or loss which are measured initially at fair value. Subsequent measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities is described below.

#### *Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets*

For the purpose of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified into the following categories upon initial recognition:

- Amortized cost
- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)
- Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)
- Investments in equity shares of subsidiaries and joint ventures (carried at cost in accordance with Ind AS 27)

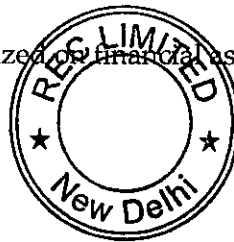
All financial assets except for those at FVTPL or at FVOCI are subject to review for impairment at least at each reporting date to identify whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. Different criteria to determine impairment are applied to each category of financial assets, which are described below.

#### *Amortized cost*

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost using Effective Interest Rate (EIR) if both of the following conditions are met:

- a) the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- b) the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Impairment allowance (expected credit loss) is recognized on financial assets carried at amortized cost.



### *Modification of cash flows*

When the contractual cash flows of a financial asset are renegotiated or otherwise modified, and the renegotiation or modification does not result in derecognition of that financial asset, the Company recalculates the gross carrying amount of the financial asset and recognizes a modification gain or loss in profit or loss. The gross carrying amount of the financial asset shall be recalculated as the present value of the renegotiated or modified contractual cash flows that are discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. Any costs or fees incurred adjust the carrying amount of the modified financial asset and are amortized over the remaining term of the modified financial asset.

### *Financial assets at FVTPL*

Financial assets at FVTPL include financial assets that either do not meet the criteria for amortized cost classification or are equity instruments held for trading or that meet certain conditions and are designated at FVTPL upon initial recognition. All derivative financial instruments also fall into this category, except for those designated and effective as hedging instruments, for which the hedge accounting requirements may apply. Assets in this category are measured at fair value with gains or losses recognized in profit or loss. The fair values of financial assets in this category are determined by reference to active market transactions or using a valuation technique where no active market exists.

### *Embedded derivatives*

An embedded derivative is a component of a hybrid instrument that also includes a non-derivative host contract with the effect that some of the cash flows of the combined instrument vary in a way similar to a stand-alone derivative. An embedded derivative causes some or all of the cash flows that otherwise would be required by the contract to be modified according to a specified interest rate, foreign exchange rate, or other variable, provided that, in the case of a non-financial variable, it is not specific to a party to the contract.

Derivatives embedded in all host contracts are accounted for as separate derivatives and recorded at fair value if their economic characteristics and risks are not closely related to those of the host contracts or if the embedded derivative feature leverages the exposure and the host contracts are not held for trading or designated at fair value through profit or loss. These embedded derivatives are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss, unless designated as effective hedging instruments.

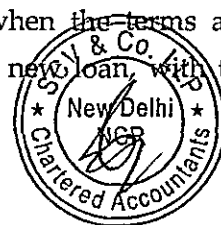
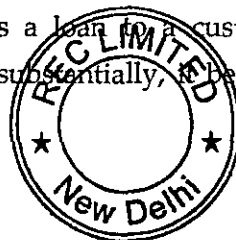
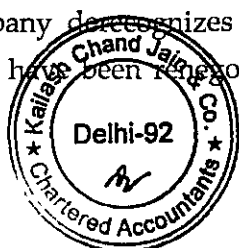
### *Financial assets at FVOCI*

FVOCI financial assets comprise of equity instruments measured at fair value. An equity investment classified as FVOCI is initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. Gains and losses are recognized in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) and reported within the FVOCI reserve within equity, except for dividend income, which is recognized in profit or loss. There is no recycling of such gains and losses from OCI to Statement of Profit & Loss, even on the derecognition of the investment. However, the Company may transfer the same within equity.

### *De-recognition of financial assets*

#### **De-recognition of financial assets due to a substantial modification of terms and conditions**

The Company derecognizes a financial asset, such as a loan to a customer, when the terms and conditions have been renegotiated to the extent that, substantially, it becomes a new loan, with the



difference recognized as a derecognition gain or loss, to the extent that an impairment loss has not already been recorded.

#### **De-recognition of financial assets other than due to substantial modification**

Financial assets (or where applicable, a part of financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) are derecognized (i.e. removed from the Company's balance sheet) when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset have expired, or when the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards are transferred. The Company also derecognizes the financial asset if it has both transferred the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition.

#### *Classification and subsequent measurement of financial liabilities*

Financial liabilities are measured subsequently at amortized cost using the effective interest method, except for financial liabilities held for trading or designated at FVTPL, that are carried subsequently at fair value with gains or losses recognized in profit or loss. All host contracts which are in nature of a financial liability and separated from embedded derivative are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### *Derecognition of financial liabilities*

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or canceled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

#### *Hedge accounting*

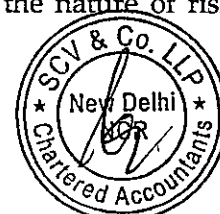
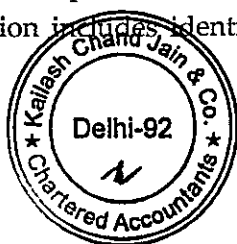
To qualify for hedge accounting, the hedging relationship must meet all of the following requirements:

- there is an economic relationship between the hedged item and the hedging instrument
- the effect of credit risk does not dominate the value changes that result from that economic relationship
- the hedge ratio of the hedging relationship is the same as that resulting from the quantity of the hedged item that the Company actually hedges and the quantity of the hedging instrument that the Company actually uses to hedge that quantity of hedged item.

All derivative financial instruments designated under hedge accounting are recognised initially at fair value and reported subsequently at fair value at each reporting date. To the extent that the hedge is effective, changes in the fair value of derivatives designated as hedging instruments in cash flow hedges are recognised in other comprehensive income and included within the cash flow hedge reserve in equity. Any ineffectiveness in the hedge relationship is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

At the time the hedged item affects profit or loss, any gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and presented as a reclassification adjustment within other comprehensive income.

At the inception of each hedging relationship, the Company formally designates and documents the hedge relationship, in accordance with the Company's risk management objective and strategies. The documentation includes identification of the hedged item, hedging instrument, the nature of risk(s)



being hedged, the hedge ratio and how the hedging relationship meets the hedging effectiveness requirements.

#### *Fair Value Hedges*

In line with the recognition of change in the fair value of the hedging instruments in the Statement of Profit & Loss, the change in the fair value of the hedged item attributable to the risk hedged is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Such changes are made to the carrying amount of the hedged item and are adjusted in Effective Interest Rate in the period when the hedging instrument ceases to exist. If the hedged item is derecognised, the unamortised fair value is recognised immediately in Statement of Profit and Loss.

### **3.12 Impairment of financial assets**

#### *Loan assets*

The Company follows a 'three-stage' model for impairment in the form of Expected Credit Loss (ECL) based on changes in credit quality since initial recognition as summarised below:

- Stage 1 includes loan assets that have not had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or that have low credit risk at the reporting date.
- Stage 2 includes loan assets that have had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition but that do not have objective evidence of impairment.
- Stage 3 includes loan assets that have objective evidence of impairment at the reporting date.

The Expected Credit Loss (ECL) is measured at 12-month ECL for Stage 1 loan assets and lifetime ECL for Stage 2 and Stage 3 loan assets. ECL is the product of the Probability of Default, Exposure at Default and Loss Given Default, defined as follows:

**Probability of Default (PD)** - The PD represents the likelihood of the borrower defaulting on its obligation either over next 12 months or over the remaining lifetime of the instrument.

**Loss Given Default (LGD)** - LGD represents the Company's expectation of loss given that a default occurs. LGD is expressed in percentage and it shows the proportion of the amount that will actually be lost post recoveries in case of a default.

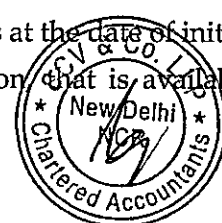
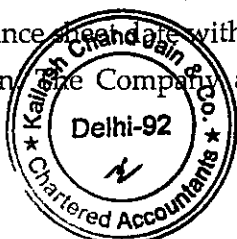
**Exposure at Default (EAD)** - EAD represents the amounts, including the principal outstanding, interest accrued and outstanding Letters of Comfort that the Company expects to be owed at the time of default.

Forward-looking economic information is included in determining the 12-month and lifetime PD, EAD and LGD. The assumptions underlying the expected credit loss are monitored and reviewed on an ongoing basis.

#### *Financial assets other than Loans*

In respect of its other financial assets, the Company assesses if the credit risk on those financial assets has increased significantly since initial recognition. If the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses, else at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses.

To make that assessment, the Company compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the balance sheet date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the date of initial recognition. The Company also considers reasonable and supportable information that is available



without undue cost or effort that is indicative of significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition. The Company assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the financial asset is determined to have low credit risk at the balance sheet date.

#### *Write-offs*

Financial assets are written off either partially or in their entirety only when the Company has stopped pursuing the recovery or as directed by the order of the Judicial Authority.

A write-off constitutes a derecognition event. The Company may apply enforcement activities to financial assets written off/ may assign / sell loan exposure to ARC / Bank / a financial institution for a negotiated consideration.

Recoveries resulting from the Company's enforcement activities are recorded in statement of profit and loss.

### **3.13 Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, together with other short-term, highly liquid investments (original maturity less than three months) that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

### **3.14 Dividend and Other Payments to holders of Instruments classified as Equity**

Proposed dividends and interim dividends payable to the shareholders are recognized as changes in equity in the period in which they are approved by the shareholders and the Board of Directors respectively. Liability for the payments to the holders of instruments classified as equity are recognized in the period when such payments are authorized for payment by the Company.

### **3.15 Material prior period errors**

Material prior period errors are corrected retrospectively by restating the comparative amounts for the prior periods presented in which the error occurred. If the error occurred before the earliest period presented, the opening balances of assets, liabilities and equity for the earliest period presented, are restated.

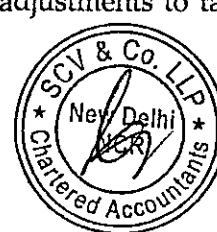
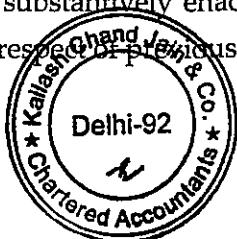
### **3.16 Prepaid Expenses**

A prepaid expense up to Rs. 1,00,000/- is recognized as expense upon initial recognition.

### **3.17 Taxation**

Tax expense recognized in profit or loss comprises the sum of deferred tax and current tax. It is recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss, except when it relates to an item that is recognised in OCI or directly in equity, in which case, the tax is also recognised in OCI or directly in equity.

Current tax is determined as the tax payable in respect of taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted and as applicable at the reporting date, and any adjustments to tax payable in respect of previous years.



Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable income. Deferred tax on temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and joint ventures is not provided if reversal of these temporary differences can be controlled by the Company and it is probable that reversal will not occur in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated, without discounting, at tax rates that are expected to apply to their respective period of realization, provided those rates are enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.

Deferred tax liability is recognized for all taxable temporary differences. A deferred tax asset is recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

Changes in deferred tax assets or liabilities are recognized as a component of tax income or expense in profit or loss, except where they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the related deferred tax is also recognized in other comprehensive income or equity, respectively.

### 3.18 Employee benefits

#### Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits including salaries, short term compensated absences (such as a paid annual leave) where the absences are expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service, profit sharing and bonuses payable within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related services and non-monetary benefits for current employees are estimated and measured on an undiscounted basis.

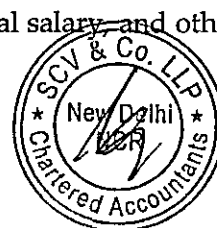
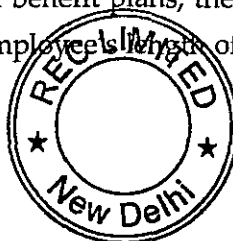
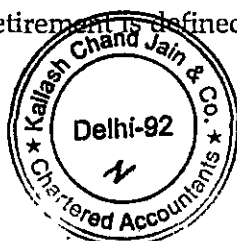
**Post-employment benefit plans are classified into defined benefits plans and defined contribution plans as under:**

#### *Defined contribution plan*

A defined contribution plan is a plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions in respect of the employees into a separate fund. The Company has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions after its payment of the fixed contribution. The contributions made by the Company towards defined contribution plans are charged to the profit or loss in the period to which the contributions relate.

#### *Defined benefit plan*

The Company has an obligation towards gratuity, Post Retirement Medical Facility (PRMF), Provident Fund (PF) and Other Defined Retirement Benefit (ODRB) which are being considered as defined benefit plans covering eligible employees. Under the defined benefit plans, the amount that an employee will receive on retirement is defined by reference to the employee's length of service, final salary, and other



defined parameters. The legal obligation for any benefits remains with the Company, even if plan assets for funding the defined benefit plan have been set aside.

The Company's obligation towards defined benefit plans is determined using the projected unit credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at the end of each annual reporting period. The liability recognized in the statement of financial position for defined benefit plans is the present value of the Defined Benefit Obligation (DBO) at the reporting date less the fair value of plan assets. Management estimates the DBO annually with the assistance of independent actuaries.

Actuarial gains/losses resulting from re-measurements of the liability/asset are included in Other Comprehensive Income.

**Other long-term employee benefits:**

Liability in respect of compensated absences becoming due or expected to be availed more than one-year after the balance sheet date is estimated on the basis of actuarial valuation performed by an independent actuary using the projected unit credit method.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from past experience and changes in actuarial assumptions are charged to statement of profit and loss in the period in which such gains or losses are determined.

**Loan to employees at concessional rate**

Loans given to employees at concessional rate are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost. The difference between the initial fair value of such loans and transaction value is recognised as deferred employee benefits, which is amortised on a straight-line basis over the expected remaining period of the Loan. In case of change in expected remaining period of the Loan, the unamortised deferred employee benefits on the date of change is amortised over the updated expected remaining period of the loan on a prospective basis.

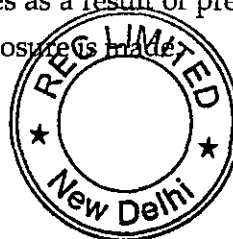
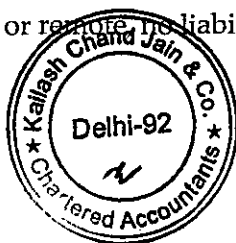
**3.19 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities, and Contingent Assets**

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event; it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required from the Company and amounts can be estimated reliably. Timing or amount of the outflow may still be uncertain. Provisions are measured at the estimated expenditure required to settle the present obligation, based on the most reliable evidence available at the reporting date, including the risks and uncertainties associated with the present obligation. Provisions are discounted to their present values, where the time value of money is material.

A contingent liability is disclosed for:

- Possible obligations which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Company or
- Present obligations arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made.

In those cases, where the outflow of economic resources as a result of present obligations is considered improbable or remote, no liability is recognized or disclosures made.





Any reimbursement that the Company can be virtually certain to collect from a third party concerning the obligation (such as from insurance) is recognized as a separate asset. However, this asset may not exceed the amount of the related provision.

Contingent assets are not recognized. However, when the inflow of economic benefits is probable, the related asset is disclosed.

### 3.20 Fair value measurement

The Company measures financial instruments, such as derivatives at fair value at each reporting date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risk, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

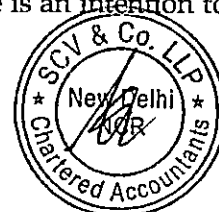
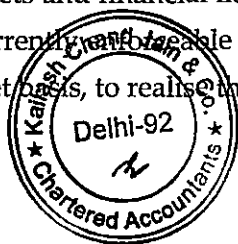
All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is material to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is material to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is material to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements regularly, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is material to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

### 3.21 Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.



### 3.22 Business Combination under Common Control

A business combination, if any, involving entities or businesses under common control is a business combination in which all of the combining entities or businesses are ultimately controlled by the same party or parties both before and after the business combination and that control is not transitory.

Business combinations involving entities or businesses under common control are accounted for using the pooling of interest method as follows:

- The assets and liabilities of the combining entities are reflected at their carrying amounts.
- No adjustments are made to reflect fair values, or recognize new assets or liabilities. Adjustments are made only to harmonise material accounting policies.
- The financial information in the financial statements in respect of prior periods is restated as if the business combination has occurred from the beginning of the preceding period in the financial statements, irrespective of the actual date of the combination

The balance of the retained earnings appearing in the financial statements of the transferor is aggregated with the corresponding balance appearing in the financial statements of the transferee. The identity of the reserves is preserved and the reserves of the transferor become the reserves of the transferee

The difference, if any, between the amounts recorded as share capital issued plus any additional consideration in the form of cash or other assets and the amount of share capital of the transferor is transferred to capital reserve and is presented separately from other capital reserves.

### 3.23 Expenditure on issue of shares

Expenditure on issue of shares, if any, is charged to the securities premium account.

## 4. Implementation of New/ Modified Standards

During the year, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has made amendments to the existing standards. The Company has analysed the impact of these amendments which is not material to the Company. Further, MCA has not issued any new Ind-AS applicable to the company.

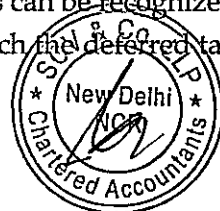
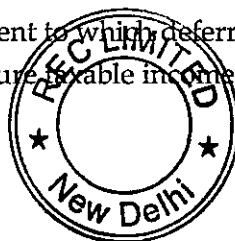
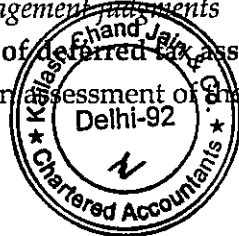
## 5. Material management judgment in applying accounting policies and estimation of uncertainty

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates, and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the related disclosures. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historical experience & other relevant factors and are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

**Changes in accounting estimates-** Such changes, if any, are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision & future periods if it affects both current & future periods.

*Material management judgments*

**Recognition of deferred tax assets/ liability** – The extent to which deferred tax assets can be recognized is based on an assessment of the probability of the future taxable income against which the deferred tax



assets can be utilized. Further, the Company Management has no intention to make withdrawal from the Special Reserve created and maintained under section 36(1)(viii) of the Income tax Act, 1961 and thus, the special reserve created and maintained is not capable of being reversed. Hence, the company does not create any deferred tax liability on the said reserve.

**Evaluation of indicators for impairment of assets** – The evaluation of the applicability of indicators of impairment of assets requires assessment of several external and internal factors which could result in deterioration of recoverable amount of the assets.

**Non recognition of Interest Income on Credit Impaired Loans** - As a matter of prudence, income on credit impaired loan assets is recognised as and when received or on accrual basis when expected realisation is higher than the loan amount outstanding.

#### *Material estimates*

**Useful lives of depreciable/amortizable assets** – Management reviews its estimate of the useful lives of depreciable/amortizable assets at each reporting date, based on the expected utility of the assets. Uncertainties in these estimates relate to technical and economic obsolescence that may change the utility of assets.

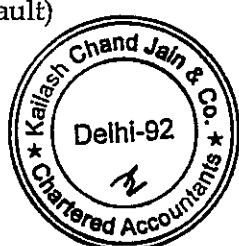
**Defined benefit obligation (DBO)** – Management's estimate of the DBO is based on a number of underlying assumptions such as standard rates of inflation, mortality, discount rate and anticipation of future salary increases. Variation in these assumptions may materially impact the DBO amount and the annual defined benefit expenses.

**Fair value measurements** – Management applies valuation techniques to determine the fair value of financial instruments (where active market quotes are not available). This involves developing estimates and assumptions consistent with how market participants would price the instrument. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses market-observable data to the extent it is available. In case of non-availability of market-observable data, Level 2 & Level 3 hierarchy is used for fair valuation.

**Income Taxes** – Material estimates are involved in determining the provision for income taxes, including amount expected to be paid/recovered for uncertain tax positions and also in respect of expected future profitability to assess deferred tax asset.

**Expected Credit Loss ('ECL')** – The measurement of an expected credit loss allowance for financial assets measured at amortized cost requires the use of complex models and significant assumptions about future economic conditions and credit behavior (e.g., likelihood of customers defaulting and resulting losses). The Company makes significant judgments about the following while assessing expected credit loss to estimate ECL:

- Determining criteria for a significant increase in credit risk;
- Establishing the number and relative weightings of forward-looking scenarios for each type of product/ market and the associated ECL; and
- Establishing groups of similar financial assets to measure ECL.
- Estimating the probability of default and loss given default (estimates of recoverable amounts in case of default)



6 Cash and cash equivalents

(₹ in crores)

Particulars	As at 31-03-2025	As at 31-03-2024
Cash on hand (including imprest)	0.02	0.02
Balances with banks in current accounts	26.22	46.24
Bank deposits with original maturity of 3 months or less	28.45	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>54.69</b>	<b>46.26</b>

7 Bank Balances (other than Cash and Cash Equivalents)

(₹ in crores)

Particulars	As at 31-03-2025	As at 31-03-2024
<b>Earmarked Balances with Banks</b>		
- For unpaid dividends	1,079.07	1,192.72
- For Government funds for onward disbursement as grant	8.69	13.64
<b>Earmarked Term Deposits</b>		
- Deposits in Compliance of Court Order	0.72	0.67
Balances with banks not available for use pending allotment of 54EC Capital Gain Tax Exemption Bonds	595.88	1,245.41
Bank deposits with original maturity greater than 3 months	10.79	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,695.15</b>	<b>2,452.44</b>



## 8 Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company enters into derivatives for hedging foreign exchange risks and interest rate risks. Derivatives held for risk management purposes include hedges that are either designated as effective hedges under the hedge accounting requirements or hedges that are economic hedges. The table below shows the fair values of derivative financial instruments recorded as assets or liabilities together with their notional amounts.

### Part I

(₹ in crores)

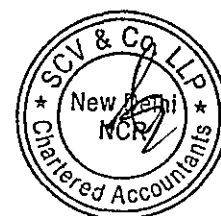
Particulars	As at 31-03-2025			As at 31-03-2024		
	Notional Amounts	Fair Value - Assets	Fair Value - Liabilities	Notional Amounts	Fair Value - Assets	Fair Value - Liabilities
(i) <b>Currency Derivatives</b>						
- Spot and forwards	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Currency swaps	3,209.30	87.12	-	3,126.52	43.34	38.13
- Others						
- Seagull Options	1,62,207.47	16,288.81	1,386.11	1,21,107.24	11,070.97	411.82
<b>Sub-total (i)</b>	<b>1,65,416.77</b>	<b>16,375.93</b>	<b>1,386.11</b>	<b>1,24,233.76</b>	<b>11,114.31</b>	<b>449.95</b>
(ii) <b>Interest Rate Derivatives</b>						
- Forward Rate Agreements and Interest Rate Swaps	1,07,505.58	1,056.25	283.95	72,128.13	1,367.71	309.75
<b>Sub-total (ii)</b>	<b>1,07,505.58</b>	<b>1,056.25</b>	<b>283.95</b>	<b>72,128.13</b>	<b>1,367.71</b>	<b>309.75</b>
(iii) <b>Other derivatives</b>						
- Reverse cross currency swaps	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total - Derivative Financial Instruments (i+ii+iii)</b>	<b>2,72,922.35</b>	<b>17,432.18</b>	<b>1,670.06</b>	<b>1,96,361.89</b>	<b>12,482.02</b>	<b>759.70</b>

### Part II

Included in Part I are derivatives held for hedging and risk management purposes as below:

(₹ in crores)

Particulars	As at 31-03-2025			As at 31-03-2024		
	Notional Amounts	Fair Value - Assets	Fair Value - Liabilities	Notional Amounts	Fair Value - Assets	Fair Value - Liabilities
(i) <b>Fair Value Hedging</b>						
- <b>Interest Rate Derivatives</b>						
- Forward Rate Agreements and Interest Rate Swaps	13,995.70	22.92	76.48	15,950.70	-	297.73
<b>Sub-total (i)</b>	<b>13,995.70</b>	<b>22.92</b>	<b>76.48</b>	<b>15,950.70</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>297.73</b>
(ii) <b>Cash Flow Hedging</b>						
<b>Currency Derivatives</b>						
- Currency Swaps	3,209.30	87.12	-	3,126.52	43.34	38.13
- Others						
- Seagull Options	1,62,207.47	16,288.80	1,386.11	1,21,107.24	11,070.96	411.82
<b>Interest Rate Derivatives</b>						
- Forward Rate Agreements and Interest Rate Swaps	86,809.88	645.85	207.47	49,477.43	905.30	12.02
<b>Sub-total (ii)</b>	<b>2,52,226.65</b>	<b>17,021.77</b>	<b>1,593.58</b>	<b>1,73,711.19</b>	<b>12,019.60</b>	<b>461.97</b>
(iii) <b>Undesignated Derivatives</b>	6,700.00	387.49	-	6,700.00	462.42	-
<b>Total - Derivative Financial Instruments (i+ii+iii)</b>	<b>2,72,922.35</b>	<b>17,432.18</b>	<b>1,670.06</b>	<b>1,96,361.89</b>	<b>12,482.02</b>	<b>759.70</b>



9 Receivables

The Company has categorised all receivables at Amortised Cost in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 109.

(₹ in crores)

Particulars		As at 31-03-2025	As at 31-03-2024
A	Trade Receivables		
(i)	Credit impaired receivables	26.84	26.94
	Less: Allowance for Expected Credit Loss	(26.84)	(26.94)
	Sub-total (A)	-	-
B	Other Receivables		
(i)	Unsecured, Considered good	2.26	3.70
	Sub-total (B)	1.99	2.78
Total receivables (A+B)		1.99	2.78



# 10 Loans

The Company has categorised all loans at Amortised Cost in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 109.

(₹ in crores)

Particulars	As at 31-03-2025		As at 31-03-2024	
	Principal O/s	Amortised Cost	Principal O/s	Amortised Cost
(A) Loans				
(i) Term Loans	5,03,711.30	5,06,320.65	4,62,090.27	4,63,975.61
(ii) Working Capital Term Loans	63,171.99	63,563.19	47,280.68	47,596.96
Total (A) - Gross Loans	5,66,883.29	5,69,883.84	5,09,370.95	5,11,572.57
Less: Impairment loss allowance	(10,795.76)	(10,795.76)	(12,380.52)	(12,380.52)
Total (A) - Net Loans	5,56,087.53	5,59,088.08	4,96,990.43	4,99,192.05
(B) Security-wise classification				
(i) Secured by tangible assets	2,71,337.02	2,72,035.63	2,47,650.53	2,48,205.98
(ii) Covered by Government Guarantees	2,54,317.95	2,56,407.38	2,24,500.49	2,25,967.86
(iii) Unsecured	41,228.32	41,440.83	37,219.92	37,398.72
Total (B) - Gross Loans	5,66,883.29	5,69,883.84	5,09,370.95	5,11,572.57
Less: Impairment loss allowance	(10,795.76)	(10,795.76)	(12,380.52)	(12,380.52)
Total (B) - Net Loans	5,56,087.53	5,59,088.08	4,96,990.43	4,99,192.05
(C)(I) Loans in India				
(i) Public Sector	4,94,578.16	4,97,757.68	4,54,647.08	4,56,894.28
(ii) Private Sector	72,305.13	72,126.16	54,723.87	54,678.29
Total (C)(I) - Gross Loans	5,66,883.29	5,69,883.84	5,09,370.95	5,11,572.57
Less: Impairment loss allowance	(10,795.76)	(10,795.76)	(12,380.52)	(12,380.52)
Total (C)(I) - Net Loans	5,56,087.53	5,59,088.08	4,96,990.43	4,99,192.05
(C)(II) Loans outside India	-	-	-	-
Less: Impairment loss allowance	-	-	-	-
Total (C)(II) - Net Loans	-	-	-	-
Total (C)(I) and (C)(II)	5,56,087.53	5,59,088.08	4,96,990.43	4,99,192.05



## 11 Investments

(₹ in crores)

Particulars	Amortised Cost	At fair value			Sub-total	Others (At Cost)	Total
		Through Other Comprehensive Income	Through profit or loss	Designated at fair value through profit or loss			
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5= 1+2+3+4)	(6)	(7= 5+6)
<b>As at 31st March, 2025</b>							
Government Securities	1,621.86	-	-	-	1,621.86	-	1,621.86
Debt Securities	3,577.32	-	968.18	-	4,545.50	-	4,545.50
Equity Instruments							
- Subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	0.10	0.10
- Others	-	386.80	90.62	-	477.42	-	477.42
Preference Shares	28.72	-	-	-	28.72	-	28.72
<b>Total - Gross (A)</b>	<b>5,227.90</b>	<b>386.80</b>	<b>1,058.80</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>6,673.50</b>	<b>0.10</b>	<b>6,673.60</b>
Investments outside India	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments in India	5,227.90	386.80	1,058.80	-	6,673.50	0.10	6,673.60
<b>Total - Gross (B)</b>	<b>5,227.90</b>	<b>386.80</b>	<b>1,058.80</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>6,673.50</b>	<b>0.10</b>	<b>6,673.60</b>
Total Investments	5,227.90	386.80	1,058.80	-	6,673.50	0.10	6,673.60
<b>Less: impairment loss allowance (C)</b>	<b>(31.98)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(31.98)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(31.98)</b>
<b>Total - Net (D=A-C)</b>	<b>5,195.92</b>	<b>386.80</b>	<b>1,058.80</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>6,641.52</b>	<b>0.10</b>	<b>6,641.62</b>
<b>As at 31st March, 2024</b>							
Government Securities	1,624.08	-	-	-	1,624.08	-	1,624.08
Debt Securities	2,144.09	-	1,065.03	-	3,209.12	-	3,209.12
Equity Instruments							
- Subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	0.10	0.10
- Others	-	410.64	76.37	-	487.01	-	487.01
<b>Total - Gross (A)</b>	<b>3,796.89</b>	<b>410.64</b>	<b>1,141.40</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>5,348.93</b>	<b>0.10</b>	<b>5,349.03</b>
Investments outside India	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments in India	3,796.89	410.64	1,141.40	-	5,348.93	0.10	5,349.03
<b>Total - Gross (B)</b>	<b>3,796.89</b>	<b>410.64</b>	<b>1,141.40</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>5,348.93</b>	<b>0.10</b>	<b>5,349.03</b>
Total Investments	3,796.89	410.64	1,141.40	-	5,348.93	0.10	5,349.03
<b>Less: impairment loss allowance (C)</b>	<b>(28.72)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(28.72)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(28.72)</b>
<b>Total - Net (D=A-C)</b>	<b>3,768.17</b>	<b>410.64</b>	<b>1,141.40</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>5,320.21</b>	<b>0.10</b>	<b>5,320.31</b>





12 Other financial assets

The Company has categorised all the components under 'Other Financial Assets' at Amortised Cost in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 109.

(₹ in crores)		
Particulars	As at 31-03-2025	As at 31-03-2024
(A) Loans to Employees	78.07	57.99
(B) Advances to Employees	0.43	0.89
(C) Recoverable from Holding Company	2.82	0.51
(D) Recoverable from Subsidiary Company	7.18	6.96
(E) Security Deposits	2.14	1.44
(F) Advance paid towards variation margin	0.63	-
(G) Recoverable from Government of India - Towards GoI Fully Serviced Bonds	24,318.29	24,319.40
(H) Other amounts recoverable	343.34	73.99
Less: Impairment Loss allowance	(149.22)	(39.44)
Other Amounts Recoverable (Net)	194.12	34.55
<b>Total (A to H)</b>	<b>24,603.68</b>	<b>24,421.74</b>

13 Current tax assets (net)

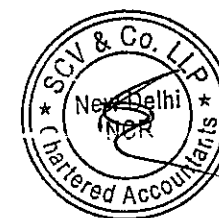
(₹ in crores)		
Particulars	As at 31-03-2025	As at 31-03-2024
Advance Income-tax & TDS	4,394.52	289.47
Provision for Income Tax	(4,000.49)	-
<b>Sub-Total</b>	<b>394.03</b>	<b>289.47</b>
Tax Deposited on income tax demands under contest	5.20	5.20
Provision for income tax for demand under contest	(0.25)	(0.25)
<b>Sub-Total</b>	<b>4.95</b>	<b>4.95</b>
<b>Current tax assets (Net)</b>	<b>398.98</b>	<b>294.42</b>

14 Deferred tax assets (net)

(₹ in crores)		
Particulars	As at 31-03-2025	As at 31-03-2024
Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	2,852.75	2,485.46



Particulars	Opening Balance	Additions / transfer during the year	Sales/ adjustment during the year	Closing Balance
As at 31-03-2025				
Gross Carrying Value	-	53.03	-	53.03
Accumulated depreciation/ amortisation	-	4.79	-	4.79
Net Carrying Value	-	48.24	-	48.24
As at 31-03-2024	-	-	-	-
Gross Carrying Value	-	-	-	-
Accumulated depreciation/ amortisation	-	-	-	-
Net Carrying Value	-	-	-	-



## 16 Property, Plant &amp; Equipment, Capital Work-in-Progress and Other Intangible Assets

Particulars	Property, Plant & Equipment									Capital Work-in-Progress	Intangible Assets under Development	Other Intangible Assets
	Freehold Land	Right-of-Use Land	Buildings	Plant & equipment	Furniture & Fixtures	EDP Equipments	Office Equipments	Vehicles	Total	Immovable Property	Computer Software	Computer Software
Gross carrying value												
As at 31-03-2023	110.39	1.59	456.90	20.06	67.35	23.98	24.79	0.54	705.60	2.72	-	14.67
Additions	-	-	-	0.39	2.61	8.49	7.88	0.18	19.55	20.34	-	-
Borrowings Cost Capitalised										0.53		
Disposals	-	-	-	-	3.01	2.85	6.51	0.01	12.38	-	-	0.01
As at 31-03-2024	110.39	1.59	456.90	20.45	66.95	29.62	26.16	0.71	712.77	23.59	-	14.66
As at 31-03-2024	110.39	1.59	456.90	20.45	66.95	29.62	26.16	0.71	712.77	23.59	-	14.66
Additions	-	-	-	-	4.59	11.92	11.17	0.25	27.93	49.40	-	1.61
Borrowings Cost Capitalised										3.02		
Disposals/ Transfers	-	-	53.03	-	4.81	5.53	10.21	0.46	74.04	-	-	-
As at 31-03-2025	110.39	1.59	403.87	20.45	66.73	36.01	27.12	0.50	666.66	76.01	-	16.27
Accumulated depreciation/ amortisation												
As at 31-03-2023	-	0.39	20.61	2.23	15.40	16.27	11.41	0.38	66.69	-	-	13.05
Charge for the year	-	0.02	7.21	1.29	6.09	4.29	3.68	0.04	22.62	-	-	1.10
Adjustment for disposals	-	-	-	-	1.50	1.85	3.40	-	6.75	-	-	0.01
As at 31-03-2024	-	0.41	27.82	3.52	19.99	18.71	11.69	0.42	82.56	-	-	14.14
As at 31-03-2024	-	0.41	27.82	3.52	19.99	18.71	11.69	0.42	82.56	-	-	14.14
Charge for the year	-	0.09	6.42	1.30	6.09	5.20	4.16	0.04	23.30	-	-	0.29
Adjustment for disposals/transfers	-	-	3.99	-	3.06	3.57	6.35	0.39	17.36	-	-	-
As at 31-03-2025	-	0.50	30.25	4.82	23.02	20.34	9.50	0.07	88.50	-	-	14.43
Net block as at 31-03-2024	110.39	1.18	429.08	16.93	46.96	10.91	14.47	0.29	630.21	23.59	-	0.52
Net block as at 31-03-2025	110.39	1.09	373.62	15.63	43.71	15.67	17.62	0.43	578.16	76.01	-	1.84



17 Other non-financial assets

(₹ in crores)		
Particulars	As at 31-03-2025	As at 31-03-2024
Unsecured, considered good		
(A) Capital Advances	-	0.17
(B) Other Advances	7.72	7.97
(C) Balances with Government Authorities	28.56	37.47
(D) Pre-Spent Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Expenses	5.53	5.15
(E) Prepaid Expenses	15.71	21.96
(F) Deferred Employee Benefits	24.58	15.81
(G) Other Assets	-	0.01
Total (A to G)	82.10	88.54

18 Assets Classified as Held for Sale

(₹ in crores)		
Particulars	As at 31-03-2025	As at 31-03-2024
Assets Classified as Held for Sale-Building	0.01	0.05
Total	0.01	0.05



## 19 Payable

(₹ in crores)

Particulars	As at 31-03-2025	As at 31-03-2024
(A) Trade Payables		
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	0.12	0.16
Total outstanding dues other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	10.68	7.23
Sub-total (A)	10.80	7.39
(B) Other payables		
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	6.52	2.83
Total outstanding dues other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	17.28	8.69
Sub-total (B)	23.80	11.52
Total (A+B)	34.60	18.91

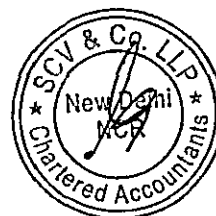


## 20 Debt Securities

The Company has categorised all debt securities at amortised cost in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 109.

(₹ in crores)

Particulars	As at 31-03-2025		As at 31-03-2024	
	Face Value	Amortised Cost	Face Value	Amortised Cost
<b>(A) Secured Long-Term Debt Securities</b>				
(i) Institutional Bonds	-	-	1,955.00	2,052.46
(ii) 54EC Capital Gain Tax Exemption Bonds	43,235.69	44,768.80	41,110.80	42,535.71
(iii) Tax Free Bonds	8,998.71	9,328.33	8,998.71	9,326.50
(iv) 54EC Bond Application Money pending allotment	595.88	594.63	1,245.41	1,244.57
<b>Sub-total (A)</b>	<b>52,830.28</b>	<b>54,691.76</b>	<b>53,309.92</b>	<b>55,159.24</b>
<b>(B) Unsecured Long-Term Debt Securities</b>				
(i) Institutional Bonds	2,00,803.29	2,06,783.97	1,72,275.29	1,78,093.90
(ii) Infrastructure Bonds	3.96	10.06	3.96	9.32
(iii) Zero Coupon Bonds	2,795.64	2,789.78	-	-
(iv) Foreign Currency Bonds	28,286.04	28,199.36	32,963.75	32,847.46
<b>Sub-total (B)</b>	<b>2,31,888.93</b>	<b>2,37,783.17</b>	<b>2,05,243.00</b>	<b>2,10,950.68</b>
<b>(C) Unsecured Short-Term Debt Securities</b>				
(i) Commercial Paper	-	-	-	-
<b>Sub-total (C)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total - Debt Securities (A+B+C)</b>	<b>2,84,719.21</b>	<b>2,92,474.93</b>	<b>2,58,552.92</b>	<b>2,66,109.92</b>
<b>Debt Securities issued in/ outside India</b>				
(i) Debt Securities in India	2,56,433.17	2,64,275.57	2,25,589.17	2,33,262.46
(ii) Debt Securities outside India	28,286.04	28,199.36	32,963.75	32,847.46
<b>Total - Debt Securities</b>	<b>2,84,719.21</b>	<b>2,92,474.93</b>	<b>2,58,552.92</b>	<b>2,66,109.92</b>



## 21 Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities)

The Company has categorised all borrowings (other than debt securities) at Amortised Cost in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 109.

(₹ in crores)

Particulars	As at 31-03-2025		As at 31-03-2024	
	Principal O/s	Amortised Cost	Principal O/s	Amortised Cost
<b>(A) Unsecured Long-Term Borrowings</b>				
(i) Term Loans from Banks	41,879.47	41,886.99	50,612.28	50,620.49
(ii) Term Loans from Financial Institutions	2,500.00	2,500.00	8,050.00	8,072.29
(iii) Term Loan in Foreign Currency	94,571.40	94,216.65	67,205.64	66,772.38
(iv) FCNR (B) Loans	4,279.07	4,279.79	-	-
(v) Term Loans from Government of India (NSSF)	10,000.00	10,325.12	10,000.00	10,325.12
<b>Sub-total (A)</b>	<b>1,53,229.94</b>	<b>1,53,208.55</b>	<b>1,35,867.92</b>	<b>1,35,790.28</b>
<b>(B) Unsecured Short-Term Borrowings</b>				
(i) FCNR (B) Loans	38,902.89	38,920.51	25,138.67	25,151.29
(ii) Short Term Loans/ Loans repayable on demand from Banks	1,600.00	1,600.32	10,875.94	10,883.04
(iii) Overdrafts/ Cash Credit repayable on demand from Banks	570.78	570.78	267.44	267.44
<b>Sub-total (B)</b>	<b>41,073.67</b>	<b>41,091.61</b>	<b>36,282.05</b>	<b>36,301.77</b>
<b>Total - Borrowings (other than Debt Securities) (A to B)</b>	<b>1,94,303.61</b>	<b>1,94,300.16</b>	<b>1,72,149.97</b>	<b>1,72,092.05</b>
<b>Borrowings (other than Debt Securities) in/ outside India</b>				
(i) Borrowings in India	99,732.21	1,00,083.51	1,04,944.33	1,05,319.67
(ii) Borrowings outside India	94,571.40	94,216.65	67,205.64	66,772.38
<b>Total - Borrowings (other than Debt Securities)</b>	<b>1,94,303.61</b>	<b>1,94,300.16</b>	<b>1,72,149.97</b>	<b>1,72,092.05</b>



## 22 Subordinated Liabilities

The Company has categorised all subordinated liabilities at amortised cost in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 109.

(₹ in crores)

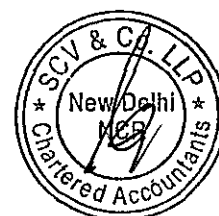
Particulars	As at 31-03-2025		As at 31-03-2024	
	Face Value	Amortised Cost	Face Value	Amortised Cost
(i) 175th Series - Subordinate Tier-II Bonds - 8.97% Redeemable at par on 28.03.2029	2,151.20	2,136.98	2,151.20	2,091.95
(ii) 199th Series - Subordinate Tier-II Bonds - 7.96% Redeemable at par on 15.06.2030	1,999.50	2,093.18	1,999.50	2,041.60
(iii) 222nd Series - Perpetual Tier-I Bonds - 7.98% Perpetual with call option exercisable on 30.04.2033 or any annual anniversary date thereafter	2,000.00	2,144.57	2,000.00	2,145.28
(iv) 226th Series - Perpetual Tier-I Bonds - 8.03% Perpetual with call option exercisable on 30.09.2033 or any annual anniversary date thereafter	1,090.00	1,132.65	1,090.00	1,133.38
(v) 244th Series - Perpetual Tier-I Bonds - 7.99% Perpetual with call option exercisable on 28.02.2035 or any on annual anniversary date thereafter	1,995.00	2,006.78	-	-
<b>Total - Subordinated Liabilities</b>	<b>9,235.70</b>	<b>9,514.16</b>	<b>7,240.70</b>	<b>7,412.21</b>
<b>Subordinated Liabilities in/ outside India</b>				
(i) Borrowings in India	9,235.70	9,514.16	7,240.70	7,412.21
(ii) Borrowings outside India	-	-	-	-
<b>Total - Subordinated Liabilities</b>	<b>9,235.70</b>	<b>9,514.16</b>	<b>7,240.70</b>	<b>7,412.21</b>





## 23 Other Financial Liabilities

		(₹ in crores)	
Particulars	As at 31-03-2025	As at 31-03-2024	
(A) Unpaid Dividends	1,079.07	1,192.72	
(B) Unpaid Principal & Interest on Bonds			
- Matured Bonds & Interest Accrued thereon	26.99	22.42	
- Interest on Bonds	13.03	10.52	
Sub-total (B)	40.02	32.94	
(C) Advance received towards variation margin	10,579.60	4,638.80	
(D) Funds Received from Government of India for Disbursement as Subsidy/ Grant (cumulative)	96,280.91	96,282.52	
Add: Interest on such funds (net of refund)	3.62	3.56	
Less: Disbursed to Beneficiaries (cumulative)	(96,271.36)	(96,269.71)	
Undisbursed Funds to be disbursed as Subsidy/ Grant	13.17	16.37	
(E) Payables towards Bonds Fully serviced by Government of India	24,318.29	24,382.40	
(F) Other Liabilities	1,494.51	1,558.52	
Total (A to F)	37,524.66	31,821.75	



24 Current tax liabilities (net)

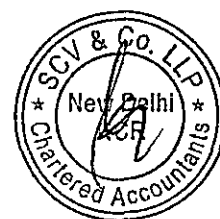
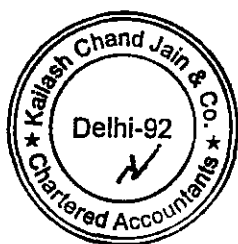
(₹ in crores)

Particulars	As at 31-03-2025	As at 31-03-2024
Provision for Income Tax	-	3,283.85
Less: Advance Income-tax & TDS	-	(3,217.34)
Current tax liabilities (Net)	-	66.51

25 Provisions

(₹ in crores)

Particulars	As at 31-03-2025	As at 31-03-2024
<b>Provisions for</b>		
(A) <b>Employee Benefits</b>		
Gratuity	3.26	0.13
Earned Leave Liability	38.98	33.45
Medical Leave Liability	23.44	21.52
Settlement Allowance	2.56	2.40
Economic Rehabilitation Scheme	6.70	4.92
Long Service Award	5.17	4.51
Incentive	37.40	36.55
Others	0.80	1.07
Sub-total (A)	118.31	104.55
(B) <b>Others</b>		
Expected Credit Loss on Letters of Comfort	18.48	32.02
Sub-total (B)	18.48	32.02
<b>Total (A+B)</b>	<b>136.79</b>	<b>136.57</b>



26 Other Non-financial Liabilities

(₹ in crores)

Particulars	As at 31-03-2025	As at 31-03-2024
(A) Sundry Liabilities Account (Funded Interest Capitalisation)	46.67	47.80
(B) Unbilled Liability towards Capital Account	48.38	48.38
(C) Unamortised Fee on Undisbursed Loans	75.14	85.38
(D) Advance received from Government towards Government Schemes	0.08	-
(E) Statutory Dues	91.88	58.06
<b>Total (A to E)</b>	<b>262.15</b>	<b>239.62</b>



## 27 Equity Share Capital

(₹ in crores)

Particulars	As at 31-03-2025		As at 31-03-2024	
	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount
Authorised : Equity shares of ₹ 10 each	5,00,00,00,000	5,000.00	5,00,00,00,000	5,000.00
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up : Fully paid up Equity shares of ₹ 10 each	2,63,32,24,000	2,633.22	2,63,32,24,000	2,633.22
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,63,32,24,000</b>	<b>2,633.22</b>	<b>2,63,32,24,000</b>	<b>2,633.22</b>

## 28 Instruments entirely equity in nature

(₹ in crores)

Particulars	As at 31-03-2025		As at 31-03-2024	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Fully paid-up Perpetual Debt Instruments entirely equity in nature of ₹ 10 lakhs each	5,584	558.40	5,584	558.40
<b>Total</b>	<b>5,584</b>	<b>558.40</b>	<b>5,584</b>	<b>558.40</b>

## 29 Other Equity

(₹ in crores)

Particulars	As at 31-03-2025		As at 31-03-2024	
(A) Other Reserves				
(i) Special Reserve created u/s 36(1) (viii) of the Income Tax Act, 1961		31,595.40		28,044.83
(ii) Reserve for Bad and doubtful debts u/s 36(1)(viii)(c) of the Income Tax Act, 1961		841.80		687.76
(iii) Statutory Reserve u/s 45-IC of Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934		13,971.63		10,828.99
(iv) Securities Premium		1,577.53		1,577.53
(v) Foreign Currency Monetary Item Translation Difference Account		(611.65)		(675.14)
(vi) General Reserve		13,416.20		11,978.44
(B) Retained Earnings		15,387.09		13,363.40
(C) Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)				
- Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income		(81.84)		(57.99)
- Effective Portion of Cash Flow Hedges		(931.35)		(1,846.93)
- Cost of Hedging reserve		(718.46)		1,690.64
<b>Total - Other Equity</b>		<b>74,446.35</b>		<b>65,591.53</b>



## 30 Interest Income

(₹ in crores)

Particulars	Year ended 31-03-2025			Year ended 31-03-2024		
	On Financial Assets measured at Fair Value through OCI	On Financial Assets measured at Amortised Cost	On Financial Assets measured at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	On Financial Assets measured at Fair Value through OCI	On Financial Assets measured at Amortised Cost	On Financial Assets measured at Fair Value through Profit or Loss
(A) Interest on Loan Assets						
(i) Long term financing	-	49,611.60	-	-	42,941.50	-
(ii) Short term financing	-	4,414.82	-	-	2,717.24	-
Sub-total (A)	-	54,026.42	-	-	45,658.74	-
(B) Interest Income from Investments						
(i) Interest from Long Term Investments	-	408.91	81.43	-	187.89	69.16
Sub-total (B)	-	408.91	81.43	-	187.89	69.16
(C) Interest on Deposits with Banks						
(i) Interest from Deposits	-	240.28	-	-	315.22	-
Sub-total (C)	-	240.28	-	-	315.22	-
(D) Other Interest Income						
(i) Interest on Delayed Payments by Borrowers	-	294.46	-	-	173.80	-
(ii) Interest from Staff Advances	-	6.11	-	-	5.06	-
Interest on unwinding of Receivable on account of Stressed Loan Assets	-	12.36	-	-	-	-
Sub-total (D)	-	313.07	-	-	179.10	-
Total - Interest Income (A to D)	-	54,988.68	81.43	-	46,340.95	69.16

## 31 Dividend Income

(₹ in crores)

Particulars	Year ended 31-03-2025	Year ended 31-03-2024
Dividend from Subsidiary Company	90.63	23.40
Dividend from Other Investments	8.42	2.28
Total - Dividend Income	99.05	25.68

## 32 Fees and Commission Income

(₹ in crores)

Particulars	Year ended 31-03-2025	Year ended 31-03-2024
Fees based Income	201.20	70.80
Prepayment Premium	138.75	50.74
Fee/ Other Income for Implementation of Government Schemes	53.79	114.49
Total - Fees and Commission Income	393.74	236.03

## 33 Other Income

(₹ in crores)

Particulars	Year ended 31-03-2025	Year ended 31-03-2024
Net gain/(loss) on disposal of assets classified as held for sale	6.03	1.32
Recoveries against written off financial assets	12.15	-
Rental Income	17.34	17.85
Liabilities/Provision Written Back	2.35	21.69
Fees from Training Courses	1.34	12.33
Miscellaneous Income	29.29	14.66
Total - Other Income	68.50	67.85



34 Finance Costs

Finance Costs have been incurred on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost.

(₹ in crores)

Particulars	Year ended 31-03-2025	Year ended 31-03-2024
(i) Interest on Borrowings		
- Loans from Government of India (NSSF)	822.50	822.50
- Loans from Banks/ Financial Institutions	4,590.64	5,461.62
- External Commercial Borrowings	6,602.12	4,774.11
Sub-Total (i)	12,015.26	11,058.23
(ii) Interest on Debt Securities		
- Domestic Debt Securities	17,776.73	15,090.00
- Foreign Currency Debt Securities	1,334.12	1,553.60
- Commercial Paper	-	135.64
Sub-Total (ii)	19,110.85	16,779.24
(iii) Interest on Subordinated Liabilities		
- Subordinate Bonds	687.76	631.89
Sub-Total (iii)	687.76	631.89
(iv) Other Interest Expense		
- Swap Premium	1,796.86	1,368.64
- Interest on Variation Margin	524.81	114.70
- Interest on Advance Income Tax	-	1.94
- Interest on liability towards employee benefits	2.46	(4.84)
Sub-Total (iv)	2,324.13	1,480.44
Total - Finance Costs	34,138.00	29,949.80
Less: Finance Costs Capitalised	(3.02)	(0.53)
Total - Finance Costs (Net)	34,134.98	29,949.27

35 Net translation/ transaction exchange loss/ (gain)

(₹ in crores)

Particulars	Year ended 31-03-2025	Year ended 31-03-2024
Net translation/ transaction exchange loss/ (gain)	208.15	166.57
Total	208.15	166.57

36 Fees and commission expense

(₹ in crores)

Particulars	Year ended 31-03-2025	Year ended 31-03-2024
(i) Guarantee Fee	0.14	1.71
(ii) Listing and Trusteeship Fee	0.03	0.06
(iii) Agency Fees	2.49	1.42
(iv) Credit Rating Expenses	4.26	4.08
(v) Other Finance Charges	6.74	16.99
Total (i to v)	13.66	24.26



37 Net Gain/ (loss) on Fair Value Changes

(₹ in crores)

Particulars	Year ended 31-03-2025	Year ended 31-03-2024
Net gain/ (loss) on financial instruments at Fair Value through profit or loss		
(i) On trading Portfolio	-	-
(ii) Others		
- Changes in fair value of Derivatives	80.95	425.55
- Changes in fair value of Long Term Investments	265.35	46.33
- Changes in fair value of Short-term MF investments	1.92	2.60
Sub-total (ii)	348.22	474.48
Total (A)	348.22	474.48

38 Impairment on financial instruments

(₹ in crores)

Particulars	Year ended 31-03-2025		Year ended 31-03-2024	
	On financial instruments measured at FVOCI	On financial instruments measured at Amortised Cost	On financial instruments measured at FVOCI	On financial instruments measured at Amortised Cost
(i) - Loans	-	886.24	-	(1367.07)
(ii) - Investments	-	3.26	-	-
(iii) - Others	-	129.91	-	8.68
Total (i+ii+iii)	-	1,019.41	-	(1358.39)

39 Employee Benefits Expense

(₹ in crores)

Particulars	Year ended 31-03-2025	Year ended 31-03-2024
- Salaries and Allowances	150.85	132.76
- Contribution to Provident and Other Funds	32.97	32.44
- Rent towards Residential Accommodation for Employees	10.45	6.65
- Staff Welfare Expenses	50.53	42.16
Total	244.80	214.01

40 Depreciation and amortization

(₹ in crores)

Particulars	Year ended 31-03-2025	Year ended 31-03-2024
- Depreciation on Property, Plant & Equipment	23.30	22.62
- Depreciation on Investment Property	0.80	-
- Amortization on Intangible Assets	0.29	1.10
Total	24.39	23.72



## 41 Corporate Social Responsibility Expenses

(₹ in crores)

Particulars	Year ended 31-03-2025	Year ended 31-03-2024
- Direct Expenditure	279.00	241.77
- Overheads	9.48	8.09
<b>Total</b>	<b>288.48</b>	<b>249.86</b>

## 42 Other Expenses

(₹ in crores)

Particulars	Year ended 31-03-2025	Year ended 31-03-2024
- Travelling and Conveyance	29.36	20.51
- Publicity & Promotion Expenses	29.87	31.74
- Repairs and Maintenance	34.93	23.40
- Rent, taxes and energy costs	7.64	5.57
- Insurance Charges	0.56	0.16
- Communication costs	7.18	2.32
- Printing & stationery	1.35	1.62
- Director's sitting fees	0.50	0.49
- Auditors' fees and expenses	1.72	1.76
- Legal & Professional Charges	16.89	11.64
- Donations & Charity	0.01	-
- Net Loss on Disposal of Property, Plant & Equipment	7.61	5.56
- Training And Conference Expense	5.98	13.76
- Government Scheme Monitoring Expenses	17.11	11.71
- Other Expenditure	25.26	33.97
<b>Total</b>	<b>185.97</b>	<b>164.21</b>

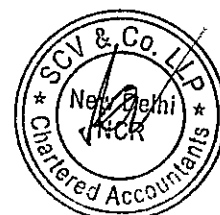
## 43 Tax Expense

(₹ in crores)

Particulars	Year ended 31-03-2025	Year ended 31-03-2024
- Current tax expense	4,011.49	3,293.00
- Current tax expense/ (benefit) pertaining to earlier years	0.05	2.09
<b>Sub-total - Current Tax</b>	<b>4,011.54</b>	<b>3,295.09</b>
- Deferred tax expense/ (credit)	135.03	466.34
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,146.57</b>	<b>3,761.43</b>

## 44 Earnings per Share

Particulars	Year ended 31-03-2025	Year ended 31-03-2024
<b>Numerator</b>		
Profit for the year from continuing operations as per Statement of Profit and Loss (₹ in crores)	15,679.91	13,985.91
Profit for the year from discontinued operations as per Statement of Profit and Loss (₹ in crores)	-	-
Profit for the year from continuing and discontinued operations as per Statement of Profit and Loss (₹ in crores)	15,679.91	13,985.91
<b>Denominator</b>		
Weighted average Number of equity shares	2,63,32,24,000	2,63,32,24,000
Basic & Diluted Earnings per Share (in ₹ for an equity share of ₹ 10 each) (for continuing operations)	59.55	53.11
Basic & Diluted Earnings per Share (in ₹ for an equity share of ₹ 10 each) (for discontinued operations)	-	-
Basic & Diluted Earnings per Share (in ₹ for an equity share of ₹ 10 each) (for continuing and discontinued operations)	59.55	53.11





**KAILASH CHAND JAIN & CO.**  
Chartered Accountants  
819, Laxmi Deep Building,  
Laxmi Nagar District Centre,  
New Delhi-110092

**SCV & CO. LLP.**  
Chartered Accountants  
B-41, Panchsheel Enclave,  
New Delhi- 110017

**Independent Audit Report on Special Purpose Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements for the  
year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025 of REC Limited**

To,  
The Board of Directors,  
REC Limited  
Core-IV, SCOPE Complex,  
7, Lodhi Road,  
New Delhi – 110003

We have audited the accompanying Special Purpose Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements of REC Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiary (the company and its subsidiary together referred to as the "Group") which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025, Statement of Consolidated Profit and Loss (including the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended and a summary of material accounting policies (together hereinafter referred as "Special Purpose Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements").

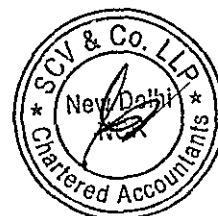
In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid special purpose consolidated Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013, (the "Act") in the manner so required and give a true & fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of the affairs of the Company as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025, and its Profit (including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and cash flow for the year ended on that date.

**Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ("SAs") specified under section 143 (10) of the Act. We are independent of the Company, in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Special Purpose Consolidated Ind AS financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

**Management's Responsibility for the Special Purpose Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements**

These Special Purpose Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements, which is the responsibility of the Company's Management and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company, has been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in in all material respects, in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles of Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with relevant rules issued thereunder and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. These Special Purpose Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements have been prepared solely for the purpose of inclusion of financial information in respect



of fund-raising programmes of the Company and its Holding Company ("Power Finance Corporation Limited").

#### Other Matters

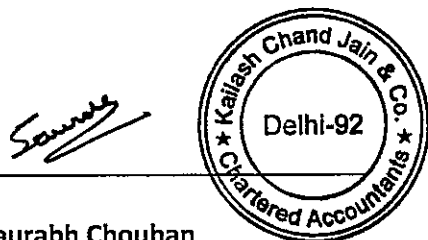
We did not audit the financial statement of the subsidiary included in the Special Purpose Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements, whose financial reflect total revenue of ₹ 506.79 crores, total net profit after tax of ₹ 261.65 crores and total comprehensive income of ₹ 261.65 crores for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025 and cash flows (net) of ₹ (37.63) crores for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025, as considered in the Special Purpose Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements. These financial statements have been audited by other auditor whose report has been furnished to us by the Management and our conclusion on the Statement, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of the subsidiary is based solely on the report of the other auditor and the procedures performed by us as.

Our opinion on the Special Purpose Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements is not modified in respect of this matter.

#### Restriction on Use

This report is intended solely for the use of the Company for the purpose of inclusion of financial information in respect of fund-raising programmes of the Company and its Holding Company thereto and should not be used by any other person or for any other purpose. We do not accept or assume any liability or duty of care for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come without our prior consent in writing.

For M/s Kailash Chand Jain & Co.  
Chartered Accountants,  
ICAI Firm Registration: 112318W

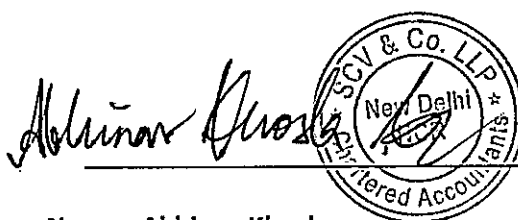


Name - Saurabh Chouhan  
Designation: Partner  
Membership Number: 167453

UDIN: 25167453BMLKTP8790

Date: 08<sup>th</sup> May 2025  
Place: New Delhi

For M/s SCV & Co. LLP.  
Chartered Accountants,  
ICAI Firm Registration: 000235N/N500089



Name - Abhinav Khosla  
Designation: Partner  
Membership Number: 087010

UDIN: 25087010BMMLPZ1363

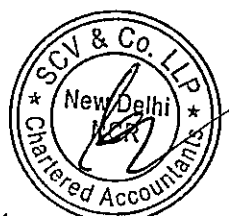
**Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2025**

(₹ in Crores)

S. No.	Particulars	Note No.	As at	As at
			31-03-2025	31-03-2024
	<b>ASSETS</b>			
(1)	<b>Financial Assets</b>			
(a)	Cash and cash equivalents	6	233.57	262.75
(b)	Bank balances other than (a) above	7	2,109.80	2,699.75
(c)	Derivative financial instruments	8	17,432.18	12,482.02
(d)	Receivables	9		
	-Trade receivables		235.13	153.82
	-Other receivables		1.99	2.78
(e)	Loans	10	5,59,088.08	4,99,192.05
(f)	Investments	11	6,673.64	5,352.32
(g)	Other financial assets	12	24,604.19	24,442.64
	<b>Total - Financial assets (1)</b>		<b>6,10,378.58</b>	<b>5,44,588.13</b>
(2)	<b>Non-Financial Assets</b>			
(a)	Current tax assets (net)	13	407.07	309.68
(b)	Deferred tax assets (net)	14	2,868.70	2,500.96
(c)	Investment property	15	1.01	-
(d)	Property, plant & equipment	16	625.99	630.98
(e)	Capital work-in-progress	16	76.01	23.59
(f)	Other intangible assets	16	1.84	0.52
(g)	Other non-financial assets	17	138.75	117.03
	<b>Total - Non-financial assets (2)</b>		<b>4,119.37</b>	<b>3,582.76</b>
(3)	<b>Assets classified as held for sale</b>	18	3.88	20.20
	<b>Total Assets (1+2+3)</b>		<b>6,14,501.83</b>	<b>5,48,191.09</b>
	<b>LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</b>			
	<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
(1)	<b>Financial liabilities</b>			
(a)	Derivative financial instruments	8	1,670.06	759.70
(b)	Payables	19		
	Trade payables			
	-Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		0.12	0.16
	-Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		133.75	97.74
	Other payables			
	-Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		6.52	2.83
	-Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		17.28	8.69
(c)	Debt securities	20	2,92,428.27	2,66,063.24
(d)	Borrowings (other than debt securities)	21	1,94,300.16	1,72,092.05
(e)	Subordinated liabilities	22	9,514.16	7,412.21
(f)	Other financial liabilities	23	37,646.72	31,940.58
	<b>Total - Financial liabilities (1)</b>		<b>5,35,717.04</b>	<b>4,78,377.20</b>
(2)	<b>Non-financial liabilities</b>			
(a)	Current tax liabilities (net)	24	-	66.51
(b)	Provisions	25	137.51	137.34
(c)	Other non-financial liabilities	26	271.22	259.79
	<b>Total - Non-financial liabilities (2)</b>		<b>408.73</b>	<b>463.64</b>
(3)	<b>EQUITY</b>			
(a)	Equity share capital	27	2,633.22	2,633.22
(b)	Instruments entirely equity in nature	28	558.40	558.40
(c)	Other equity	29	75,184.44	66,158.63
	<b>Total - Equity (3)</b>		<b>78,376.06</b>	<b>69,350.25</b>
	<b>Total - Liabilities and Equity (1+2+3)</b>		<b>6,14,501.83</b>	<b>5,48,191.09</b>
	Company Overview and Material Accounting Policies	1 to 5		

Place: Delhi  
Date: 08th May, 2025

Jitendra Srivastava  
Chairman & Managing Director



**REC Limited**  
Registered Office - Core-4, SCOPE Complex, 7, Lodhi Road, New Delhi - 110003, CIN: L40101DL1969GOI005095  
**Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the period ended 31st March 2025**

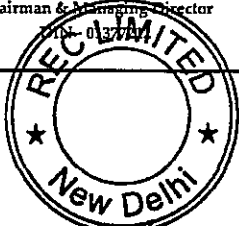
(₹ in Crores)

S. No.	Particulars	Note No.	Year ended	Year ended
			31-03-2025	31-03-2024
	<b>Revenue from operations</b>			
(i)	Interest income	30	55,105.20	46,431.44
(ii)	Dividend income	31	8.42	2.28
(iii)	Fees and commission income	32	393.74	236.03
(iv)	Net gain/ (loss) on fair value changes	38	348.22	474.48
(v)	Sale of Services	33	510.97	360.52
I.	<b>Total revenue from operations (i to v)</b>		<b>56,366.55</b>	<b>47,504.75</b>
II.	Other income	34	67.48	66.48
III.	<b>Total income (I+II)</b>		<b>56,434.03</b>	<b>47,571.23</b>
	<b>Expenses</b>			
(i)	Finance costs	35	34,131.29	29,947.74
(ii)	Net translation/ transaction exchange loss	36	208.15	166.57
(iii)	Fees and commission expense	37	13.66	24.26
(iv)	Impairment on financial instruments	39	1,021.58	(1379.58)
(v)	Cost of services rendered	40	162.62	168.06
(vi)	Employee benefits expenses	41	268.13	238.20
(vii)	Depreciation and amortization	42	24.70	23.99
(viii)	Corporate social responsibility expenses	43	291.53	251.78
(ix)	Other expenses	44	194.90	170.27
IV.	<b>Total expenses (i to ix)</b>		<b>36,316.56</b>	<b>29,611.29</b>
V.	<b>Profit before Tax (III-IV)</b>		<b>20,117.47</b>	<b>17,959.94</b>
VI.	<b>Tax expense</b>	45		
(i)	<b>Current tax</b>			
-	Current year		4,098.91	3,329.10
-	Earlier years		(0.25)	3.97
(ii)	<b>Deferred tax</b>		134.58	481.41
	<b>Total tax expense (i+ii)</b>		<b>4,233.24</b>	<b>3,814.48</b>
VII.	<b>Profit for the year (V-VI)</b>		<b>15,884.23</b>	<b>14,145.46</b>
VIII.	<b>Other comprehensive income/(loss)</b>			
(i)	<b>Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss</b>			
(a)	Re-measurement gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans		0.76	(0.99)
-	Tax impact on above		(0.19)	0.25
(b)	Changes in fair value of equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)		(23.85)	96.34
-	Tax impact on above		-	(4.86)
	<b>Sub-total (i)</b>		<b>(23.28)</b>	<b>90.74</b>
(ii)	<b>Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss</b>			
(a)	Effective portion of gains and loss on hedging instruments in cash flow hedges		1223.51	(3269.97)
-	Tax impact on above		(307.93)	822.99
(b)	Cost of hedging reserve		(3,219.35)	4544.19
-	Tax impact on above		810.25	(1143.68)
	<b>Sub-total (ii)</b>		<b>(1,493.52)</b>	<b>953.53</b>
	<b>Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year (i+ii)</b>		<b>(1,516.80)</b>	<b>1,044.27</b>
IX.	<b>Total comprehensive income for the year (VII+VIII)</b>		<b>14,367.43</b>	<b>15,189.73</b>
X.	<b>Basic &amp; diluted earnings per equity share of ₹ 10 each (in ₹)</b>	46		
(1)	For continuing operations		60.20	53.59
(2)	For discontinued operations		-	-
(3)	For continuing and discontinued operations		60.20	53.59
	<b>Company overview and material accounting policies</b>	1 to 5		

Place: Delhi  
Date: 08th May, 2025

Jitendra Srivastava  
Chairman & Managing Director



<b>REC Limited</b> Registered Office - Core-4, SCOPE Complex, 7, Lodhi Road, New Delhi - 110003, CIN: L40101DL1969GOI005095		
<b>Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the period ended 31st March 2025</b>		
	(₹ in Crores)	
PARTICULARS	Year ended 31-03-2025	year ended 31-03-2024
<b>A. Cash Flow from Operating Activities :</b>		
Net Profit before Tax	20,117.47	17,959.94
Adjustments for:		
1. Loss/ (Gain) on derecognition of Property, Plant and Equipment (net)	7.62	5.58
2. Loss/ (Gain) on derecognition of Assets held for sale (net)	(6.03)	(1.32)
3. Depreciation & Amortization	24.70	23.99
4. Impairment allowance on Assets Classified as Held for Sale	-	(0.09)
5. Impairment losses on Financial Instruments	1,021.59	(1,379.58)
6. Loss/ (Gain) on Fair Value Changes (net)	(346.30)	(471.88)
7. Effective Interest Rate (EIR) in respect of Loan Assets and Borrowings	214.60	(34.51)
8. Interest on Commercial Paper	-	135.64
9. Interest Accrued on Zero Coupon Bonds	83.14	-
10. Unrealised Foreign Exchange Translation Loss/ (Gain)	(2,131.32)	(993.07)
11. Interest on Investments & others	(36.65)	(42.65)
<b>Operating profit before Changes in Operating Assets &amp; Liabilities</b>	<b>18,948.81</b>	<b>15,202.05</b>
Inflow / (Outflow) on account of :		
1. Loan Assets	(59,996.87)	(75,017.32)
2. Derivatives	643.90	(343.67)
3. Other Financial and Non- Financial Assets	(654.88)	(1,495.78)
4. Other Financial and Non- Financial Liabilities & Provisions	6,228.02	7,203.84
<b>Cash flow from Operations</b>	<b>(34,831.03)</b>	<b>(54,450.88)</b>
1. Income Tax Paid (including TDS)	(4,232.52)	(3,271.76)
<b>Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities</b>	<b>(39,063.55)</b>	<b>(57,722.64)</b>
<b>B. Cash Flow from Investing Activities</b>		
1. Sale/ (Purchase) of Property, Plant & Equipment	(3.96)	0.11
2. Sale of assets held for sale	6.07	1.61
3. Investment in Property, Plant & Equipment (incl. CWIP & Capital Advances)	(77.31)	(33.63)
4. Investment in Intangible Assets (including intangible assets under development & Capital Advances)	(1.61)	0.00
5. Finance Costs Capitalised	(3.02)	(0.53)
6. Sale/ (Investment) in Equity Shares	-	67.39
7. Redemption/ (Investment) in High Quality Liquid Assets (HQL As) (net)	(1,418.90)	(997.94)
8. Redemption/ (Investment) in Debt Securities other than HQLAs (net)	352.22	(912.98)
9. Sale/(Investment) of/in shares of associate/subsidiary companies (Net)	16.28	(15.75)
10. Maturity/(Investment) of/in Corporate and Term deposits	(171.81)	60.75
<b>Net Cash Flow from Investing Activities</b>	<b>(1302.04)</b>	<b>(1830.96)</b>
<b>PARTICULARS</b>	<b>Year ended 31-03-2025</b>	<b>year ended 31-03-2024</b>
<b>C. Cash Flow from Financing Activities</b>		
1. Issue/ (Redemption) of Rupee Debt Securities (net)	30,748.97	27,473.52
2. Issue/ (Redemption) of Commercial Paper (net)	-	(135.64)
3. Raising/ (Repayments) of Rupee Term Loans/ WCDL from Banks/ FIs (net)	(23,558.76)	3,640.02
4. Raising/ (Repayments) of Foreign Currency Debt Securities and Borrowings (net)	36,501.65	30,921.49
5. Raising/ (Redemption) of Subordinated Liabilities (net)	1,995.01	590.00
6. Coupon payment on Perpetual Debt Instruments entirely equity in nature	(44.50)	(44.50)
7. Payment of Dividend on Equity Shares	(5,608.77)	(2,857.05)
8. Repayment towards Lease Liability	-	(0.02)
<b>Net Cash flow from Financing Activities</b>	<b>40,033.60</b>	<b>59,587.82</b>
<b>Net Increase/Decrease in Cash &amp; Cash Equivalents</b>	<b>(331.99)</b>	<b>34.21</b>
Cash & Cash Equivalents as at the beginning of the year	(4.69)	(38.89)
Cash & Cash Equivalents as at the end of the year	(336.68)	(4.69)
Place: Delhi	Jitendra Srivastava Chairman & Managing Director 101-0137441	
Date: 08th May, 2025		



**REC Limited**  
Registered Office - Core-4, SCOPE Complex, 7, Lodhi Road, New Delhi - 110003, CIN: L40101DL1969GOI005095  
**Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the period ended 31st March 2025**

**A Equity share capital**

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars	As at 31-03-2025	As at 31-03-2024
Balance at the beginning of the period	2,633.22	2,633.22
Changes in equity share capital during the period*	-	-
Balance at the end of the period	2,633.22	2,633.22

**B Instruments entirely equity in nature**

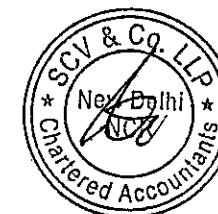
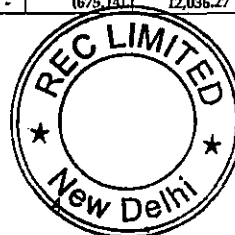
(₹ in Crores)

Particulars	As at 31-03-2025	As at 31-03-2024
Balance at the beginning of the period	558.40	558.40
Changes in instruments entirely equity in nature during the period	-	-
Balance at the end of the period	558.40	558.40

**C Other Equity**

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars	Reserves & Surplus									Share of Other Comprehensive Income/ (loss) of Joint Venture accounted for using equity method	FVOCI- Equity Instruments	Effective Portion of Cash Flow Hedges	Costs of Hedging reserve	Total
	Special Reserve created u/s 36(1) (viii) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	Reserve for Bad and doubtful debts u/s 36(1)(viii) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	Statutory Reserve u/s 45-IC of Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934	Securities Premium Account	Capital Reserve	Foreign Currency Monetary Item Translation Difference Account	General Reserve	Impairment Reserve	Retained Earnings					
Balance as at 31-03-2023	24,977.89	-	8,025.15	1,577.53	-	(790.44)	12,036.27	-	10,313.78	-	(101.47)	600.05	(1,709.87)	54,928.89
Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,145.46	-	-	-	-	14,145.46
Remeasurement of Defined Benefit Plans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(0.74)	-	-	-	-	(0.74)
Recognition through Other Comprehensive Income (net of taxes)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	91.48	(2,446.98)	3,400.51	1,045.01
<b>Total Comprehensive Income for the period</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>14,144.72</b>	-	<b>91.48</b>	<b>(2,446.98)</b>	<b>3,400.51</b>	<b>15,189.73</b>
Transferred to/ (from) Retained Earnings	3,066.94	687.76	2,803.84	-	-	-	-	-	(6,558.54)	-	-	-	-	-
Transferred to General Reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reclassification of gain/ (loss) on sale/ extinguishment of FVOCI equity instrument (net of taxes)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	48.00	-	(48.00)	-	-	-
Foreign Currency Translation Loss on long term monetary items during the period	-	-	-	-	-	(85.73)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(85.73)
Amortisation during the period	-	-	-	-	-	201.03	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	201.03
Coupon payment on Instrument Entirely Equity in Nature (Perpetual Debt Instruments) (Net of Taxes)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(33.30)	-	-	-	-	(33.30)
<b>Sub-Total</b>	<b>3,066.94</b>	<b>687.76</b>	<b>2,803.84</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>115.30</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(6,543.84)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(48.00)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>82.00</b>
Utilised for issue of Bonus Equity Shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Expenses incurred on issue of Bonus Equity Shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dividends	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,042.00)	-	-	-	-	(4,042.00)
<b>Sub-total- transaction with owners</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(4,042.00)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(4,042.00)</b>
<b>Balance as at 31-03-2024</b>	<b>28,044.83</b>	<b>687.76</b>	<b>10,828.99</b>	<b>1,577.53</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(675.14)</b>	<b>12,036.27</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>13,872.66</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(57.99)</b>	<b>(1,846.93)</b>	<b>1,690.64</b>	<b>66,158.63</b>



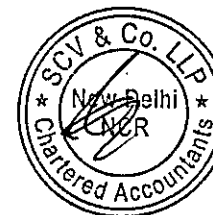
(₹ in Crores)

Particulars	Reserves & Surplus									Share of Other Comprehensive Income/ (loss) of Joint Venture accounted for using equity method	FVOCI- Equity Instruments	Effective Portion of Cash Flow Hedges	Costs of Hedging reserve	Total
	Special Reserve created u/s 36(1) (viii) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	Reserve for Bad and doubtful debts u/s 36(1)(viii) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	Statutory Reserve u/s 45-IC of Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934	Securities Premium Account	Capital Reserve	Foreign Currency Monetary Item Translation Difference Account	General Reserve	Impairment Reserve	Retained Earnings					
Balance as at 31-03-2024	28,044.83	687.76	10,828.99	1,577.53	-	(675.14)	12,036.27	-	13,872.66	-	(57.99)	(1,846.93)	1,690.64	66,158.63
Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,884.23	-	-	-	-	15,884.23
Remeasurement of Defined Benefit Plans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.57	-	-	-	-	0.57
Recognition through Other Comprehensive Income (net of taxes)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(23.85)	915.58	(2,409.10)	(1,517.37)
<b>Total Comprehensive Income for the period</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,884.80	-	(23.85)	915.58	(2,409.10)	14,367.43
Transferred to/ (from) Retained Earnings	3,550.57	841.80	3,142.64	-	-	-	750.00	-	(8,285.01)	-	-	-	-	-
Transferred to/ (from) General Reserve	-	(687.76)	-	-	-	-	687.76	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reclassification of gain/ (loss) on sale/ extinguishment of FVOCI equity instrument (net of taxes)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign Currency Translation Loss on long term monetary items during the period	-	-	-	-	-	(120.43)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(120.43)
Amortisation during the period	-	-	-	-	-	183.92	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	183.92
Coupon payment on Instrument Entirely Equity in Nature (Perpetual Debt Instruments) (Net of Taxes)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(33.30)	-	-	-	-	(33.30)
<b>Sub-total</b>	3,550.57	154.04	3,142.64	-	-	63.49	1,437.76	-	(8,318.31)	-	-	-	-	30.19
Dividends	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(5,371.78)	-	-	-	-	(5,371.78)
<b>Sub-Total- Transaction with owners</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(5,371.78)	-	-	-	-	(5,371.78)
<b>Balance as at 31-03-2025</b>	<b>31,595.40</b>	<b>841.80</b>	<b>13,971.63</b>	<b>1,577.53</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(611.65)</b>	<b>13,474.03</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>16,067.37</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(81.84)</b>	<b>(931.35)</b>	<b>(718.46)</b>	<b>75,184.44</b>

Place: Delhi  
Date: 08th May, 2025



Uttendra Srivastava  
Chairman & Managing Director  
UIN - 01377212



**REC Limited**

**Registered Office - Core-4, SCOPE Complex, 7, Lodhi Road, New Delhi – 110003**

**CIN: L40101DL1969GOI005095**

## **Notes to Accounts**

### **1. Company Overview**

REC Limited ("REC" or the "Company" or the "holding company") was incorporated in the year 1969. The Company is domiciled in India and is limited by shares, having its registered office and principal place of business at Core-4, SCOPE Complex, 7, Lodhi Road, New Delhi-110003, India. The books of accounts are maintained at the Corporate Office situated at Plot no. I-4, Sector-29, Gurugram, Haryana, in addition to the registered office of the Company. The Company has offices spread across the country, mainly in the State Capitals and one training centre at Hyderabad.

The Company is a Government of India Enterprise engaged in extending financial assistance across the power sector value chain and is a Systemically Important (Non-Deposit Accepting or Holding) Non-Banking Finance Company (NBFC) registered with Reserve Bank of India (RBI). Being an NBFC, the company is regulated by Reserve Bank of India.

The company has been accorded with the status of a 'Maharatna' Central Public Sector Enterprise by the Department of Public Enterprises, under the Ministry of Finance.

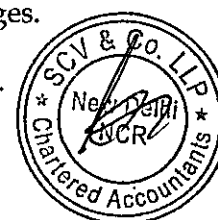
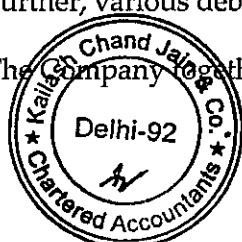
REC is a leading Infrastructure Finance Company in India and the principal products of REC are interest-bearing loans to State Electricity Boards, State Power utilities/State Power Departments and Private sector for all segments of Power infrastructure. During FY 2022-23, REC has also diversified into the Non-Power Infrastructure sector comprising Roads & Expressways, Metro Rail, Airports, IT Communication, Social and Commercial Infrastructure (Educational Institution, Hospitals), Ports and Electro-Mechanical (E&M) works in respect of various other sectors like Steel, Refinery, etc.

The group is also engaged through its subsidiaries in engineering consultancy services. Ministry of Power, Government of India/State Government, allocates independent transmission projects from time to time to the Company to work as Bid Process Coordinator (BPC), for selection of developers as Transmission Service Provider (TSP) through Tariff Based Competitive Bidding Process (TBCB). In order to initiate development of each such transmission projects, RECPDCL incorporates a project specific Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) as Wholly Owned Subsidiary Company and after the selection of successful bidder through TBCB process notified for transmission projects, the respective project specific SPV along with all its assets and liabilities is transferred to the successful bidder.

RECPDCL is providing consultancy and fee based service in the areas of rural electrification, AT&C loss reduction strategies, IT implementation work including setting up of data Centre, customer care centre, etc. with GIS integration, Implementation of Smart Grid projects covering Smart metering with AMI, Construction of Solar PV Plants, SCADA implementation MRI/AMR based meter reading & billing works, DPR preparation & project management Consultancy for power Distribution Projects, Strengthening work of Power Distribution, Energy efficiency projects and Quality & Quantitative Surveillance/ Inspection of the works executed.

The shares of the Company are listed on National Stock Exchange of India Limited and BSE Limited. Further, various debt securities of the Company are also listed on the Stock Exchanges.

The Company together with its subsidiaries is hereinafter referred to as 'the Group'.





## 2. Basis of Preparation

These Special Purpose Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared for the purpose of inclusion of financial information in respect of fund raising programmes of the group and complies with the measurement principles laid down under Ind AS notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended), applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable regulatory norms / guidelines including those issued by RBI. These financial statements for the period ended 31st March 2025 were authorized and approved by the Board of Directors on 08<sup>th</sup> May 2025.

## 3. Material Accounting Policies

The material accounting policies applied in preparation of the consolidated financial statements are as given below:

### 3.1 Basis of consolidation

#### *Subsidiary*

Subsidiary is the entity controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it has power over the investee, is exposed to or has rights to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The financial statements of subsidiary are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which control commences until the date on which control ceases. The Group combines the financial statements of the holding company and its subsidiary line by line adding together like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income and expenses.

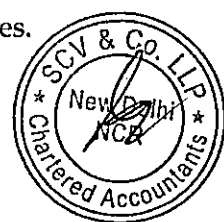
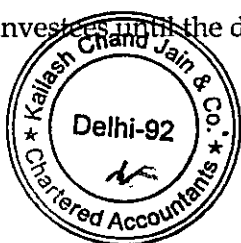
#### *Equity accounted investees*

The Group's interests in equity accounted investees comprise of the interests in associates and joint venture.

An associate is an entity, including an unincorporated entity, over which the Company has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture. Interests in associates are accounted for using the equity method. These interests are initially recognised at cost, which includes transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, the consolidated financial statements include the Group's share of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) of equity-accounted investees until the date on which significant influence ceases. However, in case where it is assessed that the investment/ interest in associates is held for sale, the interest in associates is accounted for under Ind AS 105.

A joint venture is an arrangement in which the Group has joint control and has rights to the net assets of the arrangement, rather than rights to its assets and obligations for its liabilities.

Interests in joint venture are accounted for using the equity method. They are initially recognised at cost which includes transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, the consolidated financial statements include the Group's share of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) of equity-accounted investees until the date on which significant influence or joint control ceases.



### 3.2 Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealised income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated. Unrealised gains arising from transactions with equity accounted investees are eliminated against the investment to the extent of the Group's interest in the investee. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

### 3.3 Basis of Preparation and Measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on going concern basis following accrual system of accounting on historical cost basis except for certain financial assets and financial liabilities which are measured at fair values as explained in relevant accounting policies. These policies have been applied consistently for all the periods presented in the consolidated financial statements.

#### *Functional and presentation currency*

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian Rupee ('INR') which is also the functional currency of the Group.

### 3.4 Income recognition

#### *Interest income*

Unless otherwise specified, the recoveries from the borrowers are appropriated in the order of (i) costs and expenses of REC (ii) delayed and penal interest including interest tax, if any (iii) overdue interest including interest tax, if any and (iv) repayment of principal; the oldest being adjusted first, except for credit impaired loans and recalled loans, where principal amount is appropriated only after the complete recovery of other costs, expenses, delayed and penal interest and overdue interest including interest tax, if any. The recoveries under One Time Settlement (OTS)/ Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code (IBC) proceedings are appropriated first towards the principal outstanding and remaining recovery thereafter, towards interest and other charges, if any.

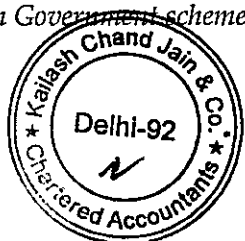
For financial assets measured at amortized cost, interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR), i.e. the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the net carrying amount of the financial assets.

Interest on financial assets subsequently measured at fair value through profit and loss is recognized on an accrual basis in accordance with the terms of the respective contract and is disclosed separately under the head interest income.

As a matter of prudence, income on credit impaired loan assets is recognised as and when received or on accrual basis when expected realisation is higher than the loan amount outstanding.

Rebate on account of timely payment of interest by borrowers is recognized on receipt of entire interest amount due in time, in accordance with the terms of the respective contract and is netted against the corresponding interest income.

#### *Income from Government schemes*



Income of agency fee on Government schemes is recognized on the basis of the services rendered and amount of fee sanctioned by the Ministry of Power.

#### *Dividend income*

Income from dividend on shares of corporate bodies and units of mutual funds is taken into account on accrual basis when right to receive payment is established.

Provided that in case of final dividend, the right to receive payment shall be considered as established only upon approval of the dividend by the shareholders in the Annual General Meeting.

Dividend on financial assets subsequently measured at fair value through profit and loss is recognised separately under the head 'Dividend Income'.

#### *Rental Income on Investment Property*

Rental income from investment property is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

#### *Other services*

Fees/ charges on loan assets, other than those considered an adjustment to EIR, are accounted for on accrual basis. Pre-payment premium is accounted for by the Group in the year of receipt.

#### *Revenue from sale of services*

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured.

The Group uses the principles laid down by the Ind AS 115 to determine that how much and when revenue is recognized, what is the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenues etc. In accordance with the same, revenue is recognised through a five-step approach:

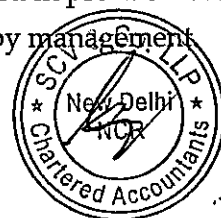
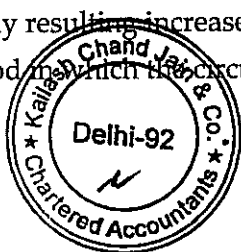
- (i) Identify the contract(s) with customer;
- (ii) Identify separate performance obligations in the contract;
- (iii) Determine the transaction price;
- (iv) Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations; and
- (v) Recognise revenue when a performance obligation is satisfied.

Revenues are measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and other indirect taxes.

In Cost Plus Contracts - Revenue is recognised by including eligible contractual items of expenditures plus proportionate margin as per contract;

In Fixed Price Contracts – Revenue is recognised on the basis of stage of completion of the contract. The Group has assessed that the stage of completion is determined as the proportion of the total time expected to complete the performance obligation to that has lapsed at the end of the reporting period, which is an appropriate measure of progress towards complete satisfaction of these performance obligations under Ind AS 115.

Estimates of revenues, costs or extent of progress toward completion are revised if circumstances change. Any resulting increases or decreases in estimated revenues or costs are reflected in profit or loss in the period in which the circumstances that give rise to the revision become known by management.



Professional charges to be charged from the selected bidders/developers for transmission projects put on tariff based bidding is accounted for in the year in which it is reasonably certain that the ultimate collection of the professional charges will be made.

Sale proceeds of Request for Proposal (RFP) documents is credited to the respective SPV and sale proceeds of Request for Qualification (RFQ) documents is retained by the Group and accounted as income of the Group.

### 3.5 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that the Group incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition and/ or construction of a qualifying asset, till the time such qualifying asset becomes ready for its intended use, are capitalized. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes a substantial period to get ready for its intended use.

All other borrowing costs are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss on an accrual basis as per the effective interest rate method.

### 3.6 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

To calculate diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

### 3.7 Foreign Currency Translation

#### *Foreign currency transactions and balances*

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency of the Group using the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and the re-measurement of monetary items denominated in foreign currency at period-end exchange rates are recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss. However, for the long-term monetary items recognized in the consolidated financial statements before 01<sup>st</sup> April 2018, such gains and losses are accumulated in a "Foreign Currency Monetary Item Translation Difference Account" and amortized over the balance period of such long term monetary item, by recognition as income or expense in each of such periods.

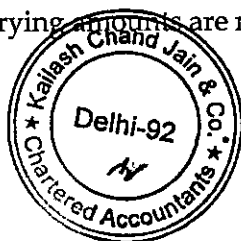
Non-monetary items are not retranslated at period-end and are measured at historical cost (translated using the exchange rates at the transaction date).

### 3.8 Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE)

#### *Recognition and initial measurement*

#### Land

Land held for use is initially recognized at cost. For land, as no finite useful life can be determined, related carrying amounts are not amortized.



Land also includes land treated as a Right of Use asset under lease agreement earlier classified as finance lease and is amortized over the lease term.

### **Other tangible assets**

PPE other than land is initially recognized at acquisition cost or construction cost, including any costs directly attributable to bringing the assets to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the Group's management.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group beyond one year. Maintenance or servicing costs of PPE are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss as incurred.

#### *Subsequent measurement (depreciation method, useful lives, residual value, and impairment)*

PPE are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Depreciation on PPE is provided on the straight-line method over the useful life of the assets as prescribed under Part 'C' of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

Depreciation on assets purchased/sold during the year is charged for the full month if the asset is in use for more than 15 days. Depreciation on assets purchased during the year up to Rs. 5,000/- is provided @ 100%.

The residual values, useful lives, and method of depreciation are reviewed at the end of each financial year. PPE other than land is tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

#### *De-recognition*

An item of PPE and any significant part initially recognized is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of an item of PPE is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### *Capital Work-in-Progress*

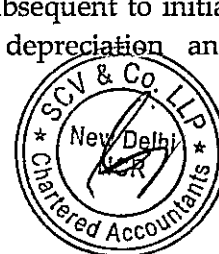
The cost of PPE under construction at the reporting date is disclosed as 'Capital work-in-progress.' The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing cost if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discount and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price. Advances paid for the acquisition/ construction of PPE which are outstanding at the balance sheet date are classified under 'Capital Advances.'

## **3.9 Investment property**

### *Recognition and measurement*

Investment property are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation.

Investment properties are measured initially at cost including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and



accumulated impairment loss, if any. The depreciation is charged on straight-line method over the useful life of the assets as prescribed under Part 'C' of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

#### *Derecognition*

Investment properties are derecognised either when they have been disposed of or when they are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from their disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognised in profit or loss in the period of derecognition.

#### *Reclassification to/from investment property*

Transfers are made to (or from) investment property only when there is a change in use. Transfers between investment property and owner-occupied property do not change the carrying amount of the property transferred and they do not change the cost of that property for measurement or disclosure purposes.

#### *Fair value disclosure*

The fair value of investment property is disclosed in the notes. Fair value is determined by an independent valuer who holds a recognised and relevant professional qualification and has recent experience in the relevant location and category of the investment property being valued.

### **3.10 Intangible assets**

#### *Recognition and initial measurement*

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. Such assets are recognized where it is probable that the future economic benefits attributable to the assets will flow to the Group.

#### *Subsequent measurement (amortization method, useful lives and residual value)*

All intangible assets with finite useful life are amortized on a straight line basis over the estimated useful lives, and a possible impairment is assessed if there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. Residual values and useful lives for all intangible assets are reviewed at each reporting date. Changes, if any, are accounted for as changes in accounting estimates. Management estimates the useful life of intangible assets to be five years.

#### *Intangible Assets under Development*

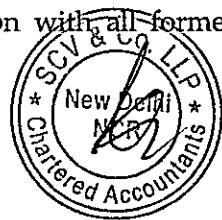
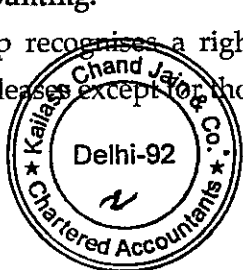
Expenditure incurred which are eligible for capitalization under intangible assets is carried as 'Intangible assets under development' till they are ready for their intended use. Advances paid for the acquisition/ development of intangible assets which are outstanding at the balance sheet date are classified under 'Capital Advances'.

#### *Derecognition of Intangible Assets*

An intangible asset is derecognized on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognized.

### **3.11 Lease accounting:**

The Group recognises a right-of-use asset and related lease liability in connection with all former operating leases except for those identified as short-term or low-value lease.



The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A lease is defined as 'a contract, or part of a contract, that conveys the right to use an asset (the underlying asset) for a period of time in exchange for consideration'.

To apply this definition, the Group assesses whether the contract meets three key evaluations which are whether:

- the contract contains an identified asset, which is either explicitly identified in the contract or implicitly specified by being identified at the time the asset is made available to the Group
- the Group has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the identified asset throughout the period of use, considering its rights within the defined scope of the contract
- the Group has the right to direct the use of the identified asset throughout the period of use. The Group assess whether it has the right to direct 'how and for what purpose' the asset is used throughout the period of use.

At lease commencement date, the Group recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability on the balance sheet. The right-of-use asset is measured at cost, which is made up of the initial measurement of the lease liability, any initial direct costs incurred by the Group, an estimate of any costs to dismantle and remove the asset at the end of the lease, and any lease payments made in advance of the lease commencement date (net of any incentives received).

The Group depreciates the right-of-use assets on a straight-line basis from the lease commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The Group also assesses the right-of-use asset for impairment when such indicators exist.

At the commencement date, the Group measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments unpaid at that date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease if that rate is readily available or the Group's incremental borrowing rate.

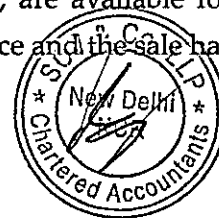
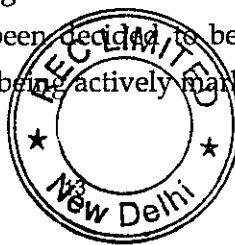
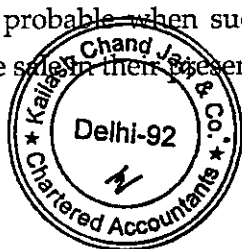
Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are made up of fixed payments (including in substance fixed), variable payments based on an index or rate, amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee and payments arising from options reasonably certain to be exercised.

Subsequent to initial measurement, the liability will be reduced for payments made and increased for interest. It is remeasured to reflect any reassessment or modification, or if there are changes in in-substance fixed payments.

When the lease liability is remeasured, the corresponding adjustment is reflected in the right-of-use asset, or profit and loss if the right-of-use asset is already reduced to zero.

### 3.12 Assets held for sale

Assets are classified as Held for Sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use and the sale is highly probable. A sale is considered as highly probable when such assets have been decided to be sold by the Group; are available for immediate sale in their present condition; are being actively marketed for sale at a price and the sale has



been agreed or is expected to be concluded within one year of the date of classification. Such assets are measured at lower of carrying amount or fair value less selling costs.

Assets held for sale are presented separately from other assets in the Balance Sheet and are not depreciated or amortised while they are classified as held for sale.

Where the Group is committed to a sale plan involving loss of control of an entity, it classifies investment in the entity (i.e. all the assets and liabilities of that entity) as held for sale.

### 3.13 Financial Instruments

A Financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

#### *Initial recognition and measurement*

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument and are measured initially at fair value adjusted by transactions costs, except for those carried at fair value through profit or loss which are measured initially at fair value. Subsequent measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities is described below.

#### *Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets*

For the purpose of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified into the following categories upon initial recognition:

- Amortized cost
- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)
- Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)

All financial assets except for those at FVTPL or at FVOCI are subject to review for impairment at least at each reporting date to identify whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. Different criteria to determine impairment are applied to each category of financial assets, which are described below.

#### *Amortized cost*

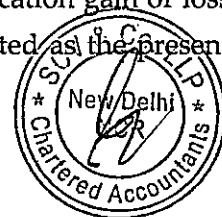
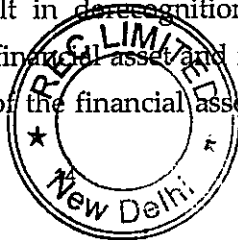
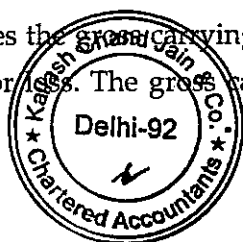
A financial asset is measured at amortized cost using Effective Interest Rate (EIR) if both of the following conditions are met:

- a) the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- b) the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Impairment Allowance (expected credit loss) is recognized on financial assets carried at amortized cost.

#### *Modification of cash flows*

When the contractual cash flows of a financial asset are renegotiated or otherwise modified, and the renegotiation or modification does not result in derecognition of that financial asset, the Group recalculates the gross carrying amount of the financial asset and recognizes a modification gain or loss in profit or loss. The gross carrying amount of the financial asset shall be recalculated as the present





value of the renegotiated or modified contractual cash flows that are discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. Any costs or fees incurred adjust the carrying amount of the modified financial asset and are amortized over the remaining term of the modified financial asset.

#### *Financial assets at FVTPL*

Financial assets at FVTPL include financial assets that either do not meet the criteria for amortized cost classification or are equity instruments held for trading or that meet certain conditions and are designated at FVTPL upon initial recognition. All derivative financial instruments also fall into this category, except for those designated and effective as hedging instruments, for which the hedge accounting requirements may apply. Assets in this category are measured at fair value with gains or losses recognized in profit or loss. The fair values of financial assets in this category are determined by reference to active market transactions or using a valuation technique where no active market exists.

#### *Embedded derivatives*

An embedded derivative is a component of a hybrid instrument that also includes a non-derivative host contract with the effect that some of the cash flows of the combined instrument vary in a way similar to a stand-alone derivative. An embedded derivative causes some or all of the cash flows that otherwise would be required by the contract to be modified according to a specified interest rate, foreign exchange rate, or other variable, provided that, in the case of a non-financial variable, it is not specific to a party to the contract.

Derivatives embedded in all host contracts are accounted for as separate derivatives and recorded at fair value if their economic characteristics and risks are not closely related to those of the host contracts or if the embedded derivative feature leverages the exposure and the host contracts are not held for trading or designated at fair value through profit or loss. These embedded derivatives are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss, unless designated as effective hedging instruments.

#### *Financial assets at FVOCI*

FVOCI financial assets comprise of equity instruments measured at fair value. An equity investment classified as FVOCI is initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. Gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income and reported within the FVOCI reserve within equity, except for dividend income, which is recognized in profit or loss. There is no recycling of such gains and losses from OCI to Statement of Profit & Loss, even on the derecognition of the investment. However, the Group may transfer the same within equity.

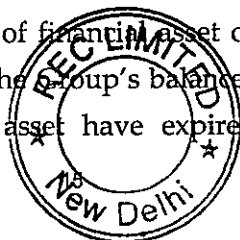
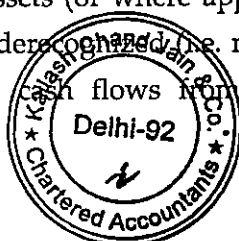
#### *De-recognition of financial assets*

##### **De-recognition of financial assets due to a substantial modification of terms and conditions**

The Group derecognizes a financial asset, such as a loan to a customer, when the terms and conditions have been renegotiated to the extent that, substantially, it becomes a new loan, with the difference recognized as a derecognition gain or loss, to the extent that an impairment loss has not already been recorded.

##### **De-recognition of financial assets other than due to substantial modification**

Financial assets (or where applicable, a part of financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) are derecognized (i.e. removed from the Group's balance sheet) when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset have expired, or when the financial asset and



substantially all the risks and rewards are transferred. The Group also derecognizes the financial asset if it has both transferred the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition.

#### *Classification and subsequent measurement of financial liabilities*

Financial liabilities are measured subsequently at amortized cost using the effective interest method, except for financial liabilities held for trading or designated at FVTPL, that are carried subsequently at fair value with gains or losses recognized in profit or loss.

#### *Derecognition of financial liabilities*

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

#### *Hedge accounting*

To qualify for hedge accounting, the hedging relationship must meet all of the following requirements:

- there is an economic relationship between the hedged item and the hedging instrument
- the effect of credit risk does not dominate the value changes that result from that economic relationship
- the hedge ratio of the hedging relationship is the same as that resulting from the quantity of the hedged item that the entity actually hedges and the quantity of the hedging instrument that the entity actually uses to hedge that quantity of hedged item.

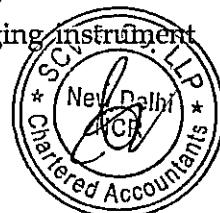
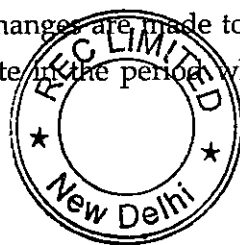
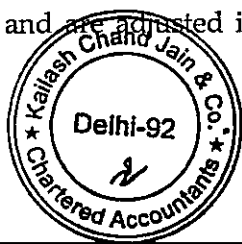
All derivative financial instruments designated under hedge accounting are recognised initially at fair value and reported subsequently at fair value at each reporting date. To the extent that the hedge is effective, changes in the fair value of derivatives designated as hedging instruments in cash flow hedges are recognised in other comprehensive income and included within the cash flow hedge reserve in equity. Any ineffectiveness in the hedge relationship is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

At the time the hedged item affects profit or loss, any gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and presented as a reclassification adjustment within other comprehensive income.

At the inception of each hedging relationship, the Group formally designates and documents the hedge relationship, in accordance with the Group's risk management objective and strategies. The documentation includes identification of the hedged item, hedging instrument, the nature of risk(s) being hedged, the hedge ratio and how the hedging relationship meets the hedging effectiveness requirements.

#### *Fair Value Hedges*

In line with the recognition of change in the fair value of the hedging instruments in the Statement of Profit & Loss, the change in the fair value of the hedged item attributable to the risk hedged is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Such changes are made to the carrying amount of the hedged item and are adjusted in Effective Interest Rate in the period when the hedging instrument



ceases to exist. If the hedged item is derecognised, the unamortised fair value is recognised immediately in Statement of Profit and Loss.

### 3.14 Impairment of financial assets

#### *Loan assets*

The Group follows a 'three-stage' model for impairment in the form of Expected Credit Loss (ECL) based on changes in credit quality since initial recognition as summarised below:

- Stage 1 includes loan assets that have not had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or that have low credit risk at the reporting date.
- Stage 2 includes loan assets that have had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition but that do not have objective evidence of impairment.
- Stage 3 includes loan assets that have objective evidence of impairment at the reporting date.

The Expected Credit Loss (ECL) is measured at 12-month ECL for Stage 1 loan assets and lifetime ECL for Stage 2 and Stage 3 loan assets. ECL is the product of the Probability of Default, Exposure at Default and Loss Given Default, defined as follows:

**Probability of Default (PD)** - The PD represents the likelihood of the borrower defaulting on its obligation either over next 12 months or over the remaining lifetime of the instrument.

**Loss Given Default (LGD)** - LGD represents the Company's expectation of loss given that a default occurs. LGD is expressed in percentage and it shows the proportion of the amount that will actually be lost post recoveries in case of a default.

**Exposure at Default (EAD)** - EAD represents the amounts, including the principal outstanding, interest accrued and outstanding Letters of Comfort that the Company expects to be owed at the time of default.

Forward-looking economic information is included in determining the 12-month and lifetime PD, EAD and LGD. The assumptions underlying the expected credit loss are monitored and reviewed on an ongoing basis.

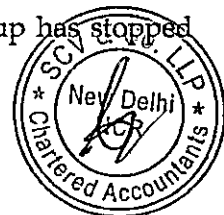
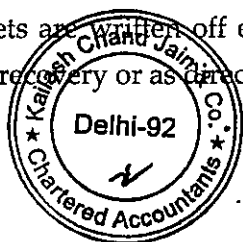
#### *Financial assets other than Loans*

In respect of its other financial assets, the Group assesses if the credit risk on those financial assets has increased significantly since initial recognition. If the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses, else at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses.

To make that assessment, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the balance sheet date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the date of initial recognition. The Group also considers reasonable and supportable information, that is available without undue cost or effort, that is indicative of significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition. The Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the financial asset is determined to have low credit risk at the balance sheet date.

#### *Write-offs*

Financial assets are written off either partially or in their entirety only when the Group has stopped pursuing the recovery or as directed by the order of the Judicial Authority.



A write-off constitutes a derecognition event. The Company may apply enforcement activities to financial assets written off/ may assign / sell loan exposure to ARC / Bank / a financial institution for a negotiated consideration.

Recoveries resulting from the Company's enforcement activities are recorded in statement of profit and loss.

### 3.15 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, together with other short-term, highly liquid investments (original maturity less than three months) that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

### 3.16 Dividend and Other Payments to holders of Instruments classified as Equity

Proposed dividends and interim dividends payable to the shareholders are recognized as changes in equity in the period in which they are approved by the shareholders' meeting and the Board of Directors respectively. Liability for the payments to the holders of instruments classified as equity are recognized in the period when such payments are authorized for payment by the Group.

### 3.17 Material prior period errors

Material prior period errors are corrected retrospectively by restating the comparative amounts for the prior periods presented in which the error occurred. If the error occurred before the earliest period presented, the opening balances of assets, liabilities and equity for the earliest period presented, are restated.

### 3.18 Prepaid Expenses

A prepaid expense up to Rs. 1,00,000/- is recognized as expense upon initial recognition.

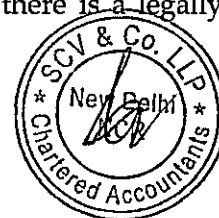
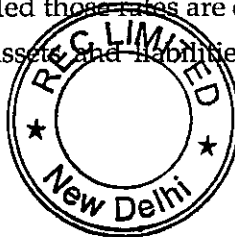
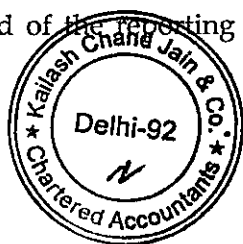
### 3.19 Taxation

Tax expense recognized in profit or loss comprises the sum of deferred tax and current tax. It is recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss, except when it relates to an item that is recognised in OCI or directly in equity, in which case, the tax is also recognised in OCI or directly in equity.

Current tax is determined as the tax payable in respect of taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted and as applicable at the reporting date, and any adjustments to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable income.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated, without discounting, at tax rates that are expected to apply to their respective period of realization, provided those rates are enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally



enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.

Deferred tax liability is recognized for all taxable temporary differences. A deferred tax asset is recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

Changes in deferred tax assets or liabilities are recognized as a component of tax income or expense in profit or loss, except where they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the related deferred tax is also recognized in other comprehensive income or equity, respectively.

### 3.20 Employee benefits

#### Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits including salaries, short term compensated absences (such as a paid annual leave) where the absences are expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service, profit sharing and bonuses payable within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related services and non-monetary benefits for current employees are estimated and measured on an undiscounted basis.

**Post-employment benefit plans are classified into defined benefits plans and defined contribution plans as under:**

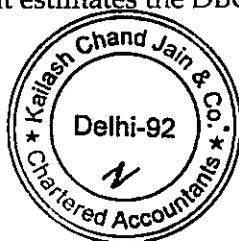
#### *Defined contribution plan*

A defined contribution plan is a plan under which the Group pays fixed contributions in respect of the employees into a separate fund. The Group has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions after its payment of the fixed contribution. The contributions made by the Group towards defined contribution plans are charged to the profit or loss in the period to which the contributions relate.

#### *Defined benefit plan*

The Group has an obligation towards Gratuity, Post-Retirement Medical Facility (PRMF), Provident Fund (PF) and Other Defined Retirement Benefit (ODRB) which are being considered as defined benefit plans covering eligible employees. Under the defined benefit plans, the amount that an employee will receive on retirement is defined by reference to the employee's length of service, final salary, and other defined parameters. The legal obligation for any benefits remains with the Group, even if plan assets for funding the defined benefit plan have been set aside.

The Group's obligation towards defined benefit plans is determined using the projected unit credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at the end of each annual reporting period. The liability recognized in the statement of financial position for defined benefit plans is the present value of the Defined Benefit Obligation (DBO) at the reporting date less the fair value of plan assets. Management estimates the DBO annually with the assistance of independent actuaries.



Actuarial gains/losses resulting from re-measurements of the liability/asset are included in Other Comprehensive Income.

**Other long-term employee benefits:**

Liability in respect of compensated absences becoming due or expected to be availed more than one-year after the balance sheet date is estimated on the basis of actuarial valuation performed by an independent actuary using the projected unit credit method.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from past experience and changes in actuarial assumptions are charged to statement of profit and loss in the period in which such gains or losses are determined.

**Loan to employees at concessional rate**

Loans given to employees at concessional rate are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost. The difference between the initial fair value of such loans and transaction value is recognised as deferred employee benefits, which is amortised on a straight-line basis over the expected remaining period of the Loan. In case of change in expected remaining period of the Loan, the unamortised deferred employee benefits on the date of change is amortised over the updated expected remaining period of the loan on a prospective basis.

**3.21 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities, and Contingent Assets**

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event; it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required from the Group and amounts can be estimated reliably. Timing or amount of the outflow may still be uncertain. Provisions are measured at the estimated expenditure required to settle the present obligation, based on the most reliable evidence available at the reporting date, including the risks and uncertainties associated with the present obligation. Provisions are discounted to their present values, where the time value of money is material.

A contingent liability is disclosed for:

- Possible obligations which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Group or
- Present obligations arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made.

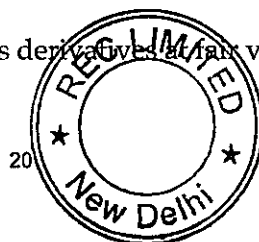
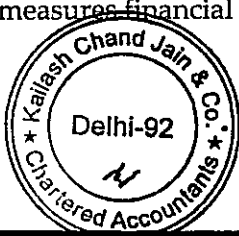
In those cases, where the outflow of economic resources as a result of present obligations is considered improbable or remote, no liability is recognized or disclosure is made.

Any reimbursement that the Group can be virtually certain to collect from a third party concerning the obligation (such as from insurance) is recognized as a separate asset. However, this asset may not exceed the amount of the related provision.

Contingent assets are not recognized. However, when the inflow of economic benefits is probable, the related asset is disclosed.

**3.22 Fair value measurement**

The Group measures financial instruments, such as derivatives, at fair value at each reporting date.



Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risk, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the consolidated financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is material to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is material to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is material to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the consolidated financial statements regularly, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is material to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

### 3.23 Offsetting of financial instruments

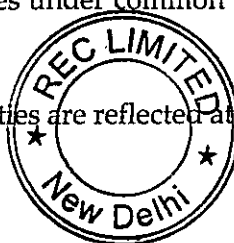
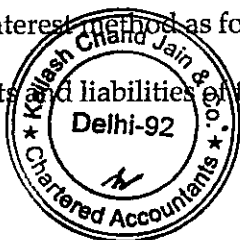
Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

### 3.24 Business Combination under Common Control

A business combination, if any, involving entities or businesses under common control is a business combination in which all of the combining entities or businesses are ultimately controlled by the same party or parties both before and after the business combination and that control is not transitory.

Business combinations involving entities or businesses under common control are accounted for using the pooling of interest method as follows:

- The assets and liabilities of the combining entities are reflected at their carrying amounts.



- No adjustments are made to reflect fair values, or recognize new assets or liabilities. Adjustments are made only to harmonise material accounting policies.
- The financial information in the financial statements in respect of prior periods is restated as if the business combination has occurred from the beginning of the preceding period in the financial statements, irrespective of the actual date of the combination

The balance of the retained earnings appearing in the financial statements of the transferor is aggregated with the corresponding balance appearing in the financial statements of the transferee. The identity of the reserves is preserved and the reserves of the transferor become the reserves of the transferee

The difference, if any, between the amounts recorded as share capital issued plus any additional consideration in the form of cash or other assets and the amount of share capital of the transferor is transferred to capital reserve and is presented separately from other capital reserves.

### 3.25 Expenditure on issue of shares

Expenditure on issue of shares, if any, is charged to the securities premium account.

## 4. Implementation of New/ Modified Standards

During the year, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has made amendments to the existing standards. The Company has analysed the impact of these amendments which is not material to the Company. Further, MCA has not issued any new Ind-AS applicable to the company.

## 5. Material management judgment in applying accounting policies and estimation of uncertainty

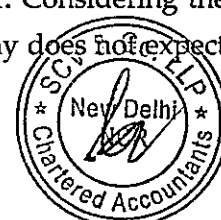
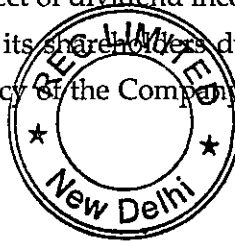
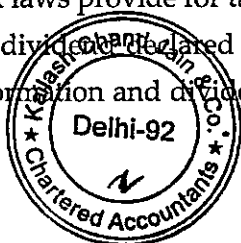
The preparation of the Group's consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates, and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the related disclosures. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historical experience & other relevant factors and are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

**Changes in accounting estimates-** Such changes, if any, are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision & future periods if it affects both current & future periods.

### *Material management judgments*

**Recognition of deferred tax assets/ liability** – The extent to which deferred tax assets can be recognized is based on an assessment of the probability of the future taxable income against which the deferred tax assets can be utilized. Further, the Management has no intention to make withdrawal from the Special Reserve created and maintained under section 36(1)(viii) of the Income tax Act, 1961 and thus, the special reserve created and maintained is not capable of being reversed. Hence, the Group does not create any deferred tax liability on the said reserve.

**Recognition of Deferred Tax Liability on Undistributed Reserves of Group Companies** – The applicable tax laws provide for tax deduction in respect of dividend income from equity investments, to the extent of dividend declared by the Company to its shareholders during the year. Considering the historical information and dividend distribution policy of the Company, the Company does not expect





any tax liability on the undistributed reserves of the Group Companies, as and when such reserves are distributed. Hence, the Company does not create any deferred tax liability on undistributed reserves of Group Companies.

**Evaluation of indicators for impairment of assets** – The evaluation of the applicability of indicators of impairment of assets requires assessment of several external and internal factors which could result in deterioration of recoverable amount of the assets.

**Investment in SPVs** – Transmission projects are managed as per the mandate from Government of India and the Group does not have the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of these projects unilaterally. The Group therefore considers its investment in respective SPVs as associates having significant influence despite the Company holding 100% of their paid-up equity share capital.

**Non recognition of Interest Income on Credit Impaired Loans** - As a matter of prudence, income on credit impaired loan assets is recognised as and when received or on accrual basis when expected realisation is higher than the loan amount outstanding.

#### *Material estimates*

**Useful lives of depreciable/amortizable assets** – Management reviews its estimate of the useful lives of depreciable/amortizable assets at each reporting date, based on the expected utility of the assets. Uncertainties in these estimates relate to technical and economic obsolescence that may change the utility of assets.

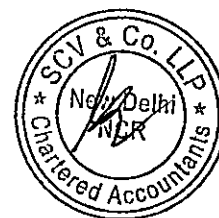
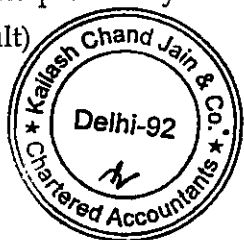
**Defined benefit obligation (DBO)** – Management's estimate of the DBO is based on a number of underlying assumptions such as standard rates of inflation, mortality, discount rate and anticipation of future salary increases. Variation in these assumptions may materially impact the DBO amount and the annual defined benefit expenses.

**Fair value measurements** – Management applies valuation techniques to determine the fair value of financial instruments (where active market quotes are not available). This involves developing estimates and assumptions consistent with how market participants would price the instrument. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group uses market-observable data to the extent it is available. In case of non-availability of market-observable data, Level 2 & Level 3 hierarchy is used for fair valuation.

**Income Taxes** – Material estimates are involved in determining the provision for income taxes, including amount expected to be paid/recovered for uncertain tax positions and also in respect of expected future profitability to assess deferred tax asset.

**Expected Credit Loss ('ECL')** – The measurement of an expected credit loss allowance for financial assets measured at amortized cost requires the use of complex models and significant assumptions about future economic conditions and credit behaviour (e.g., likelihood of customers defaulting and resulting losses). The Group makes significant judgments about the following while assessing expected credit loss to estimate ECL:

- Determining criteria for a significant increase in credit risk;
- Establishing the number and relative weightings of forward-looking scenarios for each type of product/ market and the associated ECL; and
- Establishing groups of similar financial assets to measure ECL.
- Estimating the probability of default and loss given default (estimates of recoverable amounts in case of default)



6 Cash and cash equivalents

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars	As at 31-12-2024	As at 31-03-2024
Cash on hand (including imprest)	0.02	0.02
Balances with banks in current accounts	51.47	67.65
Bank deposits with original maturity of 3 months or less	182.08	195.08
<b>Total</b>	<b>233.57</b>	<b>262.75</b>

7 Bank Balances (other than Cash and Cash Equivalents)

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars	As at 31-12-2024	As at 31-03-2024
<b>Earmarked Balances with Banks</b>		
- For unpaid dividends	1,079.07	1,192.72
- For Government funds for onward disbursement as grant	60.13	69.55
<b>Earmarked Term Deposits</b>		
- Deposits in Compliance of Court Order	0.72	0.67
- Term Deposit- Debenture Redemption Reserves	-	-
<b>Balances with banks not available for use pending allotment of 54EC Capital Gain Tax Exemption Bonds</b>	<b>595.88</b>	<b>1,245.41</b>
Bank deposits with original maturity greater than 3 months	374.00	191.40
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,109.80</b>	<b>2,699.75</b>



## 8 Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company enters into derivatives for hedging foreign exchange risks and interest rate risks. Derivatives held for risk management purposes include hedges that are either designated as effective hedges under the hedge accounting requirements or hedges that are economic hedges. The table below shows the fair values of derivative financial instruments recorded as assets or liabilities together with their notional amounts.

### Part I

Particulars	As at 31-03-2025			As at 31-03-2024		
	Notional Amounts	Fair Value - Assets	Fair Value - Liabilities	Notional Amounts	Fair Value - Assets	Fair Value - Liabilities
(i) <b>Currency Derivatives</b>						
- Spot and forwards	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Currency swaps	3,209.30	87.12	-	3,126.52	43.34	38.13
- Others						
- Seagull Options	1,62,207.47	16,288.81	1,386.11	1,21,107.24	11,070.97	411.82
Sub-total (i)	1,65,416.77	16,375.93	1,386.11	1,24,233.76	11,114.31	449.95
(ii) <b>Interest Rate Derivatives</b>						
- Forward Rate Agreements and Interest Rate Swaps	1,07,505.58	1,056.25	283.95	72,128.13	1,367.71	309.75
Sub-total (ii)	1,07,505.58	1,056.25	283.95	72,128.13	1,367.71	309.75
(iii) <b>Other derivatives</b>						
- Reverse cross currency swaps	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total - Derivative Financial Instruments (i + ii+iii)</b>	<b>2,72,922.35</b>	<b>17,432.18</b>	<b>1,670.06</b>	<b>1,96,361.89</b>	<b>12,482.02</b>	<b>759.70</b>

### Part II

Included in Part I are derivatives held for hedging and risk management purposes as below:

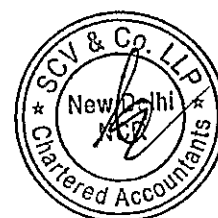
Particulars	As at 31-03-2025			As at 31-03-2024		
	Notional Amounts	Fair Value - Assets	Fair Value - Liabilities	Notional Amounts	Fair Value - Assets	Fair Value - Liabilities
(i) <b>Fair Value Hedging</b>						
- Interest Rate Derivatives						
- Forward Rate Agreements and Interest Rate Swaps	13,995.70	22.92	76.48	15,950.70	-	297.73
Sub-total (i)	13,995.70	22.92	76.48	15,950.70	-	297.73
(ii) <b>Cash Flow Hedging</b>						
- Currency Derivatives						
- Currency Swaps	3,209.30	87.12	-	3,126.52	43.34	38.13
- Others						
- Call Spread	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Seagull Options	1,62,207.47	16,288.80	1,386.11	1,21,107.24	11,070.96	411.82
- Interest Rate Derivatives						
- Forward Rate Agreements and Interest Rate Swaps	86,809.88	645.85	207.47	49,477.43	905.30	12.02
Sub-total (ii)	2,52,226.65	17,021.77	1,593.58	1,73,711.19	12,019.60	461.97
(iii) <b>Undesignated Derivatives</b>	6,700.00	387.49	-	6,700.00	462.42	-
<b>Total - Derivative Financial Instruments (i+ii+iii)</b>	<b>2,72,922.35</b>	<b>17,432.18</b>	<b>1,670.06</b>	<b>1,96,361.89</b>	<b>12,482.02</b>	<b>759.70</b>

Derivative financial instruments are measured at fair value at each reporting date. The changes in the fair value of derivatives designated as hedging instruments in effective cash flow hedges are recognised in Other Comprehensive Income. In case of fair value hedges, the changes in fair value of the derivatives designated as hedging instruments along with the fair value changes in the carrying amount of the hedged items are recognised in the Statement of Profit & Loss. For undesignated derivatives, the changes in the fair value are recognised in the Statement of Profit & Loss.



9 Receivables

		₹ in Crores	
Particulars	As at 31-12-2024	As at 31-03-2024	
<b>I Trade Receivables</b>			
(i) Unsecured, Considered good	179.93	115.13	
Less: Allowance for Expected Credit Loss	(1.89)	(8.83)	
	178.04	106.30	
(ii) Trade receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	70.07	58.90	
Less: Allowance for Expected Credit Loss	(20.65)	(16.58)	
	49.42	42.32	
(iii) Credit impaired receivables	73.48	66.40	
Less: Allowance for Expected Credit Loss	(65.81)	(61.20)	
	7.67	5.20	
<b>Sub-Total-I (i+ii+iii)</b>	<b>235.13</b>	<b>153.82</b>	
<b>II Other Receivables</b>			
(i) Unsecured, Considered good	2.26	3.70	
Less: Allowance for Expected Credit Loss	(0.27)	(0.92)	
	1.99	2.78	
<b>Sub-Total-II (i)</b>	<b>1.99</b>	<b>2.78</b>	
<b>Total Receivables (I+II)</b>	<b>237.12</b>	<b>156.60</b>	



10 Loans

The Company has categorised all loans at Amortised Cost in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 109.

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars	As at 31-03-2025		As at 31-03-2024	
	Principal O/s	Amortised Cost	Principal O/s	Amortised Cost
(A) Loans				
(i) Term Loans	5,03,711.30	5,06,320.65	4,62,090.27	4,63,975.61
(ii) Working Capital Term Loans	63,171.99	63,563.19	47,280.68	47,596.96
<b>Total (A) - Gross Loans</b>	<b>5,66,883.29</b>	<b>5,69,883.84</b>	<b>5,09,370.95</b>	<b>5,11,572.57</b>
Less: Impairment loss allowance	(10,795.76)	(10,795.76)	(12,380.52)	(12,380.52)
<b>Total (A) - Net Loans</b>	<b>5,56,087.53</b>	<b>5,59,088.08</b>	<b>4,96,990.43</b>	<b>4,99,192.05</b>
(B) Security Details				
(i) Secured by tangible assets	2,71,337.02	2,72,035.63	2,47,650.53	2,48,205.98
(ii) Covered by Government Guarantees	2,54,317.95	2,56,407.38	2,24,500.49	2,25,967.86
(iii) Unsecured	41,228.32	41,440.83	37,219.92	37,398.72
<b>Total (B) - Gross Loans</b>	<b>5,66,883.29</b>	<b>5,69,883.84</b>	<b>5,09,370.95</b>	<b>5,11,572.57</b>
Less: Impairment loss allowance	(10,795.76)	(10,795.76)	(12,380.52)	(12,380.52)
<b>Total (B) - Net Loans</b>	<b>5,56,087.53</b>	<b>5,59,088.08</b>	<b>4,96,990.43</b>	<b>4,99,192.05</b>
(C)(I) Loans in India				
(i) Public Sector	4,94,578.16	4,97,757.68	4,54,647.08	4,56,894.28
(ii) Private Sector	72,305.13	72,126.16	54,723.87	54,678.29
<b>Total (C)(I) - Gross Loans</b>	<b>5,66,883.29</b>	<b>5,69,883.84</b>	<b>5,09,370.95</b>	<b>5,11,572.57</b>
Less: Impairment loss allowance	(10,795.76)	(10,795.76)	(12,380.52)	(12,380.52)
<b>Total (C)(I) - Net Loans</b>	<b>5,56,087.53</b>	<b>5,59,088.08</b>	<b>4,96,990.43</b>	<b>4,99,192.05</b>
(C)(II) Loans outside India	-	-	-	-
Less: Impairment loss allowance	-	-	-	-
<b>Total (C)(II) - Net Loans</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total (C)(I) and (C)(II)</b>	<b>5,56,087.53</b>	<b>5,59,088.08</b>	<b>4,96,990.43</b>	<b>4,99,192.05</b>



12 Other financial assets

The Company has categorised all the components under 'Other Financial Assets' at Amortised Cost in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 109.

		(₹ in Crores)	
Particulars	As at 31-03-2025	As at 31-03-2024	
(A) Loans to Employees	78.07	57.99	
(B) Advances to Employees	0.43	0.90	
(C) Recoverable from Holding Company	2.82	0.51	
(D) Security Deposits	2.46	1.55	
(E) Advance paid towards variation margin	0.63	-	
(F) Recoverable from Government of India			
Towards GoI Fully Serviced Bonds	24,318.29	24,319.40	
(G) Other amounts recoverable	351.20	102.22	
Less: Impairment Loss allowance	(149.71)	(39.93)	
Other Amounts Recoverable (Net)	201.49	62.29	
<b>Total (A to F)</b>	<b>24,604.19</b>	<b>24,442.64</b>	

13 Current tax assets (net)

		(₹ in Crores)	
Particulars	As at 31-03-2025	As at 31-03-2024	
Advance Income-tax & TDS	4,403.41	305.47	
Less: Provision for Income Tax	(4,001.29)	(0.80)	
<b>Sub-Total (1)</b>	<b>402.12</b>	<b>304.67</b>	
Tax Deposited on income tax demands under contest	5.20	5.26	
Provision for income tax for demand under contest	(0.25)	(0.25)	
<b>Sub-Total (2)</b>	<b>4.95</b>	<b>5.01</b>	
<b>Current tax assets (Net)</b>	<b>407.07</b>	<b>309.68</b>	

14 Deferred tax assets (net)

		(₹ in Crores)	
Particulars	As at 31-03-2025	As at 31-03-2024	
Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	2,868.70	2,500.96	

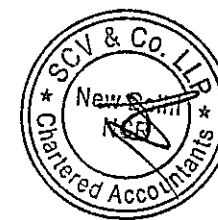


## 15 Investment Property

Particulars	Opening Balance	Additions / transfer during the year	Sales/ adjustment during the year	Closing Balance
As at 31-03-2023				
Gross Carrying Value	-	2.46	-	2.46
Accumulated depreciation/ amortisation	-	1.45	-	1.45
Net Carrying Value	-	1.01	-	1.01
As at 31-03-2024				
Gross Carrying Value	-	-	-	-
Accumulated depreciation/ amortisation	-	-	-	-
Net Carrying Value	-	-	-	-

## 16 Property, Plant &amp; Equipment, Capital Work-in-Progress and Other Intangible Assets

Particulars	Property, Plant & Equipment									Capital Work-in-Progress	Intangible Assets under Development	Other Intangible Assets
	Freehold Land	Right-of-Use Land	Buildings	Plant & equipment	Furniture & Fixtures	EDP Equipments	Office Equipments	Vehicles	Total	Immovable Property	Computer Software	Computer Software
Gross carrying value												
As at 31-03-2023	110.39	1.59	456.90	20.06	67.69	26.58	25.52	0.54	709.27	2.72	-	14.72
Additions	-	-	-	0.79	2.68	9.19	7.95	0.18	20.39	20.31	-	-
Borrowings Cost Capitalised	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.53	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-	3.10	3.60	6.73	0.01	13.44	-	-	0.01
As at 31-03-2024	110.39	1.59	456.90	20.45	67.27	32.17	26.74	0.71	716.22	23.59	-	14.71
As at 31-03-2024	110.39	1.59	456.90	20.45	67.27	32.16	26.74	0.71	716.21	23.59	-	14.71
Additions	-	-	-	-	4.59	12.03	11.21	0.25	28.08	49.40	-	1.61
Borrowings Cost Capitalised	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.02	-	-
Disposals/ Transfers	-	-	2.46	-	4.82	5.76	10.22	0.46	23.71	-	-	-
As at 31-03-2025	110.39	1.59	454.44	20.45	67.04	38.43	27.74	0.50	720.58	76.01	-	16.32
Accumulated depreciation/ amortisation												
As at 31-03-2023	-	0.39	20.61	2.23	15.71	18.70	12.08	0.38	70.10	-	-	13.09
Charge for the year	-	0.02	7.21	1.29	6.13	4.49	3.70	0.04	22.88	-	-	1.11
Adjustment for disposals	-	-	-	-	1.59	2.55	3.60	-	7.74	-	-	0.01
As at 31-03-2024	-	0.41	27.82	3.52	20.25	20.64	12.18	0.42	85.24	-	-	14.19
As at 31-03-2024	-	0.41	27.82	3.52	20.25	20.63	12.19	0.42	85.23	-	-	14.19
Charge for the year	-	0.09	6.42	1.30	6.10	5.47	4.18	0.04	23.61	-	-	0.29
Adjustment for disposals/transfers	-	-	0.65	-	3.07	3.79	6.36	0.39	14.26	-	-	-
As at 31-03-2025	-	0.50	33.59	4.82	23.27	22.31	10.00	0.07	94.58	-	-	14.48
Net block as at 31-03-2024	110.39	1.18	429.08	16.93	47.02	11.53	14.56	0.29	630.98	23.59	-	0.52
Net block as at 31-03-2025	110.39	1.09	420.85	15.63	43.76	16.12	17.73	0.43	625.99	76.01	-	1.84



17 Other non-financial assets

(₹ in Crores)		
Particulars	As at 31-03-2025	As at 31-03-2024
Unsecured, considered good		
(A) Capital Advances	-	0.17
(B) Other Advances	71.20	31.33
(C) Balances with Government Authorities	21.70	42.36
(D) Pre-Spent Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Expenses	5.53	5.34
(E) Prepaid Expenses	15.74	22.01
(F) Deferred Employee Cost	24.58	15.81
(G) Other Assets	-	0.01
<b>Total (A to G)</b>	<b>138.75</b>	<b>117.03</b>

18 Assets classified as held for sale

(₹ in Crores)		
Particulars	As at 31-03-2025	As at 31-03-2024
(A) Disposal Group		
(i) Investment in associates	0.30	0.90
(ii) Loans to associates	3.57	19.25
(iii) Provision for impairment on assets classified as held for sale	-	-
<b>Sub-Total (i+ii+iii)</b>	<b>3.87</b>	<b>20.15</b>
(B) Assets Classified as Held for Sale-Building	0.01	0.05
<b>Total (B)</b>	<b>0.01</b>	<b>0.05</b>
<b>Grand Total (A+B)</b>	<b>3.88</b>	<b>20.20</b>

The assets held for sale as on 31.03.2025 for ₹ 0.01 crore is under litigation pending the outcome, the asset cannot be re-auctioned (previous year ₹ 0.01 crore).





19 Payables

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars		As at 31-03-2025	As at 31-03-2024
(A)	<b>Trade Payables</b>		
	Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	0.12	0.16
	Total outstanding dues other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	133.75	97.74
	<i>Sub-total</i>	133.87	97.90
(B)	<b>Other payables</b>		
	Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	6.52	2.83
	Total outstanding dues other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	17.28	8.69
	<i>Sub-total</i>	23.80	11.52
	<b>Total (A+B)</b>	157.67	109.42



## 20 Debt Securities

The Company has categorised all debt securities at amortised cost in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 109.

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars	As at 31-03-2025		As at 31-03-2024	
	Face Value	Amortised Cost	Face Value	Amortised Cost
<b>(A) Secured Long-Term Debt Securities</b>				
(i) Institutional Bonds	-	-	1,955.00	2,052.46
(ii) 54EC Capital Gain Tax Exemption Bonds	43,235.69	44,768.80	41,110.80	42,535.71
(iii) Tax Free Bonds	8,953.27	9,281.67	8,953.27	9,279.82
(iv) 54EC Bond Application Money pending allotment	595.88	594.63	1,245.41	1,244.57
<b>Sub-total (A)</b>	<b>52,784.84</b>	<b>54,645.10</b>	<b>53,264.48</b>	<b>55,112.56</b>
<b>(B) Unsecured Long-Term Debt Securities</b>				
(i) Institutional Bonds	2,00,803.29	2,06,783.97	1,72,275.29	1,78,093.90
(ii) Infrastructure Bonds	3.96	10.06	3.96	9.32
(iii) Zero Coupon Bonds	2,795.64	2,789.78	-	-
(iv) Foreign Currency Bonds	28,286.04	28,199.36	32,963.75	32,847.46
<b>Sub-total (B)</b>	<b>2,31,888.93</b>	<b>2,37,783.17</b>	<b>2,05,243.00</b>	<b>2,10,950.68</b>
<b>(C) Unsecured Short-Term Debt Securities</b>				
(i) Commercial Paper	-	-	-	-
<b>Sub-total (C)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total - Debt Securities (A+B+C)</b>	<b>2,84,673.77</b>	<b>2,92,428.27</b>	<b>2,58,507.48</b>	<b>2,66,063.24</b>
<b>Debt Securities issued in/ outside India</b>				
(i) Debt Securities in India	2,56,387.73	2,64,228.89	2,25,543.73	2,33,215.78
(ii) Debt Securities outside India	28,286.04	28,199.36	32,963.75	32,847.46
<b>Total - Debt Securities</b>	<b>2,84,673.77</b>	<b>2,92,428.27</b>	<b>2,58,507.48</b>	<b>2,66,063.24</b>



## 21 Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities)

The Company has categorised all borrowings (other than debt securities) at Amortised Cost in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 109.

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars	As at 31-03-2025		As at 31-03-2024	
	Principal O/s	Amortised Cost	Principal O/s	Amortised Cost
<b>(A) Unsecured Long-Term Borrowings</b>				
(i) Term Loans from Banks	41,879.47	41,886.99	50,612.28	50,620.49
(ii) Term Loans from Financial Institutions	2,500.00	2,500.00	8,050.00	8,072.29
(iii) Term Loan in Foreign Currency	94,571.40	94,216.65	67,205.64	66,772.38
(iv) FCNR (B) Loans	4,279.07	4,279.79	-	-
(iv) Term Loans from Government of India (NSSF)	10,000.00	10,325.12	10,000.00	10,325.12
<b>Sub-total (A)</b>	<b>1,53,229.94</b>	<b>1,53,208.55</b>	<b>1,35,867.92</b>	<b>1,35,790.28</b>
<b>(B) Unsecured Short-Term Borrowings</b>				
(i) FCNR (B) Loans	38,902.89	38,920.51	25,138.67	25,151.29
(ii) Short Term Loans/ Loans repayable on demand from Banks	1,600.00	1,600.32	10,875.94	10,883.04
(iii) Overdrafts/ Cash Credit repayable on demand from Banks	570.78	570.78	267.44	267.44
<b>Sub-total (B)</b>	<b>41,073.67</b>	<b>41,091.61</b>	<b>36,282.05</b>	<b>36,301.77</b>
<b>Total - Borrowings (other than Debt Securities) (A to B)</b>	<b>1,94,303.61</b>	<b>1,94,300.16</b>	<b>1,72,149.97</b>	<b>1,72,092.05</b>
<b>Borrowings (other than Debt Securities) in/ outside India</b>				
(i) Borrowings in India	99,732.21	1,00,083.51	1,04,944.33	1,05,319.67
(ii) Borrowings outside India	94,571.40	94,216.65	67,205.64	66,772.38
<b>Total - Borrowings (other than Debt Securities)</b>	<b>1,94,303.61</b>	<b>1,94,300.16</b>	<b>1,72,149.97</b>	<b>1,72,092.05</b>



## 22 Subordinated Liabilities

The Company has categorised all subordinated liabilities at amortised cost in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 109.

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars	As at 31-03-2025		As at 31-03-2024	
	Face Value	Amortised Cost	Face Value	Amortised Cost
(i) 115th Series - Subordinate Tier-II Bonds - 8.06% Redeemable at par on 31.05.2023	-	-	-	-
(i) 175th Series - Subordinate Tier-II Bonds - 8.97% Redeemable at par on 28.03.2029	2,151.20	2,136.98	2,151.20	2,091.95
(ii) 199th Series - Subordinate Tier-II Bonds - 7.96% Redeemable at par on 15.06.2030	1,999.50	2,093.18	1,999.50	2,041.60
(iii) 222nd Series - Perpetual Tier-I Bonds - 7.98% Perpetual with call option exercisable on 30.04.2033 or any annual anniversary date thereafter	2,000.00	2,144.57	2,000.00	2,145.28
(iii) 226th Series - Perpetual Tier-I Bonds - 8.03% Perpetual with call option exercisable on 30.09.2033 or any annual anniversary date thereafter	1,090.00	1,132.65	1,090.00	1,133.38
(iii) 244th Series - Perpetual Tier-I Bonds - 7.99% Perpetual with call option exercisable on 28.02.2035 or any on annual anniversary date thereafter	1,995.00	2,006.78	-	-
<b>Total - Subordinated Liabilities</b>	<b>9,235.70</b>	<b>9,514.16</b>	<b>7,240.70</b>	<b>7,412.21</b>
<b>Subordinated Liabilities in/ outside India</b>				
(i) Borrowings in India	9,235.70	9,514.16	7,240.70	7,412.21
(ii) Borrowings outside India	-	-	-	-
<b>Total - Subordinated Liabilities</b>	<b>9,235.70</b>	<b>9,514.16</b>	<b>7,240.70</b>	<b>7,412.21</b>



## 23 Other Financial Liabilities

(₹ in Crores)		
Particulars	As at 31-03-2025	As at 31-03-2024
(A) Unpaid Dividends	1,079.07	1,192.72
(B) Unpaid Principal & Interest on Bonds		
- Matured Bonds & Interest Accrued thereon	26.99	22.42
- Interest on Bonds	13.03	10.52
Sub-total (B)	40.02	32.94
(C) Advance received towards variation margin	10,579.60	4,638.80
(D) Funds Received from Government of India for Disbursement as Subsidy/ Grant (cumulative)	97,304.79	98,759.76
Add: Interest on such funds (net of refund)	8.29	31.68
Less: Disbursed to Beneficiaries (cumulative)	(97,246.84)	(98,717.49)
Undisbursed Funds to be disbursed as Subsidy/ Grant	66.24	73.95
(E) Payables towards Bonds Fully serviced by Government of India	24,318.29	24,382.40
(F) Other Liabilities	1,563.50	1,619.77
<b>Total (A to F)</b>	<b>37,646.72</b>	<b>31,940.58</b>

## 24 Current tax liabilities (net)

(₹ in Crores)		
Particulars	As at 31-03-2025	As at 31-03-2024
Provision for Income Tax	-	3,283.85
Less: Advance Income-tax & TDS	-	(3,217.34)
<b>Current tax liabilities (Net)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>66.51</b>

## 25 Provisions

(₹ in Crores)		
Particulars	As at 31-03-2025	As at 31-03-2024
<b>Provisions for</b>		
(A) <b>Employee Benefits</b>		
Gratuity	3.26	0.13
Earned Leave Liability	39.29	33.81
Medical Leave Liability	23.44	21.52
Settlement Allowance	2.56	2.40
Economic Rehabilitation Scheme	6.70	4.92
Long Service Award	5.17	4.51
Incentive	37.81	36.96
Others	0.80	1.07
Sub-total (A)	119.03	105.32
(B) <b>Others</b>		
Expected Credit Loss on Letters of Comfort	18.48	32.02
Sub-total (B)	18.48	32.02
<b>Total (A+B)</b>	<b>137.51</b>	<b>137.34</b>



## 26 Other Non-Financial Liabilities

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars	As at 31-03-2025	As at 31-03-2024
(A) Sundry Liabilities Account (Funded Interest Capitalisation)	46.67	47.80
(B) Unbilled Liability towards Capital Account	48.38	48.38
(C) Unamortised Fee on Undisbursed Loans	75.14	85.38
(D) Advance received from Government towards Government Schemes	0.08	-
(E) Statutory Dues	100.95	78.23
Total (A to E)	271.22	259.79



## 27 Equity Share Capital

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars	As at 31-12-2024		As at 31-03-2024	
	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount
Authorised : Equity shares of ₹ 10 each	5,00,00,00,000	5,000.00	5,00,00,00,000	5,000.00
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up : Fully paid up Equity shares of ₹ 10 each	2,63,32,24,000	2,633.22	2,63,32,24,000	2,633.22
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,63,32,24,000</b>	<b>2,633.22</b>	<b>2,63,32,24,000</b>	<b>2,633.22</b>

## 28 Instruments entirely equity in nature

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars	As at 31-12-2024		As at 31-03-2024	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Fully paid up Perpetual Debts Instrument entirely equity in nature of ₹ 10 lakhs each	5,584	558.40	5,584	558.40
<b>Total</b>	<b>5,584</b>	<b>558.40</b>	<b>5,584</b>	<b>558.40</b>

## 29 Other Equity

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars	As at 31-12-2024	As at 31-03-2024
(A) Other Reserves		
(i) Special Reserve created u/s 36(1) (viii) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	31,595.40	28,044.83
(ii) Reserve for Bad and doubtful debts u/s 36(1)(viii) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	841.80	687.76
(iii) Statutory Reserve u/s 45-IC of Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934	13,971.63	10,828.99
(iv) Securities Premium	1,577.53	1,577.53
(v) Foreign Currency Monetary Item Translation Difference Account	(611.65)	(675.14)
(vi) General Reserve	13,474.04	12,036.27
(B) Retained Earnings	16,067.34	13,872.66
(C) Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)		
- Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	(81.84)	(57.99)
- Effective Portion of Cash Flow Hedges	(931.35)	(1,846.93)
- Cost of Hedging reserve	(718.46)	1,690.64
<b>Total - Other Equity (A+B+C)</b>	<b>75,184.44</b>	<b>66,158.63</b>



## 30 Interest Income

		(₹ in Crores)					
Particulars		Year ended 31-03-2025			Year ended 31-03-2024		
		On Financial Assets measured at Fair Value through OCI	On Financial Assets measured at Amortised Cost	On Financial Assets measured at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	On Financial Assets measured at Fair Value through OCI	On Financial Assets measured at Amortised Cost	On Financial Assets measured at Fair Value through Profit or Loss
(A) Interest on Loan Assets							
(i) Long term financing		-	49,611.60	-	-	42,941.50	-
(ii) Short term financing		-	4,414.82	-	-	2,717.24	-
Sub-total (A)		-	54,026.42	-	-	45,658.74	-
(B) Interest Income from Investments							
(i) Interest from Long Term Investments		-	411.28	81.43	-	190.29	69.16
Sub-total (B)		-	411.28	81.43	-	190.29	69.16
(C) Interest on Deposits with Banks							
(i) Interest from Deposits		-	270.22	-	-	331.51	-
Sub-total (C)		-	270.22	-	-	331.51	-
(D) Other Interest Income							
(i) Interest on Delayed Payments by Borrowers		-	294.46	-	-	173.80	-
(ii) Interest from Staff Advances		-	6.11	-	-	5.06	-
(iii) Interest on Mobilisation Advance		-	0.14	-	-	0.24	-
(iv) Unwinding of Discount of Security Deposits		-	-	-	-	0.10	-
(v) Interest on unwinding of receivable on account of stressed loans assets		-	12.36	-	-	-	-
(vi) Interest from SPVs/Associates		-	0.70	-	-	0.71	-
(vii) Interest on Advance to parties		-	2.08	-	-	1.83	-
Sub-total (D)		-	315.85	-	-	181.74	-
Total - Interest Income (A to D)		-	55,023.77	81.43	-	46,362.28	69.16

## 31 Dividend Income

		(₹ in Crores)	
Particulars		Year ended 31-03-2025	Year ended 31-03-2024
- Dividend from Long-Term Investments		8.42	2.28
Total - Dividend Income		8.42	2.28

## 32 Fees and Commission Income

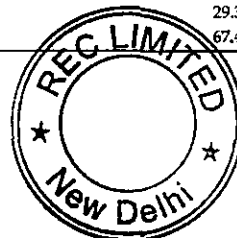
		(₹ in Crores)	
Particulars		Year ended 31-03-2025	Year ended 31-03-2024
Fees based Income		201.20	70.80
Prepayment Premium		138.75	50.74
Fee for Implementation of Govt. Schemes		53.79	114.49
Total - Fees and Commission Income		393.74	236.03

## 33 Sale of services

		(₹ in Crores)	
Particulars		Year ended 31-03-2025	Year ended 31-03-2024
Consultancy Engineering Services		510.97	360.52
Total		510.97	360.52

## 34 Other Income

		(₹ in Crores)	
Particulars		Year ended 31-03-2025	Year ended 31-03-2024
Net gain/ (loss) on de-recognition of Property, Plant and Equipment		0.01	-
Net gain/ (loss) on disposal of assets classified as held for sale		6.03	1.32
Recoveries against written off financial assets		12.15	-
Rental Income		15.12	13.96
Liabilities/Provision Written Back		2.89	23.90
Fees from Training Courses		1.34	12.33
Interest from Income Tax Refund		0.64	0.28
Miscellaneous Income		29.30	14.69
Total - Other Income		67.48	66.48





## 35 Finance Costs

Finance Costs have been incurred on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost.

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars	Year ended 31-03-2025	Year ended 31-03-2024
(i) Interest on Borrowings		
- Loans from Government of India (NSSF)	822.50	822.50
- Loans from Banks/ Financial Institutions	4,590.64	5,461.62
- External Commercial Borrowings	6,602.12	4,774.11
Sub-Total (i)	12,015.26	11,058.23
(ii) Interest on Debt Securities		
- Domestic Debt Securities	17,773.04	15,086.25
- Foreign Currency Debt Securities	1,334.12	1,553.60
- Commercial Paper	-	135.64
Sub-Total (ii)	19,107.16	16,775.53
(iii) Interest on Subordinated Liabilities		
- Subordinate Bonds	687.76	631.85
Sub-Total (iii)	687.76	631.89
(iv) Other Interest Expense		
- Swap Premium	1,796.86	1,368.64
- Interest on Variation Margin	524.81	114.70
- Interest on Advance Income Tax	-	4.01
- Interest on liability towards employee benefits	2.46	(4.84)
- Miscellaneous interest expense	-	0.11
Sub-Total (iv)	2,324.13	1,482.62
Total - Finance Costs	34,134.31	29,948.27
Less: Finance Costs Capitalised	(3.02)	(0.52)
Total - Finance Costs (Net)	34,131.29	29,947.74

## 36 Net translation/ transaction exchange loss/ (gain)

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars	Year ended 31-03-2025	Year ended 31-03-2024
Net translation/ transaction exchange loss/ (gain)	208.15	166.57
Total	208.15	166.57

## 37 Fees and commission expense

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars	Year ended 31-03-2025	Year ended 31-03-2024
(i) Guarantee Fee	0.14	1.71
(ii) Listing and Trusteeship Fee	0.03	0.06
(iii) Agency Fees	2.49	1.42
(iv) Credit Rating Expenses	4.26	4.08
(v) Other Finance Charges	6.74	16.95
Total (i to v)	13.66	24.26

## 38 Net Gain/ (loss) on Fair Value Changes

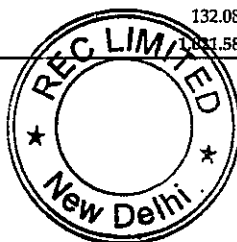
(₹ in Crores)

Particulars	Year ended 31-03-2025	Year ended 31-03-2024
(A) Net gain/ (loss) on financial instruments at Fair Value through profit or loss		
(i) On trading Portfolio	-	-
(ii) Others		
- Changes in fair value of Derivatives	80.95	425.55
- Changes in fair value of Long Term Investments	265.35	46.33
- Changes in fair value of Short-term MF investments	1.92	2.60
Sub-total (ii)	348.22	474.48
Total	348.22	474.48

## 39 Impairment on financial instruments

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars	Year ended 31-03-2025		Year ended 31-03-2024	
	On financial instruments measured at FVOCI	On financial instruments measured at Amortised Cost	On financial instruments measured at FVOCI	On financial instruments measured at Amortised Cost
(i) - Loans	-	886.24	-	1,367.07
(ii) - Investments	-	3.26	-	-
(iii) - Others	-	132.08	-	12.51
Total (i+ii+iii)	-	1,021.58	-	1,379.58



## 40 Cost of services rendered

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars	Year ended 31-03-2025	Year ended 31-03-2024
Project Expenses	162.62	168.06
<b>Total</b>	<b>162.62</b>	<b>168.06</b>

## 41 Employee Benefits Expense

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars	Year ended 31-03-2025	Year ended 31-03-2024
- Salaries and Allowances	174.54	157.41
- Contribution to Provident and Other Funds	33.43	32.87
- Rent towards Residential Accomodation for Employees	10.45	6.65
- Staff Welfare Expenses	49.71	41.27
<b>Total</b>	<b>268.13</b>	<b>238.20</b>

## 42 Depreciation and amortization

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars	Year ended 31-03-2025	Year ended 31-03-2024
- Depreciation on Property, Plant & Equipment	24.01	22.88
- Depreciation on Investment Property	0.40	-
- Amortization on Intangible Assets	0.29	1.11
<b>Total</b>	<b>24.70</b>	<b>23.99</b>

## 43 Corporate Social Responsibility Expenses

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars	Year ended 31-03-2025	Year ended 31-03-2024
- Direct Expenditure	282.05	243.65
- Overheads	9.48	8.05
<b>Total</b>	<b>291.53</b>	<b>251.70</b>

## 44 Other Expenses

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars	Year ended 31-03-2025	Year ended 31-03-2024
- Travelling and Conveyance	31.24	23.01
- Publicity & Promotion Expenses	30.84	32.28
- Repairs and Maintenance	36.36	26.55
- Rent, taxes and energy costs	8.63	7.74
- Insurance Charges	0.56	0.16
- Communication costs	7.23	2.38
- Printing & stationery	1.50	1.74
- Director's sitting fees	0.50	0.45
- Auditors' fees and expenses	1.84	1.84
- Legal & Professional Charges	21.30	13.76
- Donations & Charity	0.01	-
- Net Loss on Disposal of Property, Plant & Equipment	7.61	5.56
- Training And Conference Expense	5.98	13.76
- Government Scheme Monitoring Expenses	16.49	9.15
- Other Expenditure	24.82	31.85
<b>Total</b>	<b>194.90</b>	<b>170.27</b>

## 45 Tax Expense

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars	Year ended 31-03-2025	Year ended 31-03-2024
- Current tax expense	4,098.91	3,329.10
- Current tax expense/ (benefit) pertaining to earlier years	(0.25)	3.97
<b>Sub-total - Current Tax</b>	<b>4,098.66</b>	<b>3,333.07</b>
- Deferred tax expense/ (credit)	134.58	481.41
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,233.24</b>	<b>3,814.48</b>



Particulars	Year ended 31-03-2025	Year ended 31-03-2024
<b>Numerator</b>		
Profit for the year from continuing operations as per Statement of Profit and Loss (₹ in Crores)*	15,850.93	14,112.16
Profit for the year from discontinued operations as per Statement of Profit and Loss (₹ in crores)*	-	-
Profit for the year from continuing and discontinued operations as per Statement of Profit and Loss (₹ in Crores)*	15,850.93	14,112.16
<b>Denominator</b>		
Weighted average Number of equity shares	2,63,32,24,000	2,63,32,24,000
Basic & Diluted Earnings per Share (in ₹ for an equity share of ₹ 10 each) (for continuing operations)	60.20	53.55
Basic & Diluted Earnings per Share (in ₹ for an equity share of ₹ 10 each) (for discontinued operations)	-	-
Basic & Diluted Earnings per Share (in ₹ for an equity share of ₹ 10 each) (for continuing and discontinued operations)	60.20	53.55

\* The profit denotes Profit after Tax less coupon expenses (net of taxes) of ₹ 33.30 crores (Previous year ₹ 33.30 crores) on Perpetual Debt Instruments entirely equity in nature.

